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Retail: country-by-country summary of the impact of COVID-19

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Country Status – Has any special statu been introduced?	Which retail units are S Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
Argentina1The Argentine government took measures to minimize spread of COVID-19. The r important measure was the set-up of a mandatory lockdown since March 2020 until -at least- July 17th, 20Although the mandatory lockdown was set across the country by the federal government, the Provinces and Municipalities have the authority to regulate and determine its exceptions.The City of Buenos Aires ("CABA") and the Metropoli Area of the Province of Buenos Aires ("AMBA") continue with a strict mandatory lockdown while rest of the Country relaxed restrictions and allowed mo businesses and industries to return to normal activity.Services and activities considered essential were excepted from the lockdow since the very beginning.The exceptions to the lockdown include services a activities within several industries: 1) Healthcare; 2) Public Infrastructure; 3) Telecommunications; 4) Broadcasting; 5) Food and Health Supplies Production Utilities; 7) Transport & Logistics; 8) Oil & Gas; 9) Mining; 10) Agriculture, Fis and Forestry; 11) Banking; 	nostalmost all businesses and industries to operate normally, including retail stores. This is only allowed by adopting certain social distancing measures and cleaning and sanitizing procedures.eAs regards CABA and AMBA, where the lockdown is stricter, the most relevant retail stores exempted from the lockdown are:tan• Wholesale and retail supermarkets, local food retail stores. • Pharmacies. • Pharmacies. • Petrol stations. • Restaurants (only delivery take-out and take away). • Maintenance and repair workshops for vehicles. • Stores that sell spare parts, parts, and pieces for vehicles. • Store state sell spare parts, parts, and pieces for vehicles. • Store state sell tires for vehicles. • Store states of construction supplies and materials. • Banking activity with attention to the public, exclusively with a shift system.Notary offices (online work only).hing 12)aind		 The Argentine government issued an Emergency Decree, providing: The suspension of evictions due to non-payment of rent of leased properties until September 30th, 2020. The extension of lease agreements that ended on March 20th, 2020, or that will end before September 30th, 2020. Such agreements will be extended until September 30th, 2020. The lessee at its discretion can exercise the option of the extension of the lease agreement. The freeze of the lease price until September 30th, 2020. The lessee price corresponding to March 2020 will be maintained until such date and the increases of the price originally agreed by the parties will be paid in installments as of October 2020, without interests. The afore-mentioned provisions will apply to the following: Single urban or rural housing. Used for cultural or community activities. Leases by small family productions and small agricultural productions. Lessees are taxpayers under the simplified regime that provide services or sell goods in the leased property. Lessees considered Micro, Small, and Medium companies. 	 The Argentine government has extended for 60 more days the prohibition established by Emergency Decree 329/2020, providing that: Dismissals (i) without cause, (ii) due to lack or reduction of work or (iii) due to force majeure reasons are forbidden for sixty calendar days as of March 30th, 2020 (that is, until July 29, 2020). Suspensions (i) due to force majeure reasons or (ii) due to lack or reduction of work are forbidden for sixty calendar days as of March 31st, 2020 (that is, until July 29, 2020). Suspensions (i) due to force majeure reasons or (ii) due to lack or reduction of work are forbidden for sixty calendar days as of March 31st, 2020 (that is, until July 29, 2020). Dismissals or suspensions carried out during this period will have no effect. Collective or individual suspensions agreed between employer and employee on the payment of a non-remunerative allowance (section 223 bis of the Employment Contract Act) are excluded from this prohibition. These must be approved by the Ministry of Labor (participation of the representative unions is advisable). Entities representing employers and workers have agreed that: Such suspensions may be made only to workers who were not performing tasks, either in person or from their place of isolation (home office mode). Risk groups (over 60 years of age or with pre-existing pathologies) are excluded from 	Reduction of 95% of social security contributions on salaries paid by employers in the health and medical sectors and health institutions for 150 days, starting from 21 March 2020. Reduction of the tax applicable on each debit and credit bank transaction from 0.6% and 1.2% to 0.25% and 0.50%, respectively, to employers in the health and medical sectors and health institutions for 150 days, starting from 21 March 2020. Exemption of the import duties of such medical supplies starting from 3 April until the health emergency is concluded. Entities with a significant reduction in their revenue for the periods starting from 12 March 2020 to 12 April 2020 and starting from April 1, 2020, to April 30, 2020, and which activities are listed by the government as significantly affected by COVID-19 may get a benefit of: - Reduction payment up to 95% of social security contributions on salaries paid by employers for the fiscal period April and May 2020; or alternately, - Deferred payment of social security contributions for the fiscal period of April 2020 and May 2020 Additional benefits may be obtained by the entities mentioned in the previous paragraph. This benefit consists of the payment by the government of 50% of the net salary per each employee for periods April and May 2020, with a minimum value of one living wage and a maximum value of two living wages or the net employee salary, whichever is lower. The	N/A

¹ Dentons is proud to announce that the firm has launched its combination with Rattagan Macchiavello Arocena.. More information is available here.

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 the lockdown. If the type of work allows remote work the employee must work remotely. In other cases, the employee will still receive payment. Employers negatively affected by the lockdown may apply for different remedies (see "tax rebates" column). The reorganization of the working day for fulfilling the essential activities will be considered as a reasonable exercise of the employer's <i>"ius variandl"</i>. The need to hire personnel during the compulsory lockdown period will be considered as an extraordinary requirement that authorizes the temporary hiring of employees. 			Lessees considered Worker Cooperatives or Recovered Companies.	 the application of this suspension The amount to be paid by employers as a non-remunerative benefit may not be less than 75% of the net salary that the worker should have received under normal conditions. On the above amount, employers must pay all the contributions to social work, mandatory life insurance, and the payment of union dues. The time limits provided by the Employment Contract Act for suspending employees due to disciplinary, economic, and force majeure shall not apply to suspensions agreed between employers and employees under Section 223 BIS of that law. Such suspensions may be extended until the cessation of "preventive and compulsory social isolation". The Emergency Decree No. 528/20 issued on June 10th, 2020, extended for a 180-day term (this is, until 10 December 2020) the duplication of severance compensation in case of dismissals without cause, which had been previously established by emergency decree No. 34/2019. On December 13th, 2019, the Emergency Decree No. 34/2019 declared the public emergency in occupational matters, providing for the duplication of severance compensation in case of dismissals without cause for the term of 180 days. The decree applies to labor relationships commenced before December 13th, 2019, but not to labor relationships commenced 	current living wage is ARS 16,875. In all the cases, the payment of social security contributions for the fiscal period March 2020 and April 2020 has been postponed for all employers. Entities that get the benefit for deferred payment of social security contributions (excluding entities with the benefit of reduction payment of social security contributions) may access to a financing plan for postponed contributions to the pension system plan accrued in March, April, and May 2020. Individuals registered with the simplified regime for small taxpayers and self-employed workers dealing with the same problematic facts described above for entities may obtain the benefit of financing with no interests and expenses to be paid. The registration for the benefit expires 30 June 2020. This financing will be credited to the individual's credit card. The amount of the financing may not exceed a quarter of the upper limit of gross income established for each category of the simplified regime for small taxpayers, with a maximum limit of ARS 150,000. The financing will be disbursed in three equal and consecutive monthly installments. Tax and social contributions to be paid by the individual registered with the regime for small taxpayers and social contributions to be paid by the self-employed workers will be added in the financing and withheld by the tax authority. The government may extend the benefits for entities and individuals until 30 June 2020. This extension will depend on the impact of the COVID-19 in their activities.	

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
Australia	 Federal Government: Biosecurity Emergency since 18 March 2020 for 3 months The declaration gives the Minister for Health expansive powers to issue directions and set requirements in order to combat the outbreak. The Federal Government can also prohibit the export of goods from Australia. State and territory governments The states and territories have separate powers under state and territory based laws to enforce detention and quarantine and to order certain businesses to stay open or closed. All States have separately declared a state of emergency 	 Restaurants closed but permitted to provide takeaway meals or drinks. Bottleshops selling alcohol Hairdressing/barbering provided that a distance of at least 1.5 metres is kept between each hairdresser/barber and customer and every other hairdresser/barber and customer Personal training, where no more than 2 people at a time Airports Public transportation Medical or health service facility Food market, supermarket, grocery store, retail store or shopping centre Hotel, motel or other accommodation facility Roadhouse selling food or drink takeaway or to drivers of commercial vehicles or heavy vehicles 	Affected places means the following Restaurants or cafes or food courts except for take-away and roadhouses pub, bar or club that supplies alcohol under a licence hotel but not to the extent that it provides accommodation, takeaway meals or drinks or a meal delivery service gyms massage parlours gaming or gambling venue / adult entertainment premises amusement park or arcade / play centres clubs / health club or fitness centre, including yoga, barre or spin facilities sauna/bathhouses / wellness centres boot camp swimming pool gallery museum historic site library playground skate park outdoor gym indoor sporting centres casinos cinemas or nightclubs entertainment venues tanning, waxing, massages, nail services, tattooing and piercing Prohibited gathering means 2 or more people in: a single undivided outdoor space or a single undivided indoor space or a single undivided indoor space or a single undivided outdoor space at the same time or a single undivided indoor space or a single undivided outdoor space at the same time, where there is not at least 4 square metres of space 	 On 8 April 2020 the Federal Government has released a mandatory Code of Conduct for Commercial Leasing Arrangements effective after 3 April 2020 requiring rent and rate reductions and deferred payments for the duration of the state of emergency plus a reasonable recovery period. The Code sets out 14 good faith leasing principles for negotiations between landlords and commercial tenancies experiencing financial stress or hardship as a direct result of the COVID-19 pandemic where the tenant is a small- medium sized business (with an annual turnover of up to AUD\$50 million) and who is an eligible business for the purpose of the Commonwealth Government's JobKeeper program. Both parties must negotiate in good faith with the common goal of preserving and returning to the status quo which existed prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. Where landlords and tenants cannot reach agreement on the temporary arrangements as a direct result of the pandemic, either the landlord or the tenant may refer the matter to the relevant state or territory dispute resolution processes for binding mediation. The leasing principles include Landlords must not terminate leases for non payment of rent during the pandemic. Tenants must remain committed to the terms of their lease and material failure to abide by substantive terms forfeits protections provided under the Code. Rent waivers with a guidance at 50% (or more where failure to do so 	 The Federal Government has announced a JobKeeper payment. Eligible employers Employers with an aggregated turnover of: less than AUD\$1 billion and they estimate their GST turnover has fallen or will likely fall by 30% or more; or AUD\$1 billion or more and they estimate their GST turnover has fallen or will likely fall by 50% or more; and their business is not subject to the Major Bank Levy. Self-employed individuals (businesses without employees) will be eligible to receive the JobKeeper Payment where they meet the relevant turnover test outlined above. Businesses or not-for-profits impacted by the Coronavirus can access a subsidy from the Government to continue paying their employees. Affected employers will be able to claim a payment of AUD\$1,500 (before tax) per fortnight per eligible employee from 30 March 2020 until 27 September 2020. Employees who receive \$1,500 per fortnight or more from their employer will continue to receive their regular income according to their prevailing workplace arrangements. For employees that have been receiving less than this amount, the employer will now need to pay them, at a minimum, \$1,500 per fortnight per second part time employees who were	Instant The Fe increas write-of from A AUD\$1 access busines annual AUD\$5 June 2 flow be that wil deduct assets AUD\$1 applies Cash F The Fe providin suppor busines organis during associa This wi sets of deliver to supp employ The Go tax-free betwee AUD\$1 busines credits Eligible need to form. U accivity amoun credited account April 20

ant Asset Write Off

Federal Government is asing the instant asset -off (IAWO) threshold AUD\$30,000 to \$150,000 and expanding ss to include all nesses with aggregated al turnover of less than \$500 million until 30 **2020**. This provides cash benefits for businesses will be able to immediately ct purchases of eligible s each costing less than \$150,000. The threshold es on a per asset basis

Flow Relief

Federal Government is iding temporary cash flow port to small and medium nesses and not-for-profit nisations that employ staff ng the economic downturn piciated with COVID-19.

will be done through two of cash flow boosts rered from **28 April 2020** upport employers to retain loyees.

Government will provide ree cash flow boosts of reen AUD\$20,000 and D\$100,000 to eligible nesses, delivered through its

ble businesses do not d to apply with a separate . Upon lodgment of their rity statement, the first unt will automatically be ited to the business' punt, but no earlier than 28 2020.

siness that lodges early not receive the cash flow t before this date.

ble businesses, including or-profit organisations, have held an Australian ness Number on 12 March

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

Supporting apprentices and trainees

To support small businesses to retain their apprentices and trainees, eligible businesses can apply for a wage subsidy of **50%** of the apprentice's, or trainee's wage paid during the 9 months from 1 January 2020 to 30 September 2020. Employers will be reimbursed up to a maximum of **AUD\$21,000** per eligible apprentice or trainee.

Where a small business is not able to retain an apprentice, the subsidy will be available to a new employer.

Regional support

The Federal Government has set aside an initial **AUD\$1 billion** to support those regions, communities and industries that have been disproportionately affected by the economic impacts of the Coronavirus, including those heavily reliant on industries such as tourism, agriculture and education. The \$1 billion will be spent through existing or newly established Government programs or initiatives.

As an initial measure, the Government will waive the Environmental Management Charge for tourism businesses that operate in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park. The \$1 billion fund will also be used to provide additional assistance to help businesses identify alternative export markets or disrupted supply chains. Targeted measures will also be developed to further promote tourism.

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			for each person at the gathering	 would compromise a tenant's capacity to fulfil their on-going obligations under the lease) Regard must be had to landlord's financial ability to provide additional waivers. Landlords must offer tenants deferrals of up to 100% proportionately to the reduction of a tenant's trade. Repayment of deferred rent over 24 months. Reductions in statutory charges (e.g. land tax, council rates) or insurance must be passed on to the tenants Landlords must pass on benefits due to deferrals of loan payments by their financial institutions Landlords must where appropriate waive recovery of other expense or outgoings payable by tenants under their leases, during the period the tenant is not able to trade. Landlords may elect to reduce services. No repayment should commence until the end of the pandemic or expiry of the existing lease, and must take into account a reasonable subsequent recovery period. No fees, interest or other surcharges. Landlords must not draw on tenants' security Tenants should be provided with an opportunity to extend their lease for an equivalent period A freeze rent increases No penalties if tenants reduce opening hours or cease to trade due to the COVID-19 pandemic. 	employed for longer than 12 months as at 1 March 2020) and are an Australian citizen, the holder of a permanent or special visa, Employees receiving workers compensation will be eligible for the JobKeeper Payment if they are working, for example on reduced hours, but will generally not be eligible if they are not working. Employers can register their interest in applying for the JobKeeper Payment from 30 March 2020. The first payment will be received by employers from the Australian Taxation Office in the first week of May 2020.	 2020 and lodge their activity statement to receive the credit. Businesses will be eligible to receive the cash flow boost provided they are a small or medium business entity, including not-for-profit organisations, sole traders, partnerships, companies or trusts, that: held an Australian Business Number on 12 March 2020 and continues to be active; has an aggregated annual turnover under AUD\$50 million (generally based on prior year turnover); and made eligible payments that the business is required to withhold from (even if the amount required to be withheld is zero). Eligible payments include: salary and wages director fees eligible retirement or termination payments compensation payments voluntary withholding from payments to contractors. In addition, the business must also have either: derived business income in the 2018–19 income year and lodged its 2019 tax return on or before 12 March 2020; or made GST taxable, GST-free or input-taxed sales in a previous tax period (since 1 July 2018) and lodged the relevant activity statement on or before 12 March 2020. 	

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Austria ²	 State of emergency and curfew: Based on the Law on Measures against COVID-19, the Minister of Social Affairs issued ordinances pursuant to which persons in Austria are not allowed to leave their homes except for the following reasons: necessary journeys to work; ensuring their basic needs of people in need (such as essential trips to the doctor, food shops, post office, bank, pharmacy, gas station etc.); visits to funerals or marriages of close relatives; and short outdoor activities (e.g. walks, runs, etc.). Also in these cases, there is a general obligation to keep at least a one-meter distance from other persons (the minimum distance does not apply between persons living together in the same household) and to wear protective masks (in retail areas of shops and in public transportation). The measures are valid until April 30, 2020, and can be prolonged / amended. Noncompliance may trigger fines of up to €600. 	 The following retail and service units are expressly permitted to operate and to be entered: public pharmacies and hospitals; retail supermarkets, local food retail stores; petrol stations; restaurants (only delivery or take-out); veterinary clinics; hardware stores; maintenance and repair workshops for vehicles; bank, and post offices; legal professions; delivery services; public transportations; waste management companies; tobacco and newspaper shops; and agricultural trade companies. In addition, all other retail and service units engaged in the area of sale, manufacture and repair of goods, which are not expressly mentioned in the exception list, and which have a maximum customer area of 400 sqm, are permitted to open if certain additional conditions are met (protective masks, minimum distance and at least 20 sqm of the customer area available to each customer). 	 The following units are required to be closed All leisure shops, shopping centers, hairdressers, establishments open to the public, offering cultural, social, festive, sporting and recreational activities, as well as playgrounds (unless an opening exception applies). Hotels, restaurants, cafés and bars (with a possibility to provide delivery or take-out services). 	So far, only special laws regarding residential premises have been implemented.	Coronavirus short-term work: Under this model, the employer pays a part-time salary and, in addition, the short-time work subsidies which he will be refunded by the labor market service. A reduction of working time by up to 100%, and thus a complete release of employees, is possible for certain periods. However, the planned working time must be between at least 10% and 90% within an initial averaging period of three months.	 Tax regulations: Reductions or non-assessment regarding advance payments of income or corporate income tax (including on interest) are possible in case of liquidity shortages due to a COVID-19 infection. Furthermore, companies may request deferrals and payment in instalments, as well as a non- assessment of deferral interest. Support measures by social security institutions: The Social Security for the Self- Employed (Sozialversicherung der Selbständigen) provides support in case of financial losses due to the Coronavirus pandemic by deferral of contributions, agreement on instalments, the reduction of the provisional contribution base, as well as full or partial non-determination of interest for late payment. Likewise, the Austrian Health Insurance (Österreichische Gesundheitskasse) provides support to affected employers. Stamp duties: A comprehensive exemption from stamp duties in connection with incidences following from COVID-19 measures has been enacted. 	Rental reduction: If leased premises cannot be used or utilized at all due to extraordinary circumstances, the tenant does not have to pay rent for the duration and to the extent to which the premises is unable to be used pursuant to sections 1104 et seq ABGB.
Azerbaijan	State of emergency with curfewResidents are not allowed to leave home, except for necessary journeys to work (only for certain job holders);In addition to any necessary transportation to work,	Only food shops, pharmacies, petrol stations, cleaning suppliers, car washes, car service stations, pet food shops, newspaper vendors, banks and post offices are open. Delivery services were allowed until April 27, 2020.	All stores, restaurants and facilities providing leisure and cultural activities are closed, with the exceptions provided in the preceding column.	According to the Action Plan approved by the Cabinet of Ministers for the implementation of paragraph 10.2 of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan, dated March 19, 2020, the following rebates are considered to be implemented:	Payment of the minimum amount of unemployment insurance to unemployed persons whose term of unemployment insurance has expired by April 1, 2020, as well as the payment of grants to participants in courses interrupted in the process of professional training, are	According to the Action Plan approved by the Cabinet of Ministers for the implementation of paragraph 10.2 of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan, dated March 19, 2020, the following tax rebates and suspensions are considered:	 The state is working on a support package for COVID - 19 affected entrepreneurs willing to obtain a new loan, which will include the following: i) 60% state guarantee for newly granted loans; ii) maximum interest of up to 15% and the term of the

² This part has been provided by BINDER GRÖSSWANG, a member of <u>Nextlaw Referral Network</u>.

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	residents are permitted to leave their homes only in the following cases (and, in each such case, subject to a prior SMS notification to be sent to the relevant state authority): • visits to hospitals, • use of allowed (approved in the legislation) services; • participation in funerals of close relatives. The measures are in place until May 4, 2020. Fines will be imposed on those who do not comply with the state of emergency and the curfew. In public, people are obliged to wear protective masks.	Starting from April 27, 2020, activities in the following areas of work and services are being restored: individual teaching and tutoring services (excluding group classes); book sales; newspaper sales; sale of stationery materials; printing and copying activities; photo studios; cleaning services in individual apartments; tailoring services; sales of cosmetics and perfumes; sales of clothes; sales of shoes and leather goods; sales of gold and other accessories and pawnshop activities; the sale and repair of mobile devices, as well as spare parts and accessories; the sale and repair of computer equipment; the sale of electronics and home appliances; furniture sales; car sales; sales of chemical products; the sale of flowers and plant products; the sale of agricultural machinery; spare parts and equipment; the sale of fertilizers and agrochemical products. Restrictions on the above- mentioned activities in shopping centers and malls remain in force.		 rent holiday until the end of 2020 for entrepreneurs leasing state property and affected by the pandemic (including small- and medium- sized entrepreneurs); rent holiday until the end of 2020 for entrepreneurs leasing land belonging to the state land fund and affected by the pandemic (including small- and medium- sized entrepreneurs); non-calculation of rent until the end of 2020 for existing residents in industrial areas affected by the pandemic. 	prolonged until the first day of the month following the expiration of the special quarantine regime. A lump sum payment of AZN 190 per month is provided to persons registered as unemployed in the "Employment" subsystem of the Centralized Electronic Information System of the Ministry of Labor and Social Protection of the Republic of Azerbaijan during the special quarantine regime in connection with the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.	the pro part of employ by COV implem Econor taxpaye financia (the list Tax reb to the fi passen and inte intra-dia service operation hostels tour op activitie transpoo of good food ar catering organiz stages, enterta concert sports a training profess courses educatii psycho activitie are fully by the of ensure the pop with the Corona It is pla deadlin relation activity apply fo

rogram for the payment of of the salaries of loyees in areas affected OVID-19 pandemic is emented. The Ministry of nomy is providing a list of avers who have received cial support from the state

ebates are to be applied e following activities: enger transport (intercity nter-district, intra-city and -district), including taxi ces:

ation of hotels, motels, els and similar facilities; operator and travel agent ities;

rities involving sportation and (or) delivery oods on order, including and non-food products; ring activities;

nization of exhibitions, es, recreation and rtainment (games); na, theater, museum and cert halls;

ts and health facilities; ing (education) and essional development ses, out-of-school cational institutions; hological centers; vities in other areas that ully or partially restricted

e Cabinet of Ministers to re the health and safety of opulation in connection the spread of the navirus pandemic.

planned to extend the llines for tax payments in ion to these areas of vity. The provisions will for a period of one year ng from January 1, 2020.

penefits for micro preneurs:

Granting a 50 percent discount on the simplified tax (the tax rate is

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

loan should not be longer than three years;

- iii) 7.5% of the 15% interest will be subsidized by the state;
- iv) allocation of additional assets for the Entrepreneurship Development Fund.
- list is updated regularly). v) subsidized loan interest rates on existing loan portfolios up to AZN 1 billion for business entities (including small- and medium-sized enterprises) operating in pandemicaffected areas as of March 10, 2020 (AZN 50 million):

subsidized 10% interest rate on existing bank loans as of March 10, 2020, without a state guarantee for one year;

preparation and submission of loan terms, scope of activities and other criteria within two weeks;

- vi) increasing the amount of funds allocated for mortgage loans (AZN 90 million);
- vii) provision of financial support to vital passenger transport (AZM 280 million).

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail
				implemented		 reduced from 2 percent to 1 percent) Reporting on simplified tax, profit (income) and property taxes for the first and second quarters of the year 2020, as well as payment of assessed taxes to the budget, will be suspended until September 1 of the current year; Granting temporary exemptions from property and land taxes. Granting temporary exemptions from VAT on import of some products necessary for the food and medical needs of the population; Exemptions from VAT on imports of raw materials and supplies related to the production of certain types of products in order to provide timely food, medicine and other essential products for the population; Granting tax exemptions on rent; The right of persons engaged in catering activities registered for VAT to choose the simplified tax method for 2020. is extended from April 20, 2020 to September 1, 2020. 	business
Belgium	Since June 8, 2020, all lockdown measures have been lifted but specific activities are still not allowed. Remote working is recommended for all employees for whom remote working is possible. There are six rules each individual must follow: 1. Limit on having contact with a maximum of 15 different people every week, in addition to family members ("personal bubble"); 2. The rules regarding safety distance (1.5m) continue	 Almost all retail units are now open. Access to retail units (e.g. food shops, food stalls, pharmacies, pet food shops, petrol stations, newsagents, do-it-yourself stores, garden centers, libraries, shops, retail outlets, etc.) is regulated: 1 person per 10m²; The store has to display a safe distance of 1.5 meters by ground markings and/or signs; and The store has to provide staff and customers with the necessary hand hygiene 	Up to August 31, 2020, (inclusive), nightclubs are closed and all mass events such as festivals are cancelled. Banquet halls, reception rooms and function rooms are limited to 50 people.	 The Flemish government provides a loan to tenants (of commercial leases) of a maximum two months' rent up to €35,000. Please find more information here in Dutch. The conditions are: 1. The commercial lease agreement has to be in Flanders. 2. The landlord must waive one or two months' rent. Only then, the tenant can apply to <i>ParticipatieMaatschappij</i> <i>Vlaanderen</i> ("PMV") for a loan of one or two months' rent. e.g.: if the landlord only reduces by 50% one month's rent, the condition is not met, 	Remote working is recommended for all employees for whom remote working is possible. Otherwise, companies must take the necessary measures to respect social distancing (1.5 meters) and sanitary rules. If it is not possible to maintain a sufficient distance between people, the employer can use collective protective equipment, such as screens or walls to compartmentalize workplaces, and/or implement organizational measures, e.g. spread work hours and breaks, flexible hours, working in shifts, etc.	Regarding corporate income tax, withholding tax and TVA, a payment plan, an exemption from penalty interests and/or a waiver of fines for non-payment can be requested. To apply for such measures, the company must submit an application with the tax authorities by December 31, 2020, at the latest. The aforementioned support tax measures can be requested by any natural or legal person with a Belgian company number who is disadvantaged by the spread of COVID-19. The damage has to be demonstrated, e.g. a decrease in profit, a significant decrease	The three Belgian Regions have announced the following support packages for affected companies (these compensation payments are not taxed): <u>In the Flemish Region,</u> businesses that are still mandatorily closed entirely are entitled to a lump-sum compensation of €4,000. Please find the link to request the allowance <u>here</u> . Businesses able to demonstrate a fall in turnover of at least 60% are entitled to a lump-sum compensation of €2,000. Please find the link to request the allowance <u>here</u> .

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented			relevant for retail business
	to apply, except for (i)	products at the entrance and		the tenant would not be able		in orders and/or reservations,	Busiliess
	people within the same	exit.		to apply for a loan.	Moreover, the Belgian Federal	etc.	In the Brussels Capital Region,
	family, (ii) children under			3. Only tenants who had to	Public Service of Employment,		there is a lump-sum indemnity
	the age of 12 and (iii) the personal bubble of up to	Since June 8, 2020, retail units		close their businesses because of the government's	Labor and Social Dialogue published the "Generic guide	An automatic two months'	of €2,500 for businesses unable to participate in certain
	15 people. Those who	such as bars, restaurants,		COVID-19 measures can	for combatting the spread of	deferment is granted for the	international events and
	cannot respect the safety	coffee shops and leisure activities have reopened under		ask for the loan.	COVID-19 at work". Please	payment of the corporate	activities, booked as part of an
	distance have to wear a face mask;	specific conditions:		No other measures have been	find the Belgian Guide in English here, and the sectorial	income tax, the non-residents tax, the legal person tax, the	internationalization project. Please find the link to request
	3. Hygiene and sanitary	-1.5m between the tables;		taken by the Federal or	guides in French <u>here</u> and in	withholding tax and the VAT,	the allowance <u>here</u>
	measures remain essential	 -max 15 persons per table; -each customer must remain 		regional governments	Dutch <u>here</u> .	on top of the normal payment	—
	(e.g. wash hands, clean regularly, etc.);	seated at their own table;		regarding commercial lease.		period and without penalty interest.	The Walloon government introduced a lump-sum
	4. Outdoor activities should	-waiters have to wear face		The Belgian Cour de	Temporary unemployment		indemnity of €3,500 for
	be favored wherever	masks; -venues may remain open		Cassation has emphasized the	regimes have been implemented, allowing	For the periodical VAT	businesses still forced to
	possible. Rooms should be adequately ventilated;	until 1am.		good faith principle in the performance of lease	employers to temporarily	declaration of April 2020, the deferment of payment of VAT	remain closed or which are experiencing a substantial
	5. Additional precautions	Discos final the Delaise		agreements. An interest claim	suspend the employment	is extended until July 20, 2020.	decline in business activity.
	should be taken for people	Please find the Belgian Federal Public Service "Guide		or an eviction request of the	agreement. The employees receive unemployment	In addition, the deadline for the	The main sectors concerned
	at risk (over 65, weak immune system, lung,	to the opening of businesses"		tenant due to possible delays because of the Coronavirus	allocations, increased with	payment of withholding tax of April 2020 is extended to July	are nightclubs, organization of trade fairs and congresses,
	kidney or heart disease,	here in English and "Guide for		outbreak will not be	supplementary allocations.	15, 2020.	management of theaters and
	etc.);	a safe restart of hospitality" here in English.		successfully granted before	If the company must partially or fully close because of		concert halls, fairground
	 Gatherings at home or outdoors are limited to a 	<u></u>		the courts.	COVID-19 (e.g., no material or	The percentages of	activities, holiday cottages, catering services,
	maximum of 15 people,				clients, workplace infected or	advantages from	photographic activities and
	including children.	The construction sector is			mandatory closure), the employer can put its	prepayments for the third	exhibition stands Details on
	Wearing a facemask is	open as long as social distancing (1.5m) is respected			employees in temporary	and fourth quarters (on October 10, 2020 and	how to apply for the compensation will be
	mandatory in:	on construction sites.			unemployment. During this period, employees will receive	December 20, 2020	communicated shortly.
	- public transportation;				unemployment benefits (at	respectively) have been increased for companies and	
	 shops and shopping malls: 	If it is not possible to maintain a sufficient distance between			70% of monthly pay capped to	self-employed persons	
	- cinemas, theater, concert	people, the employer can use			€2,754.76) paid by the Belgian state and in principle will no	experiencing liquidity issues	
	and conference halls, auditoria, places of	collective protective			longer receive any salary from	due to COVID-19. In addition to the	
	worship, museums and	equipment, such as screens or walls to compartmentalize			the employer.	aforementioned federal tax	
	libraries.	workplaces, and/or implement			There are two types of	measures, the different	
	For bars, cafes and	organizational measures, e.g.			temporary unemployment:	regional governments of Belgium have issued other tax	
	restaurants:	spread work hours and breaks, flexible hours, working in				measures, such as the	
	Bars, cafes and restaurants	shifts, etc.			(i) Temporary unemployment due to a <i>force majeure</i> event:	deferment of payment of traffic	
	have reopened under specific conditions:	Please find the Belgian			-	taxes and property tax.	
	- 1.5m between the tables;	Federal Public Service			This will apply if the COVID-19		
	- max 15 persons per	"Generic guide for combatting the spread of COVID-19 at			pandemic renders the performance of activities		
	table; - each customer must	work" here in English, and the			impossible and the company is		
	remain seated at their	sectorial guides in French here			forced to (partially) close. In		
	own table;	and in Dutch <u>here</u> .			the case of a <i>force majeure</i> event, affected employees will		
	 waiters have to wear masks; 				receive a supplement of €5.63		
	 venues may remain open 				per unworked day on top of the		
	until 1 am.				unemployment benefits, at the expense of the National		
	For the cultural sector:				Employment Office.		
	Cultural activities and				(ii) Temporary unemployment		
	performances with an				for economic reasons:		

Country Status Has any spec been intro	cial status	atus	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
audience (e.g. cir theater) have rest providing complia social distancing, measures and a r 200 attendees ins attendees outside	umed nce with sanitary naximum of side and 400	y Im of			This may apply if the company has less clients and/or less demand following the COVID- 19 outbreak, which does not render the activities impossible but significantly decreases the work.
For travel: Since June 15, 20 has opened its bot has opened its bot travel to and from including the UK Schengen countri (Switzerland, Lied lceland and Norw Belgians returning zones", a colour cole quarantine and te Orange: increase health required. Or The colour code f country can be for Er sports: Since July 1, 2021 activities (includin pools and contact as boxing or rugb resumed, subject applicable protoc audience of up to will be allowed ins people outside, st safety distances at compliance with s protocols. For mass events and are prohibited and organized before August 2020.	orders for the EU, and four other es chtenstein, ray) For g from "at risk code has d: mandatory sting. d vigilance on Green: safe. or each und <u>here</u> . 0 all sport g swimming t sports, such y) have to the bl. A seated 200 people side and 400 ubject to and in specific <u>E</u> nightclubs d cannot be	or J, r other ein, for 'at risk us datory nce on safe. n re. ort uming , such e vated cople d 4000 o ubs ot be			The procedures for temporary unemployment for both force majeure events and economic reasons were simplified and unified originally until December 31, 2020, in respect of temporary unemployment due to a force majeure event. During their operation, employers simply have to inform their payroll agency of any employees they put on unemployment. The payroll agency will file an online "social risk" declaration through the website of the National Office of Social Security. If the force majeure event is acknowledged, no pay shall be due to the concerned employees who will benefit from temporary unemployment allowances from the Belgian unemployment authorities during the suspension due to force majeure. The Tax Ruling Commission provided a ruling confirming that the employer can give its employees, regardless of their job category, a tax-free allowance of up to €129.48 per month to cover the costs of remote working (heating, electricity, paper, etc.). Moreover, the Belgian government introduced the " Corona parental leave ". With the employer's approval, this leave allows employees who have been working for at least one month under an employment agreement to
					reduce their working hours in order to take care of their

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
					 children under 12 years old and their handicapped children. The Corona parental leave can be obtained from May 1 until September 30, 2020. The reduction of the employee's working hours depends on their working schedule: (i) If the employee initially works full time: the employee may ask for a one-fifth interruption, and they would therefore continue working 80% of the time; (ii) If the employee initially works ³/₄ time: the employee may ask for a half-time interruption, and they would therefore continue working 50% of the time. 	
Canada	Canada has not declared a Federal State of Emergency. All provinces have declared either a State of Emergency or a Public Health Emergency. On June 15, Alberta lifted its State of Emergency. On July 31, Ontario announced the provincial declaration of emergency has ended with the exception of some emergency orders. Any foreign national is prohibited from entering Canada (some exemptions apply). The Canada-U.S. border is currently closed to all non-essential travel. This measure remains in place until at least September 21, 2020. If travelers have symptoms, they must isolate for 14 days in a place where they will not have contact with vulnerable people. If travelers do not have symptoms, they must quarantine for 14 days in a place where they will have no	Before reopening measures were put in place, retail units that provide "essential services" remained open. The definition of "essential service" <u>differs by province</u> . See the reopening measures in the section to the left. <u>Mask or Face Covering</u> <u>Requirements affecting</u> <u>Retailers</u> Each by-law or health order below has exemptions for individuals who are unable to wear a face covering for medical or age reasons as well as other reasonable accommodations. <u>Alberta</u> <u>Banff</u> As of July 31, face coverings are <u>mandatory</u> in all indoor public places, including retail stores. <u>Calgary</u>	Unless reopening measures are in place, "Non-essential" workplaces have been mandated to close. The definition of "non-essential" <u>differs by province.</u> As noted, several provinces have begun reopening non-essential businesses. The businesses that remain closed differ by province.	On April 24, the Government provided further details. The program will provide forgivable loans to qualifying commercial property owners to cover 50% of three monthly rent payments that are payable by eligible small business tenants who are experiencing financial hardship during April, May, and June. The loans will be forgiven if the mortgaged property owner agrees to reduce the eligible small business tenants' rent by at least 75 per cent for the three corresponding months under a rent forgiveness agreement, which will include a term not to evict the tenant while the agreement is in place. The small business tenant would cover the remainder, up to 25 per cent of the rent. Impacted small business tenants are businesses paying less than \$50,000 per month in rent and who have temporarily ceased operations or have	Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy The Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy is designed to help businesses keep and return workers to their payroll through challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy provides a 75% wage subsidy to eligible employers for up to 12 weeks, retroactive to March 15, 2020. To qualify, employers must have suffered a drop in gross revenue from a business carried on in Canada from arm's length sources of at least 30% in March, April or May of 2020 when compared to the same month in 2019. For these purposes, revenue does not include revenue from extraordinary items or amounts on account of capital. For eligible employers established after February 2019, eligibility is determined by comparing monthly revenues to a "reasonable benchmark". Eligible employers will include	Defe date The 2 for cc other date June exter all ot date Furth balar unde Act ((Marc 2020 Septe Exter for th • I

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

ferral of tax year filing

2019 tax year filing date corporations that would erwise have a filing due e after March 18 and before ie 1, 2020 has been ended to June 1, 2020. For other corporations, the filing e remains unchanged. ther, the payment date for ances and instalments der Part 1 of the *Income Tax* t (Canada) due on or after rch 18 and September 1, 20 has been extended to optember 1, 2020.

ferral of Sales Tax mittance

ension until June 30, 2020 the time that:

Monthly files have to remit amounts collected for the February, March and April 2020 reporting periods; Quarterly filers have to remit amounts collected for the January 1, 2020 through March 31, 2020 reporting period; and

Large Employer Emergency Financing Facility

The Large Employer Emergency Financing Facility (LEEFF) provides bridge financing to Canada's largest employers, whose needs during the pandemic are not being met through conventional financing, in order to keep their operations going.

The LEEFF program will be open to large for-profit businesses – with the exception of those in the financial sector – as well as certain not-for-profit businesses, such as airports, with annual revenues generally in the order of \$300 million or higher.

To qualify, eligible businesses must be seeking financing of about \$60 million or more, have significant operations or workforce in Canada, and not be involved in active insolvency proceedings. More details to come.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
	 contact with vulnerable people. In addition, all travelers must wear non-medical masks or face coverings while travelling. Reopening measures On May 4, 2020, the following retail spaces were able to resume operations while following proper health and safety guidelines: Garden centres and nurseries with curbside pick-up and delivery only; Lawn care and landscaping; Automatic and self- serve car washes; Auto dealerships, by appointment only. 	As of August 1, face coverings are mandatory in all <u>public</u> indoor spaces. <u>Canmore</u> As of August 7, face coverings are <u>mandatory</u> in all public indoor spaces including retail businesses. <u>Cochrane</u> Until February 1, 2021, mandatory face coverings will be required in indoor public spaces if the active cases in the community reach 10 and rescinded when the active case numbers are reported to be below 10, for 14 consecutive days. <u>Edmonton</u> As of August 1, face coverings		implemented experienced at least a 70 per cent drop in pre-COVID-19 revenues. This support will also be available to non-profit and charitable organizations. In the coming days, the Government will provide more information about specific details for this program, as well as measures for larger businesses. The application portal opens at 8:00 am on May 25. In terms of provincial response, this will differ by province (if at all implemented). As an example, the Province of Nova Scotia announced a Commercial Rent Deferral Support Program (CRDSP). The CRDSP provides for a government guarantee to landlords or	employers of all sizes and across all sectors of the economy, with the exception of public sector entities. The federal government will provide more details on how not-for-profit organizations and charities may appropriately demonstrate eligibility for the subsidy. The federal government is also considering additional support for not-for- profit organizations and registered charities, particularly those involved in the front line response to COVID-19. The Government of Canada has released a calculator to help retailers and other businesses calculate their subsidy. To calculate your
	On May 8, 2020, garden centres and nurseries opened for in-store payment and purchases, operating under the same guidelines as grocery stores and pharmacies. On May 9, 2020, hardware stores and safety supply stores opened for in-store payment	are mandatory while in indoor or enclosed public spaces. <u>Jasper</u> As of August 7, face coverings are <u>mandatory</u> in all indoor public spaces including malls and retail businesses. <u>St. Albert</u> As of August 8, face coverings are <u>mandatory</u> in all indoor		deferred rent (up to certain limits) for the months of April, May and June 2020. Please note that in order to qualify, a rent deferral agreement must have been entered into prior to April 1, 2020, and landlords must notify the government of their intention to register the deferral agreement for eligibility by April 3, 2020.	subsidy amount, visit this <u>link</u> . On May 15, Finance Minister Bill Morneau announced that the CEWS will be extended by an additional 12 weeks to August 29, 2020. The Government will consult key businesses and labour representatives over the next month and may make more changes to the eligibility
	and purchases. On May 11, 2020, retail stores with a street entrance began offering curbside pickup and delivery, in accordance with the Ministry of Health's Guidance Document.	public places including malls and retail stores. <u>Strathcona County</u> As of August 17, if the active COVID-19 cases within Strathcona County are <u>reported</u> by Alberta Health Services to be 25 cases or more per 100,000 in		Further, some provinces have provided utility payments support for some retailers. Please visit this <u>link</u> to see the different provinces. On May 25, the federal government, provinces, and territories reached an agreement in principle on the	criteria, including the 30% revenue decline threshold, to ensure the CEWS reflects the immediate needs of businesses. In addition, the Government has made regulatory changes to <u>extend eligibility</u> for the CEWS. The following are newly eligible entities that
	On May 16, 2020, golf courses are allowed to open for the public. Private parks and campgrounds may open to enable preparation for the season and to allow access for trailers and recreational vehicles whose owners have a full season contract. Businesses that board animals, such as stables are allowed to open.	population, the mandatory mask bylaw will be expanded to include stores and malls. <u>Newfoundland and Labrador</u> As of August 24, masks are required at most enclosed public places across Newfoundland and Labrador <u>Nova Scotia</u> On July 24, Premier Stephen McNeil of Nova Scotia		Canada Emergency Commercial Rent Assistance ("CECRA") program. On June 30, the Finance Minister Bill Morneau <u>announced</u> that the CECRA program will be extended by one month to cover eligible small business rents for July. Additionally, to simplify the application process, the government is removing the	 might operate in the retail sector: Partnerships so long as non-eligible members, taken together, do not hold a majority of the interests in the partnership; Indigenous government-owned businesses that are tax-exempt under

Annual files whose GST/HST return or instalment are due in March, April or May 2020, have to remit amounts collected and owing for their previous fiscal year and instalments of GST/HST in respect of the filer's current fiscal year.

re is currently no lication process. sinesses in need of rmation about their ticular obligations may tact the Canada Revenue ency or refer to its website.

erral of Customs Duty Sales Tax for Importers ment deadlines for ements of accounts for

rch, April, and May are ng deferred to June 30,

inesses in need of rmation about their ticular account and ment obligations on orted goods may contact Canada Border Services ency for more details.

ods and services /harmonized sales tax tT/HST) credit payment ounts

Canadian government will vide a one-time special ment on April 9, 2020. This ment will double the kimum annual GST/HST dit payment amounts for the 9-20 benefit year.

average income for those lefitting from the measure be close to \$400 for viduals and \$600 for ples.

May 15, the Minister of ional Revenue announced t benefit payments, uding GST/HST credit ment amounts will continue

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

Regional Relief and Recovery Fund (RRRF)

The Government is providing nearly \$962 million through the RRRF to help more businesses and organizations in sectors such as manufacturing, technology, tourism and others that are key to the regions and to local economies. This fund is specifically targeted to those that may require additional help to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic, but have been unable to access existing support measures.

Business Credit Availability Program (BCAP)

Business Development Canada (BDC) and Export Development Canada (EDC) are working with private sector lenders to coordinate on credit solutions for individual businesses, including in sectors such as oil and gas, air transportation, exports and tourism. This program is now available at many banks and credit unions.

Loan Guarantee for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises

EDC is working with financial institutions to issue new operating credit and cash flow term loans of up to \$6.25 million to SMEs. This program is now available at many banks and credit unions.

Co-Lending Program for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises

BDC is working with financial institutions to co-lend term loans to SMEs for their operational cash flow requirements. Eligible businesses may obtain incremental credit amounts of up to \$6.25 million through the

program.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	 On May 19, 2020, retail services that are not in shopping malls and have separate street-front entrances can open. Farmer's markets and outdoor flea markets can also operate. Animal services, such as pet care, grooming and training can open. Indoor and outdoor services such as housekeeping, cooks, cleaning and maintenance can resume. Finally, all limits on construction have been lifted. On June 19, 2020, the following regions would be allowed to move into <u>Stage 2</u> of the reopening strategy: Durham Region, Halton Region, Hamilton Region, Lambton County, Niagara Region, and York Region. Businesses and services permitted to reopen during Stage 2 include: outdoor dine-in services at restaurants, bars and other establishments, including patios, shopping malls under existing restrictions, and drive-in and drive-through venues for theatres. On June 24, 2020, Toronto and Peel Region will move into <u>Stage 2</u>. As of June 25, 2020, <u>Windsor-Essex</u> will be allowed to move into Stage 2 on July 7, 2020. As of July 17, 2020, a large swath of Ontario moved to <u>Stage 3</u>. The following can reopen with restrictions: all restaurants and bars for indoor dining, gyms and fitness studios, and movie theatres. As of July 20, 2020, all public health units were allowed to move into Stage 3 excluding 	announced that masks will become mandatory in most indoor public places including retail businesses and shopping centres starting July 31. Children under two are exempt, as well as children aged two to four when their caregiver cannot get them to wear a mask. People with a valid medical reason for not wearing a mask are also exempt. Ontario Algoma Public Health As of July 17, all businesses are to adopt a policy requiring all members of the public to wear a face covering in an enclosed public space. Brant County As of July 7, a face covering is required in all enclosed public spaces. <u>Burlington</u> On July 13, Burlington City Council unanimously approved a temporary bylaw that will make masks or face coverings mandatory in enclosed public places as of July 20. The bylaw will be in effect until September 30, 2020 unless extended or revoked by City Council. <u>Durham Region</u> As of July 10, all <u>commercial</u> establishments operating during Stage 2 within the Durham Region will require visitors to wear a face covering or mask. <u>Eastern Ontario</u> As of July 7, the Eastern Ontario Health Unit announced it will be mandatory to wear a face covering or mask in indoor public spaces. <u>Grey Bruce</u> As of July 17, all persons who		requirement to claw-back insurance proceeds and provincial rent supports from the CECRA forgivable loan amount for both existing and new applicants. Existing applicants who are affected will be notified and will have any previously clawed-back amounts restored to their forgivable loan. On July 31, Finance Minister Bill Morneau <u>announced</u> that the CECRA will be extended by one month to help eligible small businesses pay rent for August. Quebec On June 8, 2020, the Quebec Government announced it will contribute \$140 million to reduce the losses of property owners enrolled in the CECRA program by 50%. To benefit from CECRA, owners must agree to absorb 25% of their rental income. Under this new commitment by Quebec, owners enrolled in the CERCA program will receive the equivalent of 12.5% of the total cost of their rent. Commercial Evictions Alberta On June 16, 2020, the Government of Alberta tabled Bill 23, the <i>Commercial</i> <i>Tenancies Protection Act</i> , which would protect eligible commercial tenants from having their leases terminated due to non-payment of rent as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. If passed, the act would also prevent landlords from raising rent and charging late fees and penalties on missed rent. The legislation and upcoming regulation would cover the period from March 17 to August 31 and would apply to: • Commercial tenants	 para 149(1)(d.5) of the <i>Income Tax Act</i>, as well as their wholly-owned subsidiaries that are tax exempt under para 149(1)(d.6). On July 17, the Finance Minister announced the following proposed changes to the CEWS: Extend the CEWS until December 19, 2020. Make the subsidy accessible to a broader range of employers by including employers with a revenue decline of less than 30 per cent and providing a gradually decreasing base subsidy to all qualifying employers. Introduce a top-up subsidy of up to an additional 25 per cent for employers that have been most affected by the pandemic. Provide certainty to employers that have been most affected by the pandemic. Provide certainty to employers that have been most affected by the pandemic. Address certain technical issues identified by stakeholders. On July 27, Parliament passed legislation implementing the extension of the CEWS to November 21, 2020. 	for fill E c G to en SENE For G c C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

a additional three months ose who are not able to their returns on time. The Canadians who are ntly receiving the HST credit will continue ceive payments until the of September 2020.

ring tariffs on certain ical goods

a are retailer that uces certain medical s, including PPE such as as and gloves, the ernment is reducing the of imported PPE for adians.

rta Workers' pensation Board (WCB) niums

une 5, 2020, the ernment of Alberta unced details of their plan fer WCB premiums for te sector businesses and ort for small and medium esses. Private sector overs have immediate cial relief, with WCB iums deferred for one until early 2021. overs who have already their WCB premium ent for 2020-21 are le for a rebate or credit. mall and medium esses, the government is ring 50 percent of the ium when it is due in , at a cost to the rnment of approximately million.

une 18, the Government El tabled its budget which res a small business tax from 3% to 2%).

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

<u>Note:</u> Applications require a description of the adverse impacts of COVID-19 and a plan of action to counter the effects of COVID-19.

Mid-Market Guarantee and Financing Program

This program aims to bring liquidity to companies with between \$50-300M in revenue to aid their operations. Further details will be provided on this program.

Canada Emergency Business Accounts

Interest free loans to small business and not-for-profits to help cover operating costs. The Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) will provide interest-free loans of up to \$40,000 to small businesses and not-for-profits, to help cover their operating costs during a period where their revenues have been temporarily reduced. To qualify, these organizations will need to demonstrate they paid between \$20,000 and \$1.5 million in total payroll in 2019. This new range will replace the previous one of between \$50,000 and \$1 million, and will help address the challenges faced by small businesses to cover nondeferrable operating costs.

On May 19, 2020, the Prime Minister announced an expansion to the eligibility criteria for the CEBA to include many owner-operated small businesses. These extended measures make CEBA available to sole proprietors receiving income directly from their businesses, businesses that rely on contractors, and family-owned corporations that pay employees through dividends rather than payroll. For more information visit this <u>link</u>.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
	 Health, Toronto Public Health, and Windsor-Essex County Health Unit. On July 31, 2020, Toronto and the Peel Region entered Stage 3. As of July 31, 2020, restaurants and bars across Ontario must keep records of their clients to help track any possible spread of COVID-19. As of August 12, 2020, Windsor-Essex entered Stage 3. Newfoundland and Labrador The following retail spaces can resume operations: Animal daycare centres Garden centres Landscaping and lawn care services As of June 8, 2020, all retail can reopen. Retail stores, including those in shopping malls, can open with restrictions. Hair salons, pet centres, and restaurants may reopen with reduced occupancy. As of June 25, 2020, Newfoundland and Labrador entered Alert Level 2. The following can reopen with restrictions: bars and lounges, cinemas, and gyms and fitness facilities. Saskatchewan Saskatchewan announced that non-essential retail stores, shopping malls, select personal services, and farmers markets may open to the public, beginning May 19, 2020. Stores must adhere to physical distancing measures and specific Clothing and Retail Store Guidelines, along with COVID-19	establishment are to use best efforts to <u>restrict</u> persons without a face covering from entering or remaining within their premises. <u>Haldimand County</u> As of August 1, face coverings will be <u>required</u> for retailers with floor space greater than 465 square metres or who primarily sell food. Retailers with less than 465 square metres of floor space require a face covering if a 2 metre distance cannot be maintained. <u>Haliburton-Kawartha-Pine Ride</u> <u>District Health Unit</u> As of July 13, face coverings will be <u>mandatory</u> for businesses. <u>Hamilton</u> As of July 20, Hamilton <u>requires</u> a face covering in enclosed public spaces. <u>Hastings, Prince-Edward</u> As of July 10, Hastings Prince Edward Public Health is <u>requiring</u> the use of a mask or face covering inside all commercial establishments. <u>Halton</u> As of July 22, face coverings are <u>required</u> in enclosed public spaces. <u>Huron Perth</u> As of July 17, all indoor commercial and indoor public spaces are to use best efforts to <u>require</u> persons to wear a face covering inside their premises at all times. <u>Kingston, Frontenac, Lennox</u> <u>and Addington</u> The Kingston, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington Medical Officer of Health, as of June 27, has <u>mandated</u> commercial establishments in the area prohibit persons from entering or remaining in the premises if		agreements that would be eligible for the CECRA program, but whose landlords have chosen not to participate. • Commercial lease agreements where tenants have had to close their business due to public health orders or have had their business revenue decline by 25 per cent or more as a result of the COVID- 19 pandemic. If passed, any late fees, penalties, or rent increases imposed on a commercial tenant by their landlord between March 17 and August 31, would need to be reimbursed, however, the legislation would not undo any evictions or lease terminations that happened before the legislation was tabled. <u>British Columbia</u> On June 1, 2020, the Government of British Columbia issued a new order under the <i>Emergency</i> <i>Protection Act</i> that protects businesses already eligible for rent support from the federal government under the_CECRA program from evictions for unpaid rent until the end of June 2020, where the landlords of these eligible businesses choose not to apply for the CECRA program. On July 1, British Columbia's Finance Minister Carole James announced the provincial ban on commercial evictions will remain in place for the duration of the federal rent-assistance program.	The Canada Emergency Response Benefit provides temporary income support to workers who have stopped working and are without employment or self- employment income for reasons related to COVID-19. The Canada Emergency Response Benefit will be paid in blocks of four weeks, at \$2,000. A maximum of 16 weeks of benefits can be paid. The Government has expanded the CERB to capture more individuals; which includes seasonal workers, workers who no longer have Employment Insurance benefits, or individuals who make an additional \$1,000 per month while receiving the CERB. On June 16, 2020, the Prime Minister announced that the CERB eligibility period is being extended by eight weeks. Application to the CERB can be made no later than December 2, 2020, for payments retroactive to the period of March 15 to October 3, 2020. On July 31, 2020, the Prime Minister announced plans to transition recipients of the CERB to the Employment Insurance (EI) program. The last scheduled CERB pay period is set to end on September 26. Additionally, there are plans to provide El- like support for millions who cannot qualify under existing rules. Canadian Emergency Student Benefit (CESB) From May to August 2020, the CESB provides a payment to eligible students for each 4- week period of \$1,250 or \$2,000 if you have dependants or a disability. The benefit is

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation
Repates	relevant for retail
	business
	As of June 19, 2020,
	applications for CEBA under the expanded eligibility rules
	will be accepted. To qualify
	under the expanded eligibility
	rules, CEBA applicants with
	payroll lower than \$20,000 will
	need:1) A business operating
	account at a participating
	financial institution;
	• 2) A Canada Revenue
	Agency business number; • 3) A 2018 or 2019 tax return;
	and
	• 4) Eligible non-deferable
	expenses of between \$40,000
	and \$1.5 million. Eligible business will qualify for
	financing of up to \$40,000,
	with 25 per cent of this being
	forgivable based on the current
	terms of CEBA loans. Businesses can contact their
	primary financial institution for
	more information or apply
	directly for CEBA.
	After a slight delay in the June
	19, 2020, roll out of the
	application process for the
	expanded CEBA program, it officially began accepting
	applications on June 26, 2020.
	Canada Economic
	for Businesses and
	Communities Affected by
	COVID-19
	Three month loan payment
	deferral beginning April 1, 2020. Please note that this is
	ONLY available for Quebec
	Regions.
	Retailers in the food
	industry
	The Canadian Food Inspection
	Agency ("CFIA") had
	previously temporarily suspended the following
	requirements: official language
	requirements, format
	requirements, and container
	size requirements for 90 days to ease supply chain strains

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
	 Workplace General Guidance Information. On June 8, 2020, Saskatchewan entered Phase 3 of its reopening plan. This includes the reopening of gyms and fitness facilities, restaurants and licensed establishments (at 50% capacity), and any remaining personal services. As of June 22, Saskatchewan entered the first part of its Phase 4 reopening plan. The second part of its Phase 4 reopening plan began on June 29, which allowed movie theatres to reopen. Alberta Starting on May 14, the following retail businesses were allowed to resume operations with certain infection prevention in place: Retail businesses like clothing, furniture and bookstores. Farmers' market vendors. Hairstyling and barber shops. Cafés, restaurants, pubs and bars can reopen for table service at 50% capacity. The government released its Guidance for Retail Businesses that retail stores should follow. As of June 12, Stage 2 of Alberta's relaunch strategy can safely begin. The following can open with restrictions: personal services, indoor recreation (including gyms), movie theatres, and VLTs in restaurants and bars. 	the said person is not wearing a face covering. Leeds, Grenville and Lanark The Leeds, Grenville and Lanark District Health Unit have mandated a face covering or mask for enclosed public spaces such as retail establishments and shopping malls as of July 7. <u>Middlesex-London Health Unit</u> As of July 18, every operator of an enclosed public space shall require any member who enters or remains in the public areas of the enclosed space to wear a face covering. <u>Niagara Region</u> As of July 31, every person within certain enclosed public places <u>must</u> wear a face covering. <u>Norfolk County</u> As of July 24, every person <u>must</u> wear a face covering within enclosed public places. <u>North Bay Parry Sound District</u> As of July 24, the North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit is <u>mandating</u> the use of a face covering in certain enclosed public spaces. <u>Northwestern Health Unit</u> As of August 17, the Northwestern Health Unit is <u>requiring</u> face coverings in most enclosed public places. <u>Ottawa</u> <u>Ottawa Public Health</u> is mandating the use of masks or face coverings as of July 7 for many indoor public spaces including retail establishments and shopping malls. <u>Peel Region</u> The cities of Mississauga, Brampton, and Caledon, all passed bylaws mandating the use of masks or face coverings		an effort to drive increased participation in the CECRA program. The temporary ban on commercial evictions during the pandemic will apply if the landlords and tenants are eligible for CECRA but have not applied. New Brunswick As of June 1, 2020, the moratorium on commercial evictions has been lifted. Nova Scotia On March 27, 2020, the Nova Scotia Government announced that all retail and other commercial landlords are prohibited from exercising the remedies of notice to quit or distress available under a commercial lease, commercial agreement, the <i>Tenancy and Distress for Rent Act</i> , or otherwise for rent due on or after March 22, 2020, from a retail or commercial tenant who has been required to close their business or their business has been substantially and directly restricted under the requirements of a Medical Officer's order issued under the <i>Health Protection Act</i> . Don June 17, 2020, the Ontario Government passed the <i>Protecting Small Business Act</i> , which halts or reverses the eviction of commercial tenants and protects tenants from having their assets seized during COVID-19. The legislation applies to businesses that are eligible for federal/provincial rent assistance for evictions from May 31, 2020 until August 31, 2020. Tenants and landlords can learn who is eligible and how to apply at: Ontario.ca/rentassistance	for students who do not qualify for the CERB or EI. Final eligibility period for the CESB is August 2 to August 29, 2020. All applications for the CESB must be submitted before September 30, 2020. Canada Recovery Benefit The Canada Recovery Benefit is effective from September 27, 2020 for one year and would provide a benefit amount of \$400 per week for up to 26 weeks for workers who are not eligible for EI, mainly the self-employed and those working in the gig economy. Canada Recovery Caregiver Benefit The Canada Recovery Caregiver Benefit The Canada Recovery Caregiver Benefit The Canada Recovery Caregiver Benefit would be effective from September 27, 2020 for one year, and provide \$500 per week, for up to 26 weeks per household to eligible Canadians. Canada Recovery Sickness Benefit The Canada Recovery Sickness Benefit provides \$500 per week, for up to 26 weeks, effective September 27, 2020 for one year, for workers who are unable to work because they are sick or must self-isolate due to COVID-19. Minimum Benefit Rate for EI New EI claimants as of September 27, 2020 will receive a minimum benefit ratio of \$400 per week (or \$240 for extended parental benefits), if this is higher than what their benefits would otherwise be. Manitoba The Government of Manitoba is introducing the qualified

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	and minimize waste. The CFIA has most recently provided flexibility for <u>labeling</u> <u>requirements relating to shell</u> <u>eggs</u> .
	Further, retailers who rely on experience temporary workers to ensure Canadians have access to a variety of high- quality food, are eligible for \$1,500 per foreign worker to help cover the costs of complying with a mandatory two-week quarantine upon arrival in Canada. Please note that employers must provide accommodation for the employees during self-isolation and pay the workers during the 14-day period.
	Industrial Research Assistance Program (IRAP) The Government of Canada is investing \$250 million to assist innovative, early-stage companies that are unable to access other COVID-19 business supports through the IRAP.
	Young Entrepreneurs The Government is providing \$20.1 million in support for Futurpreneur Canada to continue supporting young entrepreneurs across Canada. This funding will allow to provide payment relief for its clients for up to 12 months.
	Women Entrepreneurs
	On May 16, Minister Ng announced that the Government will provide \$15 million in additional funding to support women entrepreneurs through the <u>Women</u> <u>Entrepreneurship Strategy</u> (WES).
	Competition Bureau
	On May 6, the Competition Bureau warned businesses against making false or

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
	 immediately if they can meet the guidelines. Businesses must prepare an <u>operational plan</u> that can be provided to official, if requested. Face masks will be required if physical distancing cannot be maintained. On May 22, New Brunswick moved to Phase 3 of its recovery plan. Businesses that offer personal services, including barber shops, hair salons, and tattoo shops can reopen. As of July 3, the <u>Atlantic Travel</u> <u>Bubble</u> allows for residents, and other persons currently residing in the four Atlantic Provinces (PEI, NS, NB, and NL) to move freely within any of the other Atlantic Provinces without self-isolating for 14 days. <u>Manitoba</u> Manitoba began Phase 1 of its reopening plan on May 4, allowing retail businesses, hairstylists and barbers to reopen. Restaurants offering patio/walk-up services were allowed to resume operations as well. Manitoba released a draft plan of Phase 2 on May 21. Various Phase 2 of May 21. Various Phase 3 of its reopening plan. During Phase 3, occupancy limits of 50% of normal business levels or one person per 10 square metres are removed for retail businesses. These businesses may continue to operate if they implement measures to ensure members of the public are reasonably able to maintain a separation of at least two metres from others, except for brief exchanges. 	in enclosed public spaces effective July 10. <u>Peterborough</u> As of August 1, face coverings will be <u>mandatory</u> inside commercial establishments located in the Peterborough area. <u>Porcupine</u> As of July 23, all members of the public who enter or remain in an enclosed public space <u>must</u> wear a face covering. <u>Renfrew County</u> The Renfrew County and District Health Unit will be <u>requiring</u> face coverings or masks in enclosed public spaces within the county as of July 7. <u>Simcoe-Muskoka</u> As of July 13, a face covering is <u>required</u> in all indoor publicly accessible places in Simcoe County and the District of Muskoka. <u>St. Catharines</u> On July 13, St. Catharines Municipal Council <u>passed</u> a bylaw making it mandatory to wear a mask or face covering in enclosed public spaces. <u>Public Health Sudbury and</u> <u>Districts</u> As of July 17, businesses should have a <u>policy</u> in place to ensure no person is permitted to enter or remain in an enclosed public space without wearing a face covering. <u>Thunder Bay</u> As of June 24, every business that is open within the Thunder Bay District Health Unit shall adopt a policy <u>requiring</u> all members of the public who enter or remain in an enclosed public space to wear a mask or face covering.		On June 3, 2020, the Government of Quebec tabled Bill 61, An Act to restart Quebec's economy and to mitigate the consequences of the public health emergency declared on 13 March because of the COVID-19 pandemic (the Bill). Section 35 of the Bill includes a provision that protects commercial tenants that are encountering difficulties paying their rent. The measures will prohibit any termination of a commercial lease resulting from a default in rent payments that have become due between March 13, 2020 and August 1, 2020. For procedural reasons, unrelated to section 35 of the Bill, it did not pass. It is unclear whether the Bill will be considered again at a later date. Saskatchewan On June 5, 2020, the Government of Saskatchewan announced temporary commercial eviction protection for small business tenants by way of ministerial order pursuant to section 18 of <i>The Emergency Planning Act.</i> The moratorium on evictions applies to landlords that are eligible to apply for the CECRA program but choose not to. The emergency order restricting commercial evictions is effective immediately. Other Provinces and Territories Newfoundland & Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Northwest Territories, Nunavut, and Yukon have not introduced any moratoriums on commercial evictions.	Manitobans return to work. The Program will provide one initial payment of \$500 plus three additional bi-weekly payments for \$500 each, for a total of \$2,000 over six weeks. Program participants must voluntarily stop collecting CERB or CESB support from the federal government. Temporary Wage Subsidy for Employers Three-month wage subsidy through the reduction of payroll deductions required to be remitted to the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Up to 10% of the remuneration payable between March 18, 2020 and, June 20, 2020 up to a maximum of \$1,375 per employee and \$25,000 per employer. On March 27, 2020, the government announced that the subsidy had been increased from 10% to 75% of the remuneration payable. Subsidies will be backdated to March 15, 2020. However, those employers who do not qualify for the 75% subsidy may still qualify for this temporary 10% wage subsidy. For employers who are eligible for both subsidies, any benefit from the 10% subsidy will generally reduce the amount available to be claimed under the 75% subsidy. Employers will be eligible if they are a non-profit organization, registered charity, or a Canadian Controlled private corporation (CCPC) if their taxable capital employed in Canada for the preceding taxation year, calculated on an associated group basis, is less than \$15 million, if they have an existing business number and payroll program account with the CRA on March 18, 2020 and if they pay salary, wages, bonuses, or other remuneration to an employee.

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	misleading claims that their products or services can prevent, treat or cure COVID- 19. The Bureau is actively monitoring the marketplace to detect and stop deceptive claims.
	Enabling Accessibility Fund (EAF) Call for Proposals Retailers could receive a grant of up to \$100,000 through the Government of Canada's EAF to improve the accessibility of your workplace. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the current funding process is offering more flexibility where organizations that apply for funding under the small projects component will have more time to complete their projects (up to 24 months). Applications are being accepted until July 13, 2020.
	Additional Support
	Alberta On June 5, 2020, the Government of Alberta committed \$200 million in funding for eligible businesses and non-profits to access up to \$5,000 to offset a portion of their relaunch costs related to COVID-19. Program details, including eligibility, are being confirmed.
	Manitoba On June 22, 2020, the Government of Manitoba is launching a new hiring grant program that will cover the wages paid to designated employees over a period of up to 10 weeks this summer. Employers can apply to receive funding for up to five employees hired or rehired after June 18, 2020. The program will reimburse 50% of the total wages paid from June 18 until August 30, 2020 to a maximum of \$5,000 per worker and \$25,000 per business. The program is open to Manitoba-

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented	
	reopening plan. Movie theatres and casinos are now open. Northwest Territories On May 15, the Northwest Territories entered Phase 1 of its COVID-19 relaxing measures. Under Phase 1, retail businesses other than the following may reopen, provided they allow no more than 10 persons in any indoor location and 25 persons in any outdoor location and comply with controls to minimize worker exposure to COVID-19: Indoor portions of bars and nightclubs; Indoor theatres; and Indoor dine-in portions of restaurants. On June 12, the Northwest Territories entered Phase 2 of its COVID-19 relaxing measures. Under Phase 2, retail businesses other than the following may reopen, provided they allow no more than 10 persons in any indoor location and 25 persons in any outdoor location and comply with controls to minimize worker exposure to COVID-19: Indoor portions of bars and nightclubs; Indoor portions of bars and nightclubs; Indoor dine-in portions of restaurants. Cuebec On May 25, Quebec confirmed that it will reopen shopping malls located outside the Montreal Metropolitan area on June 1. On June 19, Quebec will allow shopping malls to reopen in the Greater Montreal area and Joliette region. On July 7, the Government of Quebec threatened to shut	Timiskaming As of June 24, all businesses within the district of Timiskaming shall adopt a policy to ensure that no member of the public is permitted to enter or remain in the public areas of enclosed public spaces without wearing a mask or face covering.Toronto On June 30, Toronto City Council voted unanimously in favour of requiring masks or face coverings in all enclosed public places as of July 7. The bylaw will include exemptions for those who cannot wear a mask for medical reasons, children under the age of two, and other reasonable accommodations.Waterloo Region The Waterloo Region will begin enforcement of a face covering policy in certain enclosed public spaces such as retailers on July 13.Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph The Medical Officer for the Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Health Unit, as of June 12, has ordered commercial establishments from prohibiting persons from entering the premises or remaining in the premises or remaining in the premises if the said person is not wearing a face covering.Windsor-Essex County The Windsor-Essex County Health Unit has issued an order requiring commercial establishments operating in Windsor and Essex County to prohibit persons from entering or remaining on their premises if the said person is not wearing a face covering.York Region As of July 17, masks or face coverings are required inside			 Workshare program (temporary special measures) The work sharing agreement allows employees of COVID- 19 adversely affected business to work a temporary reduced workweek while receiving employment insurance benefits (up to 55% of their average insurable weekly wages and subject to a cap of \$573/week) for up to 76 weeks. Employees will be eligible if they are eligible for employment insurance benefits and agree to participate, the employer has been in business in Canada for at least 1 year, there has been a recent decrease in business activity of approximately 10% demonstrated within the last 6 months, and there is a temporary shortage of work beyond the control of the business. This program will be in effect from March 15, 2020 – March 14, 2021. Note: Certain employee shareholders and certain temporary employees are ineligible. Core employees who were laid off prior to the start date of the agreement are eligible. Note: Employers may opt to have the subsidy paid at the end of the year or transferred to the next year's remittance. This subsidy will also be considered taxable income. Canada Summer Jobs Program If you are a business that usually employs students or youth ages 15 to 30, the Government has announced temporary changes to the

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	 based private sector businesses that meet the following criteria: Possess an active and valid Business Number; Be registered, and in good standing with the Companies Office (not required for sole proprietors); Have not received funding support under the Canada Youth Employment Program; and Have an e-mail address and a valid business bank account.
	Saskatchewan The Government of Saskatchewan has announced a new temporary training program to help businesses train employees to enhance safety protocols and adjust business models as they re- open. The Re-Open Saskatchewan Training Subsidy (RSTS) program will reimburse eligible private- sector employers 100% of employee training costs up to a maximum of \$10,000 per business to mitigate against additional financial impacts from training required to support their safe re-opening. The application deadline for RSTS is July 31, 2020.
	Yukon The Yukon Business Relief Program (YBRP) is being extended to provide continued support to Yukon businesses affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The YBRP helps Yukon businesses that have experienced a 30% reduction in revenue and need immediate support to cover fixed costs, including rent, utilities and business insurance. Eligible businesses can apply for a grant of up to \$30,000 per month to cover fixed costs. The program has been extended to July 31,

Country Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
down retailers who do not enforce social distancing protocols.As of July 9, Quebec is imposing a new set of regulations on bars and clubs. The last call for alcoholic beverages will need to occur at midnight. Bars will be forced to operate at 50% capacity, all clients will need to be seated at their tables, and no dancing will be allowed.As of August 5, Quebec is authorizing the reopening of all economic activity sectors, except regular vacation camps with accommodation. PEI In PEI as of May 1, non- contact recreational activities were allowed, as were select outdoor and construction services. The province plans to allow retail businesses and select indoor services to reopen starting May 22. PEI also released retail operations 	enclosed public spaces in York Region. Quebec The Government of Quebec announced masks or face coverings will be mandatory across Quebec in all indoor public spaces as of July 18. The regulation applies to people ages 12 and up, though the recommendation applies to children as young as two. People with a medical condition that precludes them from wearing a mask will be excluded. Business owners failing to apply the new regulations could face fines between \$400 and \$6,000. As of August 1, individuals who refuse to wear masks could also face fines.			Canada Summer Jobs program. This will allow employers to: • receive an increased wage subsidy, so that private and public sector employers can also receive up to 100 per ce of the provincial or territorial minimum hourl wage for each employee • extend the end date for employment to February 28, 2021; • adapt their projects and job activities; • hire staff on a part-time basis. <u>Newfoundland and Labrador</u> <u>EwSP provides a temporary</u> <u>wage top-up to</u> essential workers employed during Ale level 4 and 5 of the COVID-1 pandemic and have a maximum gross monthly income of \$3,000. This applie to workers providing essentiar retail services. The eligibility period for this program is from March 15, 2020 – July 4, 202

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	2020. Applications will be <u>accepted</u> until August 31, 2020.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	hotels and some entertainment venues like movie theatres. As of July 23, British Columbia has set new rules for bars, nightclubs and restaurants. All patrons of bars and nightclubs must be seated at designated seats, there will be no liquor self-service, meaning no ordering at the bar, and dancing will not be allowed. Yukon Phase 1 of the territory's restart plan began on May 15. Phase 1 allows retailers, fitness studios, some services, farmers' markets, and food trucks to open with public health measures in place. Every business must complete an operational plan in order to reopen. Retailers should also follow specific <u>guidelines</u> relating to physical distancing, signage, hygiene, and flexible workplaces. As of July 1, Yukon entered <u>Phase 2</u> , which includes expanding social gatherings to a maximum of 50 people and expanded dine-in capacity at restaurants. As of August 1, Yukon entered Phase 3.					
China	<u>- nase o</u> .					1
Mainland China	 No lockdown. The country has come out of lockdown and is focusing on a return to normality. Measures are in place to monitor the temperature and general health of shoppers. Measure the temperature of persons before entering the majority of the retail units. Check a real-time digital health code³ of persons 	In most places, e.g. many shops except certain enclosed public places of entertainment and culture are open. For the public places providing life service, it is suggested by the State Council that low-risk areas should operate normally under the premise of good indoor ventilation, environmental cleaning and personnel health monitoring. While in medium and high-risk areas, the number of	For the enclosed entertainment and leisure places, it is suggested by the State Council that low, medium and high-risk areas should not open for business temporarily, and the specific requirements should be determined by the local epidemic situation of each city. Those in some areas, (e.g. Shenzhen, Shanghai, and several cities in Anhui, Jiangsu and Zhejiang), can reopen with limits on visitor numbers, strict	 VAT and local tax/surcharges incentives: The income derived by taxpayers from providing the prescribed services may be exempted from VAT and local tax/surcharges (City Construction Tax, Education Surcharges and Local Education Surcharges): Transportation of key supplies under the epidemic. Public transportation services 	Social securities (including the pension, unemployment insurance and employment- related injury insurance) contributed by employers may be reduced or fully exempted depending on the locations, as well as other facts and circumstances: Area: all Mainland China Applicable enterprise: small and micro-sized enterprises (SMEs) Social securities (by employers): Deferral	Temp suppo effect devel

³ These are QR codes generated by official authorized apps, based on the holder's health status, origin, exposure to COVID-19 patients, travel history, etc.; a green-code holder can move around freely, while a yellow or red code one should be in quarantine.

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
mporary Tax policies to pport/relieve in China (the ective period is subject to velopment of the epidemic): Cross-border donation: exemption on import duties and import-level taxes (VAT, CT). For prescribed imports from the USA, the tariff reduction obligations suspended will be resumed and the additional tariffs that	N/A

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	Tax	Selected other COVID-19-
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages	Rebates	related legislation relevant for retail business
	 before entering some retail units in several cities and provinces (e.g. Beijing, Shanghai, Guangdong, Hubei and Zhejiang Province). Further extend the detection scope to COVID-19 cases and close contacts with asymptomatic infected persons. Strictly focus on isolation and medical management, and release the information openly and transparently once asymptomatic infection is found. Implement 14 days quarantine for medical observation on entry for personnel from key epidemic countries. Strictly control and supervise the overseas air transportation and port quarantine. 	personnel should be limited to reduce crowding.	protection measures, and prior approval/filing with local governments. Large scale gathering sports activities such as marathons, religious gathering, and various exhibitions shall not be carried out temporarily.	 Lifestyle services Delivery services The above-mentioned policy shall become effective from 1 January 2020. The expiration date will be announced separately depending on the development of the epidemic. Monetary and fiscal supporting policies: Five Ministries jointly issued 30 financial supporting measures, which proposed to: remove the cap on foreign debt and facilitate online foreign debt registration; expand loan financing to key industries such as the manufacturing sector, private enterprises and small- sized enterprises with marginal profit; defer or reduce rents and interest on financial leasing businesses; and offer a fast track for foreign exchange verification, cancellation and settlement processes to support cross- border financing and RMB business for the contagion prevention and control. 	 contribution (with late payment surcharges waived) Applicable period: No more than six months, (local practices may vary) Housing funds Defer payment of housing funds till June 2020 Enterprises affected by the epidemic may apply to defer housing funds payments till the end of June 2020. Further, for individuals whom have borrowed from housing funds but may have failed to repay this part of their mortgage (due to the COVID-19 epidemic) will not be regarded as a noncompliance 	 have already been levied will be refunded. Domestic donation: CIT, VAT, CT and local tax/surcharge related incentives. Medical and daily living supplies: CIT, VAT and local tax/surcharge related incentives. Extension of loss carry- forward: extend the loss carry-forward period from 5 to 8 years for designated enterprises. SMEs: from March 1 to May 31, for the amount taxable at a rate of 3%, exempt such VAT for small-scale VAT taxpayers in Hubei and reduce such VAT collection rate to 1% for those in other regions. 	
Hong Kong (China)	No curfew, no emergency status. Special measures apply. Hong Kong government has banned public gatherings of more than four people, with exceptions, such as in the case of public transport, places of work, residential units, court hearings, government meetings until April 23, 2020 Restaurants are made to enact social distancing measures, ensuring their venues are only filled to 50% capacity. Eateries will have segregated seats and spaced out tables, ensuring no more than four	The majority of retail units, such as supermarkets, pharmacies and department stores remain open.	Many public entertainment facilities, including games centers, party rooms, bathhouses, fitness centers, skating rinks, barbecue sites, campsites and bowling alleys have closed their doors for 14 days from March 28, 2020. Karaoke, mahjong-tin kau and nightclub establishments, as well as karaoke and mahjong- tin kau activities in catering premises and clubhouses, have closed their doors for 14 days from April 1, 2020. Bars and premises selling liquor, including pubs as well as any part of a catering business premise or a	The Hong Kong government has waived rent for tenants at the Science Park, industrial estates and Cyberport.	The Hong Kong government has proposed a HK9,000 salary subsidy for six months, with individual payments capped at 50% of salaries on April 8, 2020. Eligible employers will be reimbursed in two installments beginning in June and must pledge not to lay off workers.	The Hong Kong government proposed a one-off reduction of profits tax, salaries tax and tax under personal assessment for the year of assessment 2019/20 by 100%, subject to a ceiling of \$20,000 per case. For profits tax, the ceiling of the tax reduction is applied to each business.	The Hong Kong government launched the Retail Sector Subsidy Scheme (the "Scheme") under the Anti- epidemic Fund (the "Fund") on March 23, 2020. Each eligible retail store will receive a one-off subsidy of \$80,000. The Scheme covers shops that sell tangible goods to the public for personal or household consumption or utilization. No processing or transformation of the goods should be involved in the resale process. Under the Scheme, eligible retail stores do not include: (1) stores with licences for

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	people per table until April 23, 2020. Staff must wear masks and premises must provide hand disinfectants . Customers are also required to wear masks when they enter the restaurants and should only remove them when they eat. They also need to have their body temperature taken by restaurant staff.		clubhouse mainly used for the sale or supply of intoxicating liquors for consumption, have closed their doors for 14 days from 6pm on April 3, 2020. Beauty and massage parlours have been ordered to close for 14 days, starting on April 10, 2020.				restaurants, canteens, light refreshment restaurants, fresh provision shops, food factories, bakeries, siu mei and lo mei shops issued by the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department; (2) hawkers (including licensed hawkers); (3) mobile stalls and counters in department stores without a payment system and stores operating under a short-term tenancy of a duration less than six months; and (4) retail stores conducting non-store retailing via mail order, internet or direct marketing sales only. Under the Scheme, the maximum amount of subsidy for a parent company that operates retail groups or chain stores under the same business registration is \$3 million (equivalent to no more than 38 stores).
Costa Rica	 National Emergency Declaration The Costa Rican government has established conditions for yellow and orange cities to set the rulings, being orang the ones with mayor restrictions Vehicle restriction for yellow and orange cities, as follows: <u>Orange</u> Daytime vehicle restriction from 5 am to 5 pm Monday to Sunday ALL DAYS after 5 pm and until 5 am except for exceptions no one can transit Weekends from 5 am to 5 pm drivers with vehicles that have license plates cannot drive around they can only go to authorize establishments with authorize license plates: Saturdays pairs: 0 2 4 6 8 Sundays odd: 1 3 5 7 	 Orange From Monday to Sunday 24/7 all establishments most be closed except: Supermarkets, grocery stores and mini- supermarkets (food, beverage, grocery, cleaning and hygiene supplies, and basic needs section) Bakeries, butchers and greengrocers Sale of agricultural, veterinary and hygiene supplies. Agricultural, livestock, fishing and aquaculture products. Laundries, hardware stores, locksmiths, glass shops. Riteve (RTV), repair of automobiles, equipment and machinery, lubrication centers, sale of spare parts. Banking and financial services. 	Bars, nightclubs and casinos, , are closed permanently without exception.	N/A	Employees of private sector with suspension of labor contract, of reduction in their work hours can obtain their Fondo de Capitalizacion Laboral. This benefit could only be obtained by the termination of the labor contract or if the person had five years in the same company.	 PROYECTO DE ALIVIO FISCAL ANTE EL COVID-19, which provides: Moratorium on income taxes, VAT, consumer selective tax, the debt may be paid without surcharges in December. Tariffs generated in March, April and May, extendable for 1 month. The payment of leases of commercial premises will be exempt from VAT for three months. Public and private banking have taken actions such as: decrease in interest rates, extension of the term of the credits, extension in the payment of the principal and / or interest, or extraordinary payments to the principal amount without penalty. 	Any person that fail to comply with health orders will be subject to monetary fines and prison.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	 <u>Yellow:</u> Daytime vehicle restriction from 5 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday ALL DAYS after 10 pm and until 5 am except for exceptions no one can transit Weekends from 5 am to 7 pm drivers with vehicles that have license plates cannot drive around they can only go to authorize establishments with authorize license plates: 	 Funeral homes and wake chapels. All this services most operate at a 50% of people Yellow Establishments in the yellow zone with a health permit for public service may open regularly and continue the phase III reopening from Monday to Sunday (restaurants, shops and gyms at 50%, places of worship with a maximum of 75 people, farmer's fairs with a differentiated strip, among others), in strict compliance with protocols. The hotels will be able to operate with a capacity of 100% and common areas at 50%, and the opening of bars, discotheques, casinos and public parks is not allowed. 					
Czech Republic	As of September 10, 2020, people are obliged to wear protective masks (i) on public transport and (ii) in all interior spaces with the exception of restaurants during consumption of food and drinks, and when people are doing sports. Furthermore, people working in interior spaces (i.e. office premises, warehouses etc.) are obliged to wear protective masks if social distancing cannot be kept (2 meters) with the exception of moderators, editors, artists and participants inthe judicial proceedings. As of September 9, 2020, due to a local outbreak of the COVID-19 virus in Prague, restaurants, bars and similar catering facilities have to be closed from 12 pm until 6 am, with the possibility to sell takeaway food.	As of May 25, 2020, all facilities have been reopened. However, the hygienic measures (e.g. social distancing, use of disinfectants and protective masks) still apply. The operator of each facility has to actively prevent the gatherings of people which do not comply with the hygienic measures.	None, as of May 25, 2020, all facilities have been reopened. However, the hygienic measures (e.g. social distancing, use of disinfectants and protective masks) still apply.	The government has introduced a supportive measure under which the rent payment for non-residential premises, which were closed due to the government measures related to COVID- 19, shall be paid by the Government in the amount corresponding to 50% of the original rent retrospectively for the period from April 1, 2020, until June 30, 2020, subject to the condition that the landlord provided a tenant with a 30% rent discount. The applications for this supportive measure can be submitted from June 26, 2020 until 30 September 2020 and the subsidy is limited to CZK 10 million per tenant.	The so-called Antivirus Program was introduced for the protection of employment. This program mainly consists of subsidies for wage payments, which are paid to the employees by the employers affected by COVID- 19 and related government measures. The subsidies will be provided up to 80% of the wage compensation, up to the maximum amount of CZK 39,000 / month / employee, until 31 October 2020.	In general, more benevolent policies of the tax and customs authorities were introduced, however, the relevant periods for which the special laws applied have already passed. Deduction of the tax loss retrospectively in the two preceding years, i.e. in the case of a loss in the taxable period beginning in the year 2020, it will be possible to deduct this loss from the tax base for taxable periods 2019 and 2018, which will lead to recovering the tax for these years.	The Chamber of Deputies and Senate approved a voluntary postponement of the repayment of loans and mortgages agreed before March 26, 2020, for three or six months. The postponement has to be requested by the debtor and the debtor has to declare that the request is made because of the COVID- 19 pandemic situation. However, the banks do not have a duty to analyze the truthfulness of such a declaration. The Chamber of Deputies approved an act incorporating several changes in the regulation of insolvency proceedings. No insolvency petitions filed by creditors until August 31, 2020, will be taken into account, with no exceptions.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	As of September 9, 2020, people are obliged to submit a negative COVID-19 test confirmation or stay quarantined if travelling from Prague to Germany. Belgium plans to introduce the same precautionary measure as of September 11, 2020. As of September 1, 2020, exterior public events (cultural, social and sporting) of up to 1,000 people are allowed and interior public events of up to 500 people are allowed. Further, exterior mass events (i.e. held in sport arenas or exhibition palaces) of more than 1,000 people are allowed, provided that such arenas/palaces have separated sectors where in each sector only 1,000 people can be present. A limit of 500 people in each sector applies for interior mass events. As of May 25, 2020, all facilities have been reopened.					
El Salvador	 The most relevant measures taken by El Salvadors government to minimize the spread of COVID-19 are: Declares the national territory as an epidemic zone subject to health control is established home quarantine. Persons not covered by the exceptions of the decree must keep mandatory home quarantine. The decree further states that individuals are required to allow entry from the Ministry of Public Health to inspect sanitary measures taken at home. 	 The retail stores exempted from the lockdown are: Call centers that provide services for drug care, food, electricity, telecommunications, banking, financial and medical services. Food and beverage processing industry and its distribution chain, except "boquitas", "snacks", treats and the like. Water industry and its distribution. Industry of cleaning and hygiene products of surfaces and personal hygiene products. 	The retail stores that are not listed before are comprised by the lockdown and remain closed.	Those who are directly affected by the mandatory home quarantine/emergency will not incur in default of contractual obligations or civil or commercial penalties (which includes leases agreements).	Mostly all administrative staff in the public and private sector are working from home.	Susp some file p 2019 2020 dead exter Peop affec mea susp loans mon inter cred paid rema long

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	Further, the statutory obligation to file for insolvency on behalf of the insolvent debtor is suspended until six months after the end of the government's measures, however no later than December 31, 2020. This provision applies only for companies that had not been insolvent before the measures were introduced, and the insolvency of which is a direct consequence of those measures.
	All companies negatively influenced by COVID-19 and the related government measures will have the right to apply for a special moratorium until August 31, 2020. The court will grant it to a debtor that was not insolvent as of March 12, 2020, that is currently facing problems as a direct consequence of the government's measures, and that has not paid extraordinary profit shares or other payments to its owners since January 12, 2020. The special moratorium can last for up to three months and can be prolonged by another three months if the majority of creditors agree.
Suspension of tax obligations, some sectors are authorized to ille payment for the ISR for 2019 no later than May 31 st , 2020 and in case of requesting deadline for payment, it extends to 8 months.	N/A
People who are directly affected by emergency the measures. Can apply for the suspension of payment of oans and credit cards for 3 months, without generating nterest payment, or affecting credit, the amounts due will be baid within 2 years or the remaining credit term if it is onger than 2 years.	

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	Тах	Selected other COVID-19-
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages	Rebates	related legislation relevant for retail business
	The decree allows government appointees and employees involved in the control and attention of the virus to move freely. It also allows people that take care of elders and children to move freely. The decree also allows employees that are involved in the activities permitted by The Regulation of the isolation, quarantine, observation, and vigilance regarding COVID-19. 	 Pharmaceutical industry and its distribution chain. Industry of plastic bags, plastic packaging, paper and cardboard, packaging and labels. Agricultural sector, agribusiness, beekeeping and fishing. Industry of inputs for agriculture. Industry of spinning mills related to the preparation of fabric necessary for sheets, gabachas, masks, hats and implements of hospitals and health network. Bakery industry. Cosmetic industry only if it is transformed into a drug industry. Some automotive workshops authorized by the Ministry of Health. Hardware stores, with 30% of their capacity installed and serving demands only from the Police, ISSS, Ministry of Health, FOSALUD, ANDA, MOP, among others related to repairs and construction of facilities to meet the Pandemic. Financial services (having to work at 50% of its installed capacity). Veterinarians to attend emergencies. Security services. Gas stations. Private and taxi transport, freight transport of the items authorized by the Decree or those that enter by commercial exchange at customs. Electric generators. Propane distribution services, drinking water, postal services. Aviation support services. 				A package of laws including tax incentives is under consideration by Congress	

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
France	 Emergency law of March 23, 2020, to deal with the COVID-19 epidemic: A state of health emergency is declared for two months, i.e. until May 24, 2020. The whole of the French population was in quarantine from March 17, 2020, to May 11, 2020. Since, life has started to return to normal. Kindergardens, primary and secondary schools have reopened but high schools and universities remain closed. Since phase 3 of "deconfinement" (i.e. since June 2020), teleworking is no longer the norm but remains a solution to be encouraged as part of a gradual return to working on site. In particular, the following protection measures for employees shall apply: Keeping a safe distance (at least 1 meter) and simple but effective measures must be followed (washing your hands, disposable tissues, coughing into your elbow, etc.); If there is a risk of physical distance being infringed,: employees have to wear a mask. Install protective devices (e.g. transparent screens) if necessary in close spaces where a sufficient physical distance cannot be maintained (e.g. side-by-side or face-to-face workstations) Ventilate closed rooms regularly (every three hours) for 15 minutes or ensure a supply of fresh air. 	All retail units have reopened.	Night clubs are still closed.	Ordinance n°2020-306 of March 25, 2020, modified several times, relating to the extension of time limits during the period of the public health emergency and the adaptation of procedures during this period, provides for certain contractual arrangements that affect landlords.Periodic penalty payments, penalty clauses, termination clauses and forfeiture clauses, whose purpose is to punish failure to fulfil an obligation within a given period, are deemed not to have taken effect during the legally protected period i.e. from March 12 to June 23, 2020. They shall then take effect as from June 24, 2020, if the debtor has not fulfilled its obligation by that time. This extension of the expired time limits does not constitute a cause for suspension, interruption or postponement 	On the basis of the Law No. 2020-290 of March 23, 2020, as an emergency response to the COVID-19 epidemic, the government has issued several orders and decrees allowing in particular the following measures: 1. Enforce employees to take paid vacation days The Order No. 2020-323 of March 25, 2020, allows employers, subject to the existence of a branch agreement or an in-house collective agreement to (i) force employees to take paid vacation days and to (ii) change the vacation dates. <u>Maximum:</u> up to six working days. <u>Minimum notice period:</u> one day. <u>Deadline for imposing the taking of paid vacation days :</u> December 31, 2020. 2. Enforce employees to take rest days (RTT days) If employees benefit from rest days (RTT days) to compensate for working time that exceeds 35 hours per week, or which are granted to employees who are working under a fixed number of hours/days per year, the Order No. 2020-323 of March 25, 2020, allows employers to (i) impose or (ii) modify the rest days acquired by the employee and (iii) impose all rest days assigned to the employee's time savings account ("compte épargne temps" CET). <u>Maximum:</u> up to 10 rest days. <u>Minimum notice period:</u> 1 day.	 VAT: There is deadline but it is j estimate March a maximul 20%. In turnover only 80% amount activity h or more, only 50% amount There is the inpu producti healthca populatii is sold a hand sa Reductio 5.5% on healthca non-prof some hy as hand Decemb Postpor adjustm (CIT, CV Deferral three mod April. Deferral three mod April.

is no deferral of the ne for making returns, s possible to make an ate for VAT return (in and April) with a num margin of error of In case of a decrease of er, it is possible to pay 0% of the declared nt in February. If the has decreased by 50% re, it is possible to pay 0% of the declared nt in February. is a possibility to deduct out VAT due on the ction of protections for care professionals and tion (even if the product at cost). e.g. masks, sanitizers.

ction of the VAT rate to on protections for care professionals and rofessionals (e.g. masks, hygiene products such nd sanitizers) until nber 31, 2021.

onement and tment of direct taxes CVAE, CFE):

al of direct taxes (up to months) for March and

al of CIT and CVAE tax be due in relation of the 19 from May 5 to June 30 for companies in lties).

own-payments : bility to adjust the bayments of CIT in order e into account the ation of the current year. al margin of error without ation of penalties (30% he, 20% for September, or December). Normal ions apply for the last bayment if the turnover ds €250 million.

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

Prohibition of distributions: Dividends and shares buybacks are prohibited in cases of government support (direct taxes and social contribution deferral, bank guarantees).

This prohibition only concerns the largest corporations/ groups (5,000 employees in France or a turnover of \in 1.5 billion in France).

A group is made up of chains of 95% ownership. The commitment to freeze distributions covers the whole group.

Some exceptions are provided. In case of non-compliance, companies have to refund the government, and penalties will apply (5% of the subsidy and 0.2% interest per month). Moreover, these companies must not have their registered office or a subsidiary company in any of the Non-Cooperative Countries and Territories (Anguilla, Bahamas, British Virgin Islands, Panama, Seychelles, Vanuatu, Fiji, Guam, American Virgin Islands, Oman, American Samoa, Trinidad and Tobago).

25% reduction of directors pay:

Corporations must reduce directors' pay by 25%. However, at the present time we do not know which corporations this applies to. According to early rumors, this measure only concerns the corporations that benefit from the partial unemployment measures.

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	Тах	Selected other COVID-19-
o cunting	Has any special status			Have special laws related	Packages	Rebates	related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been			relevant for retail
				implemented			business
	 Regularly clean objects and surfaces, including 			consequences of the spread of the COVID-19 epidemic and	Deadline for imposing the taking of rest days : December	If the second downpayment due on June 15 is not	
	sanitary facilities, with a			the measures taken to limit this		calculated on the basis of the	
	product that is active			spread.	2 Incentives and profit	current full year, there is a	
	against the virus.Avoid wearing gloves			This benefits all small and	3. Incentives and profit- sharing	possibility to make the payment on June 30.	
	• Avoid wearing gloves			medium enterprises that:	-		
				- Employ up to 10 employees;	The Order No. 2020-322 of March 25, 2020, allows the	If the first downpayment has been postponed (normally due	
					possibility for companies	on March 15): (i) it is due on	
				- And have less than €1 million	experiencing cash-flow	June 15, (ii) it cannot be	
				in turnover and less than €60,000 in annual taxable	difficulties to postpone the payment of profit-sharing and	adjusted, and (iii) the second downpayment due on June 15	
				profit;	incentive bonuses.	is canceled (regularization with	
				- And which have been the	Deadline for the payment:	the third).	
				subject of an administrative	December 31, 2020.	CVAE down-payments:	
				closure under the state of		For both downpayments (due	
				health emergency (the company is eligible even if it	4. Partial activity scheme	on June 15 and September 15), companies can calculate	
				continues a residual activity:	The Decree No. 2020-325 of	this down-payment based on	
				takeaway sales, delivery or	March 25, 2020, aims to	the basis of the estimated	
				withdrawal of orders);	strengthen the mechanism of partial activity. A recent	CVAE of the current fiscal year with a special margin of error	
				Or have suffered a loss of	Decree No 2020-810 of June	(30% for the first, 20% for the	
				turnover of at least 50% in	29, 2020, modified the	second).	
				March 2020 compared to March 2019;	repayment terms of this mechanism.	If the downpayment is based on the FY2019, there is a	
						possibility to make the	
				These companies may benefit from a first grant of up to	Procedure: The employer has 30 days to present its request	payment on June 30.	
				€1,500 and may benefit from	as from the date of the partial	CFE downpayment:	
				additional aid ranging from	activity and the state will	Possibility to take into account,	
				€2,000 to €5,000 to pay all expenses and especially the	reimburse the hours not worked as from March 1.	from the first downpayment due on June, the effect of the	
				rent (according to the turnover	The administration has two	CET capping on the basis to	
				loss).	days to answer.	the added value in order to	
				Ordinance n° 2020-316 of	Consultation with the CSE (works council) is compulsory	limit this downpayment.	
				March 25, 2020, concernuing	for companies with at least 50		
				the payment of rent, water, gas and electricity bills relating to	employees. The administration allowed companies to provide	Postponement of social contributions:	
				the business premises of	it with this CSE opinion within	General deferral of social	
				companies whose activity is	two months after the sending	contributions for March and	
				affected by the spread of the COVID-19 epidemic.	of the request for partial activity, when prior	April. For May and June, it only	
					consultation was not possible.	concerns companies in	
				The same companies as	Duration: 12 months	difficulties.	
				mentioned above also benefit from the following protections:	Duration: 12 months.	Other measures:	
					Modalities: reduction of the	Acceleration of repayment for	
				A prohibition on the application	working time or closure of a service/department/company.	claims on the government (e.g tax credit, VAT). There is a	
				of financial penalties, damages, the enforcement of	service/department/company.	possibility to claim the	
				termination or penalty clauses	Partial activity compensation:	repayment due on 2020 (after	
				or the activation of guarantees or sureties, due to the non-	The employer must pay at least a compensatory	offsetting the 2019 CIT).	
				payment of rent or rental	allowance equal to 70% of the		

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
				charges relating to the professional and commercial premises of these companies; A prohibition on the suspension, interruption and reduction of the supply of electricity, gas and water; If these companies request so, landlords must provide for the payment of the corresponding bills to be staggered over time, without penalty. A mediation mission on commercial rents was launched and led to the establishment of a charter to help landlords and tenants to find a balance regarding the payment of rents.	employee's gross remuneration. This corresponds for the employee to approximately 84% of the gross remuneration. The branch collective bargaining agreement applicable to the company may provide specific provisions regarding partial activity, notably the payment of a compensatory indemnity higher than the 70% legal compensation. This allowance is at least equal to the SMIC (€8.03 net). The compensatory allowance is not subject to social security charges. For the employee, it is subject to a specific social contribution (CSG/CRDS) at the rate of 6.7%. <u>The state reimbursement:</u> Since 1 June, the level of partial activity coverage has been modified (Order No 2020-7070 of June 24, 2020, and Decree No 2020-810 of June 29, 2020). The state reimburses the company for the 60% allowance (70% before June 1), capped at 4.5 SMIC (minimum salary) (i.e. €27.41 per hour). Given that the allowance paid to employees is still calculated at a rate of 70% of the employee's gross remuneration, this means that the company has to bear the remainder of the costs. In certain sectors particularly affected by the economic and financial consequences of COVID-19 (e.g. tourism, hotels, restaurants, cultural sports, air transport, events) the reimbursement of the allowance by the state is maintained at 70%. This 70% reimbursement is also maintained more broadly in sectors whose main activity involves receiving the public and is interrupted due to the	Overti Increa overti tax an contril €7,500 the ov 16 to 1 health July 1 The S Finance of land comm rent d Not ye amen 2020) Possil repay receiv the leg years. submi 2020 o FY 20 20% is year fe liquida done o 0,2% i

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

ertime hours : creased exemption on ertime hours from income a and employee ntributions from €5,000 to ,500 (but this only concerns e overtime hours from March to the end of the state of alth emergency (fixed on by 10, 2020).

e Second Amending ance Bill sets up an entive scheme for landlords and income, industrial and nmercial profits and nonnmercial profits to waive t debts to companies.

t yet adopted (third ended Finance bill for 20) :

basisbility to request early basisbility to request early bayment of carry-back ceivables without waiting for e legally prescribed five ars. The application must be bmitted by December 31, 20 (or January 1, 2021, for 7 2020). Margin of error of % is allowed for the fiscal ar for which the tax uidation has not yet been ne (5% of penalties, and 2% per month on the entire cess unduly reimbursed if e margin is exceeded).

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment
Country	Has any special status			Have special laws related	Packages
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been	-
				implemented	
					spread of COVID-19, excluding voluntary closures.
					5. The exceptional purchasing bonus
					Order No. 2020-385 of April 1, 2020, relaxes the conditions for granting the exceptional purchasing bonus which was introduced at the end of 2018 by Law No. 2018-1213 on temporary economic and social emergency measures and which is exempted from tax and social security contributions:
					• This bonus may be paid in companies that have not concluded a profit-sharing agreement.
					Maximum amount exempted from tax and social security contributions: €1,000.
					• A higher maximum amount for companies that have set up a profit- sharing agreement only.
					<u>Maximum amount exempted</u> <u>from tax and social security</u> <u>contributions</u> : €2,000.
					• Postponement of the deadline for its payment.
					Deadline: August 31, 2020.
					 Possibilities for adjustment of the amount of the premium between employees.
					By collective agreement or unilateral decision of the employer.
					Criteria used can be linked to: remuneration, classification level, length of presence in the company, the COVID-19 epidemic.

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-1 related legislation relevant for retail business
Germany	All German federal states (<i>Länder</i>) have adopted similar ordinances pursuant to which (i) in some <i>Länder</i> gatherings in public spaces still remain limited to between 10 and 25 people; (ii) events (such as trade fairs, conventions, etc.) are allowed under certain restrictions (e.g. the number of visitors are limited (to between 100 and 5,000), depending on the available space, the type of event, the hygiene procedures and whether it is an indoor or outdoor event). The applicable limits vary between the <i>Länder.</i> The wearing of masks in public transport and stores is mandatory.	The lockdown of retail stores does not apply anymore. However, all stores have to comply with strict hygiene rules, which generally are as follows: (i) a distance between customers, staff, etc. of 1.5m has to be respected, (ii) disinfectants must be made available, (iii) control on the number of customers that are allowed to visit the shop at the same time. The actual hygiene rules deviates from state to state. Restaurants and hotels are open again and must comply with a strict hygiene regime.	None.	According to a law, which entered into force on April 1, 2020, the non-payment of rents due for April, May and June 2020 does not entitle the landlord to terminate the lease until June 30, 2022, provided that the non-performance is due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Although, the non-payment does not lead to a termination right of the landlord, the claim of the landlord for the payment of the rent remains in place.	The German government has expanded its short-time work scheme, which provides compensation to certain workers whose working hours have to be reduced. Short-time work is the temporary reduction of working hours with a corresponding reduction in pay. Compensation for short- time work is paid by official employment agencies as a partial replacement for the wages that workers lose due to temporary work shortages.	 Tax payment deferrals: If, as a result of the economic effects caused by the coronavirus pandemic, businesses cannot afford to pay taxes that are due in 2020, they can apply for temporary, interest-free deferrals of these payments. This measure applies to income tax, corporation tax and VAT. Adjustments to tax prepayments: Companies can request adjustments to the amount of their income tax prepayments and corporate tax prepayments. The same applies to the base tax amount used to determine trade tax prepayments. Suspension of enforcement measures: Measures to enforce the payment of overdue taxes will be waived through the end of 2020. Latepayment penalties that fall due under the law during this period will be waived as well. This applies to income tax, corporation tax and VAT. VAT Reduction: From July 1, 2020, until December 31, 2020, reduced VAT rates apply (16% instead of 19% and 5% instead of 7%). 	
Guatemala	 The Guatemalan Government has taken measures to minimize the spread of COVID-19. The most relevant measures are: Has declared State of emergency until May 29th, 2020. As well as a Curfew or lockdown to all people that limits the transit and movement, of crew, passengers, vehicles of all types of ground transport between 18:00 and 4:00 am. Restriction to travel within departments (territorial 	 The retail stores exempted from the lockdown are: Wholesale and retail supermarkets, local food retail stores. Pharmacies. Gas stations. Telecommunications Shopping plazas (as long as each store or unit have individual entrance to the parking lot). With space restrictions for area: call center, contractors lawyers. 	The retail stores that are not listed before are comprised by the lockdown and remain closed.	N/A	All public offices and private companies are closed with exception of companies that provide essential public and basic services, such as telecommunications, hospitals, pharmacies, supermarkets, among others, are excluded. Until May 3 rd , 2020. Anyone quarantined will receive their regular salary without any affectation.	 The Superintendencia de Administración Tributaria, resolution SAT DSI 280-2020 was published in the Official Journal, declaring non- business day from March 24 to April 14 (inclusive), for the complains of the tax obligations. The tax calendar remains as follows: Annual Income Tax expired on April 15, 2020 Quarterly Income Tax will expire on April 30, 2020 	N/A

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	 division). Transfers have been limited within the departments. The exceptions are: Healthcare personnel Anyone with a medical emergency. Transport of merchandise and goods 					 Valu Febri 15, 2 Valu Mara 30, 2 The with
	 The exception for the curfew are: Healthcare personnel Government officials Authorized retails employees for the functioning of the stores Pharmacy employs Police Telecommunications operatives Lawyers as long as they demonstrate that they are assisting a criminal case for crime or flagrant misconduct or by submitting a constitutional guarantee. The exception is not 					expi • The withl expi • The first sam Relevant contained 12-2020 Republic protect G effects ca • Defi the • Exe to n The Mon
	 As of Monday, April 13, it is noted that anyone who does not wear a protection mask in public places may be fined 7 thousand to 150 thousand quetzales. 					Monteria 32-2020 measure 180 caler to protec persons financial of diminis productiv Covid-19
Honduras	 Form the 21th of august, Honduran government decided to continue with the implementation of the intelligent reopening that consist of the following most relevant measures: It enabled the circulation of Saturdays and Sundays, The circulation hours were extended from 6:00am to 8:00pm, 	 From the 21th of august, in the Central District and San Pedro Sula: Wholesale and retail supermarkets, local food retail stores and agro-food industry Pharmacies. Gas stations. Telecommunications. Banks. Security companies. Textile industry. 	The retail stores that are not listed before remain closed. Banks are open on weekends only from 10am to 2pm.	N/A	The following measures are the most relevant: Honduran Government is working on a Labor Relief Plan to safeguard jobs in the country: • The Ministry of Labor announced that coronavirus quarantine could be a. taken into account of vacation dates, b. readjustment of	The National Approved Productive Workers Effects of Caused by of its most include:

Tax	
Rebates	

alue Added Tax for ebruary expired on April 5, 2020

alue Added Tax for arch will expire on April 0, 2020

he Income Tax ithholdings for March will kpire on April 28, 2020 he Value Added Tax ithholding for March will kpire on May 6, 2020 he Solidarity Tax for the est quarter remains the ame

ant fiscal aspects ned in Decree Number 20 of the Congress of the olic, Emergency Law to the Guatemalans from the soccused by COVID-19: Deferral of payment of the Solidarity Tax (ISO) Exemption for donations on non-profit entities

Ionteria Board (Junta ria) issued resolution JM 20 in which temporary ures with a valid force of alendar days are issued tect individual and legal hs who are debtors of the ial system for the impact inishing the country's ctive activities from the -19 pandemic.

ational Congress ved the Law of Aid to the ctive Sector and rs in the Face of the s of the Pandemic d by COVID-19. Some nost relevant measures

Extension for the payment and declaration of income tax was granted to small and medium Electronic Signature Law (reformed by decree No. 33-2020 April 2, 2020) which now allows contracts to be signed electronically between all entities supervised by the National Commission of Banks and Insurances (CNBS) and replace physical copies of documents with digital ones. Digital signatures used or created outside of Honduras will now have the same legal effects within the country.

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	 Still open of shopping malls, but food courts and movie theatres remain closed. Restaurants may only operate through delivery, but gradually allow clients to come in. Entertainment centres must remain closed Circulation is regulated based on the last digit of the ID number. (One number per day, including weekends) It is important to note that the Central District and San Pedro Sula both remain in phase 1. Which means that the following most relevant measures are being in forced: Circulation is regulated based on the last digit of the ID number. (One number per day.) And the Tourist Sector has been allowed to operate, the reservation is valid as letter of safe –conduct, including companies : Hotels Natural Reserves Rent a car Tours operators Travel Agency 	 Restaurants with delivery and take-away food services. Energy Sector. Hardware Stores. 			 worker's salary, c. reason to suspend work contracts, among other measures. The government has provided the option to abide to the national decree 33-2020. This decree grants workers who contribute to the Private Contribution Regime (RAP) or companies that are hosted by the Free Zone Regime and the Tourism sector companies a "temporary solidarity contribution" that will be financed by the RAP, the State of Honduras and the private sector. Also, please take note of the following: The term to request authorization to suspend contracts must be within 3 business days following the end of the Curfew. Employees and employers can reach agreements that bring greater benefits than the ones already given by the law. These agreements have to be notified immediately to the Ministry of Labor and Social Security. If you wish to know more about this topic, please read our COVID-19 Return to Work Tracker. 	•

Тах	Selected other COVID-19-
Rebates	related legislation
Repared	relevant for retail
	business
taxpayers until June 30. (A further extension was approved with a the new deadline being: August 31, 2020 and was granted to those who have not operated during the state of national emergency) If the small and medium taxpayers file the declaration and pay, the income tax, a discount of 8.5% can be applied. The installments of the Payments on Account of the Income Tax corresponding to the fiscal period 2020, should be calculated on the seventy-five percent (75%) of the amount of the Income Tax determined in 2019. Extend the deadline for submission of the Annual Informative Affidavit of Prices of Transfer of the fiscal year 2019. All days comprehended during the COVID-19 emergency period will be considered non- business days. The tax payers who do not suspend any of their workers are going to receive an additional special deduction from the gross income equivalent to 10% the salaries paid during the state of emergency. Regarding the advance payment notices for the 2020 fiscal period, the dates have been changed to the following : • First payment, until August 31, 2020; • Second payment	Also, while a Law or reform is approved, all private contracts, and any other type of negotiation business or legal related will be valid as long as consent can be proven. In order to safeguard public, Honduran government, communicated on the18th of March through the Economic Development Secretary that the prices of all goods considered basic remain frozen during the emergency period. It is also important to note, that in the decree 21- 2020, the General Direction of Consumer Protection was authorized to carry out inspections to ensure that prices of basic goods are not elevated beyond the established maximum.

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented		
						If you w this topi <u>COVID-</u>
Hungary	As of June 18, 2020, the state of emergency has been lifted. At the same time a state of "epidemiological preparedness" was implemented and the government will review its necessity every three months. As of May 18, 2020, curfew and store opening restrictions have been lifted. Stores and service providers can open. Outdoor baths, outdoor museums and zoos can also open, parks and other public areas can be visited. Outdoor events can be held, providing they observe certain regulations. Indoor and outdoor music and dance events can be held if the number of people present (including employees) does not exceed 500. In restaurants and cafes customers can stay and consume indoors and outdoors. Keeping 1.5 m distance is recommended by the operative board in charge.	As of May 18, 2020, retail units in Hungary can be open without time limitation and can be visited by customers. When in a store, customers must cover their nose and mouth (by a mask, scarf, etc.). As of May 29, customers can consume indoors in restaurants, cafes, buffets etc. as well (staff must keep their nose and mouth covered in areas attended by customers). No retail unit is obliged by law to be closed.	No retail unit is obliged by law to be closed.	Not applicable after September 1, 2020.	Not applicable after August 31, 2020.	Besides package rebates Taxpaye pay tour (4% for services accomm exempte assess paymen develop betweer Decemb Deadlin the asse and pay small bu KIVA), I special i until Sep Financia obligatio 31 st of M the 30 th After the emerge includin, have the for the p instalme (up to H EUR 14 difficultie pandem

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
• Third payment December 31, 2020 During the state of emergency, tax documents that expire within the duration of the state of emergency can be used. wish to know more about bic, please read our 0-19 Tax Tracker.	Nose and mouth must be
ges the following tax s have been introduced yers that are obliged to urism development tax r mainly catering es (restaurants etc.) and modation services) are ted from the sment, submission and nt the tourism pment tax for the period en 1 March and 31 aber 2020. The were extended for sessment, submission yment of corporate tax, business tax (so-called: local business tax and l innovation contribution eptember 30. ial statement filing ions (generally due until May) are extended until h of September. the end of the state of ency, taxpayers – ing businesses – will the opportunity to apply postponement or the opportunity to apply postponement or the are caused by the mic. tations can apply for tax ent of 1 tax type up to nax. HUF 5 million, the taxpayer go out of	 covered when in a retail unit. As of May 1, 2020, a special tax will apply to retailers, and it was implemented as a permanent tax obligation as of June 10, 2020.Online and offline retailers (including foreign businesses delivering sales to Hungary) fall under the scope of the special tax. The tax base is the net income from the taxable activities of the whole tax. The net income shall include all commission and discount given in connection with the taxable activity. The tax rate is 0% after the tax base not exceeding HUF 500 million (approximately €1.425 million); 0.1% after the tax base exceeding HUF 500 million (approximately €1.425 million) but not exceeding HUF 30 billion (approximately €85.47 million); 0.4% after the tax base exceeding HUF 30 billion (approximately EUR €85.47 million) but not exceeding HUF 100 billion (approximately EUR €85.47 million); 2.5% after the tax base exceeding HUF 100 billion (approximately €284.9 million).

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19 related legislation relevant for retail business
talı	State of emergency and	Yes, in general.	None	The following measures have	Law Decree n. 34 of May 1,	business due to the impact of the pandemic. Special tax obligation to have cash registers and vending machines examined yearly are postponed and can be done until the 120 th day after the end of the state of emergency. With Law Decrees nn. 18 of	Special rules apply for the ta assessment of related entitie Pre-payment obligations app
Italy	State of emergency and curfew Containment measures to prevent the spread of the epidemic (e.g. social distance and protective equipment) must be implemented and complied with.	res, in general. Specific containment measures to prevent the epidemic spread, including minimum distance among people at workspace, safety and hygienic measures shall be complied with.		 The following measures have been adopted by the Government –pursuant to Law Decree n. 18 of 17th March 2020 converted into Law no. 27/2020 on April 29, 2020) – which might have an impact on the retail business: (i) Granting of a tax credit to business operators for an amount equal to 60% of the rent paid for the month of March 2020 for the lease of properties identified with cadastral category C/1 (shops and workshops), except for certain specific activities deemed essential; (ii) In case the non-fulfilment of the debtor's obligations under a contract is due to the debtor's compliance with any containment measures adopted by the Government, such measures shall be deemed as force majeure event for the purpose of assessing the debtor's civil liability for breach; (iii) Suspension of the enforcement of the orders of release of real estate properties, including those for non-residential use, until September 1, 2020. The following measures have been adopted by Law Decree n. 34 of May 19, 2020 (so called "Decreto Rilancio"), which might have an impact on the retail business: (i) Granting of a tax credit up to 60% of the rent paid for the months of March, April and May 2020 under non-residential lease agreements, financial lease agreements or concession agreements to 	Law Decree n. 34 of May 1, 2020 (so called "Decreto <i>Rilancio</i> ") strengthened the measures aimed to ensure economic support to employers and employees already introduced by Law Decree no. 18 of March 17, 2020. In particular: (i) the possibility to access the COVID-19 social security shock absorbers (e.g. Ordinary Unemployment Benefit – <i>CIGO</i> ; Extraordinary Unemployment Benefit – <i>CIGS</i> ; Wage Integration Fund - <i>FIS</i>) has been extended up to 14 weeks for the period February 23, 2020 - August 31, 2020, plus four additional weeks to be submitted in the period September 1, 2020 - October 31, 2020; (ii) an allowance for certain self-employed persons; (iii) a ban on dismissals: employers shall not be entitled to order individual or collective dismissals for 5 months starting from March 17, 2020. Furthermore until the end of the state of health emergency, employers are recommended to (i) resort to smart-working as much as possible, (ii) encourage their employees to use their holidays and vacations (if any is left), (iii) apply all the measures necessary to ensure the health and safety at the workplace of their employees (to this end, on March 14, 2020, the main employers' associations and trade unions executed the " <i>Protocol on the health and</i> <i>safety at the workplace</i> ", which has been renewed and integrated on April 24, 2020).	March 17, 2020, 23 of 8 April, 2020, and 34 of May 19, the government has introduced various suspensions and deferrals of tax payments and compliance scheduled from March through mid September 2020. Such measures have been implemented for certain categories of taxpayers that were particularly affected by the crisis (tourism, hotels, restaurants, travel, small or micro activities, residents from the most severely hit areas and taxpayers who suffered major turnover drops in March and April 2020). Tax audit, assessment and collection activities by the tax authorities have been consequently suspended. The government also canceled the June 2020 installment of the Irap – a tax on the income of productive activities – and neutralized the safeguard clauses that would have triggered a significant increase of the VAT rates starting from 2021. Also the first instalment of property tax (the so-called <i>IMU</i>) – expiring on 16 June 2020 – due from owners (and at the same time managers) of real estate properties intended for hotels, pensions, bed and breakfast and similar use as well as from real estate properties intended for beachside, riverside and lakeside as well as thermal resort use was cancelled. Likewise, for the same purposes of promoting the recovery of touristic activities, public exercise businesses – such as restaurants, bars,	The Municipality of Milan power to issue additional measures. For information or regional status please contact us. The Municipality of Milan postponed the term for the payment of the first three instalments of rent relating to the year 2020 – with reference to leases/ concessions of real estate properties owned by t Municipality and assigned to commercial, cultural and business activities by the public competent authority – 30 th September 2020, without any penalty or interest being applicable.

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented			relevant for retail business
				businesses and professionals, provided that (a) their income in the past tax year does not exceed €5 million (save for hotels that are not subject to any income threshold) and (b) they suffered a 50% turnover decrease. Such a credit is accessible also by non- commercial entities with reference to non-residential properties intended for the exercise of institutional activities. Such a measure applies also to business lease agreements or service agreements that include at least one real estate property for the exercise of their activity, although the amount of the tax credit in such a case is equal to 30% of the rent paid for the months of March, April and May 2020. The tenant or lessee may assign the tax credit to the landlord or lessor against a discount on the due rent; (ii) Right of tenants of private sport facilities to receive a rent reduction for the months from March to July 2020 (inclusive) for an amount not less than 50% of the originally agreed rent.		cafés, patisseries, nightclubs, beach resorts and similar businesses – entitled with concessions or authorizations to use public soil and areas, have been exempted from the payment of the relevant occupancy taxes until October 31, 2020 Taxes on gas and electric energy have been reduced by 90% from May through September 2020. The introduction of the new "plastic tax" on disposable plastic objects has been delayed to January 2021. Companies have been encouraged through tax credits to dismiss non-performing loans, thus cashing liquidity in. In order to strengthen their capitalization the government has also introduced a 20% tax credit for capital increases in favor of companies that suffered a significant turnover decrease as a consequence of the crisis. Furthermore, tax credits have been introduced for the costs of sanitization and disinfection of working spaces, for protection masks, disinfectants and other safety measures (on which no VAT will be applicable until December 31, 2020), for the structural renovation of working spaces if necessary to implement safety and distancing measures and on commercial lease rents. Such tax credits are resalable, providing companies have the possibility to immediately convert them into liquidity. Minor tax bonuses have been introduced on a daily basis for workers who have been required not to interrupt their tasks at their usual workplaces during the lockdown period (workers from essential industries or public offices), for the purchase of bicycles and electric kick scooters (in order to limit crowds on public	

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-1 related legislation relevant for retail business
						low income families (with the aim of supporting the Italian tourism industry).	
Kazakhstan	 Although the state of emergency was cancelled as of May 11, 2020, due to growth of COVID-19 infections, as of July 5, 2020 the State strengthened quarantine measures and suspended activities of religious objects, shopping centers, indoor food and non-food markets, fitness centers, beauty salons. These restriction measures will apply until August 2, 2020. In many cities, including Nur- Sultan, the following measures are envisaged: When leaving home, people must wear face masks when two and more people walk together and they must maintain social distancing. Walking in parks, squares, public gardens, embankments without amusement facilities is allowed in groups of a maximum of three people (more if members of one family) subject to maintaining social distancing. Permits are required for visiting weekend houses (dacha) out of cities. Public events, as well as family and memorable events are still prohibited. Cinemas, theatres, and exhibitions are still closed. Kindergartens are closed. 	The following retail businesses are permitted: supermarkets, groceries, pharmacies, gas stations, restaurants /bars/cafes, provided that they ensure availability of outdoor dining and less than 30 seats subject to strict compliance with the sanitary precautions, dry- cleanings, laundries, tire shops.	Large shopping centers with an area more than 500 sq. m. (only supermarkets and pharmacies located in such centers can work), cinemas, theaters, exhibitions, spas, beauty salons, fitness clubs.	Quarantine restriction measures due to COVID-19 pandemic may be treated as a <i>force majeure</i> event if it (i) is extraordinary; (ii) directly prevents a party to a contract from performing its obligations under the contract, and (iii) is beyond the control of a party to the contract. Introduction of quarantine may be basis for releasing the party from performance of obligations under the contact (rent payment). For this purpose, the tenant should prove that the leased premises are affected by the emergency regime.	The state introduced an allowance connected with the quarantine to be paid to the following persons: i) individual entrepreneurs who completely lost income after the declaration of the state of emergency; ii) employees of small- and medium-sized companies, being on unpaid leave. The amount of allowance is KZT 42,500 (minimum salary) which is approximately, US\$103.	The state introduced until 31 December 2020 a "0"% adjustment inclusive to: i) property tax for legal entities and individual entrepreneurs in respect of large shopping centers, cinemas, theatres, exhibitions, fitness and health recreation facilities; ii) land tax for producers of agricultural products in respect of agricultural land; iii) individual income tax for individual entrepreneurs working under the general tax regime.	Payment of Ioan and Ioan interest by small and mediu size companies operating ir retail (except for food and medicines), restaurants and leisure activities (cinemas, theatres, fitness clubs, beau salons), whose business suffered as result of restrict measures taken due to COVID-19, may be suspend for the period of 90 days (fm 16 March until 15 June 202 To apply for this suspension company must provide supporting documents to pr worsening of its business as result of the emergency situation. Payment holidays may be prolonged from June 16 und 15 September 2020 as per request of applicant, and cr organizations consider and decide on prolongation on a case by case basis.

Country Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19 related legislation relevant for retail business
Lithuania ⁴ The lockdown was revoked and the state of emergency was declared as of June 17 (the lockdown lasted from March 16 till June 16). Most of the prohibitions and/or restrictions imposed during the lockdown were cancelled but some restrictions, e.g. for mass events still apply.		All retail units are open.	 On May 3 the Ministry of the Economy and Innovation of the Republic of Lithuania adopted a state aid measure - <u>a partial rent compensation to companies and entrepreneurs most affected by COVID-19</u> (hereinafter – the Measure). According to the provisions of the Measure, the state grants up to 50% compensation of the rent per month (and other related costs, e.g. utilities), if the landlord agrees to make at least a 30% discount to the tenant. The compensation shall be applicable for the period starting March 16, 2020, to at least 60 days after the end of the lockdown. The main requirements for tenants to be eligible to apply for a partial rent compensation are: (i) the main activity of the tenant is prohibited or restricted during the period of the lockdown; (ii) the non-residential lease agreement must have been signed not later than March 15, 2020; it must be valid and registered with the Centre of Registers; (iii) other regular requirements for receiving state aid. For implementation of the Measure the state shall allocate up to €100 million from the budget. 	 The state has implemented financial measures to help employers and employees to cope with COVID-19: State subsidies for employers: When a company (employer) declares employee downtime due to the emergency or lockdown, the employee should receive at least the minimum monthly wage, and cannot be required to come to work. The state subsidy for employers who declared a downtime due to the state of emergency was introduced on June 12. The costs borne by the employees due to declared downtime will be subsidized by the state (explicitly, by the Employment Service). The state subsidy shall be paid until the end of the emergency and amounts to: 70% of the wages of the employee, but no more than €910.50 (gross). 90% of the employee's wages, but no more than €607 (gross), i.e., the minimum monthly wage. The costs borne by employers for employee's wages, but no more than €607 (gross), i.e., the minimum monthly wage. 	 Various tax measures have been implemented: postponement or deferral of tax instalments by concluding tax loan arrangements (TLA) with the State Tax Inspectorate (STI) (interest free); suspension of tax recovery actions and calculation of default interest with regard to taxes due after March 16 (no application or request is needed for listed taxpayers); recommendation to the municipalities to exempt taxpayers from real estate and land taxes (several municipalities have already exempted taxpayers from the real estate, land and state land rent taxes for the period from March 16 to at least 60 days after the end of the lockdown). In municipalities where such decisions have not been adopted, taxpayers may apply individually for exemption; temporary VAT exemption will apply to the supply of goods intended to cope with the consequences of COVID-19 (effective as of March 26 until the end of the emergency); temporary suspension of import duties on public authorities, aid beneficiaries and rescue organizations. On April 3 the European Commission took a decision which will apply for the supply from January 30 until July 31, 2020, to suspend import duties (including import VAT) on the 	 Additional state financial measures using the National Investment and Business Guarantee Agency (INVEGA) and other funds. Business support from INVEGA 100% offsetting of interest payable on loan or leasing payments for a period of simonths (but no longer thar until December 31). The interest compensation is paid to companies on a monthly rather than quarterly basis. Interest will be reimbursed from the start of the lockdown on March 16 until the end of the year. As from April 3, small and medium enterprises can submit applications to INVEGA for interest compensation for deferred loans or financial lease payments. "Payable account loans" to pay invoices (minimum amount €100, maximum amount €100, 000) of small businesses that were issued before the announcement of the lockdown (from January 16 to March 16, 2020). Guarantees to small or medium-sized enterprises or big companies (for either newly concluded loans or the previously granted loans without a guarantee) for up to 80% of the funding (however, not less than €5,000 and not more than €1.5 million), including both investment loans and operational support (including working capital) or credit lines. The main condition is that the borrower has experienced

⁴ This part has been provided by Ellex Valiunas, a member of <u>Nextlaw Referral Network</u>.

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages	
					 b) at the choice of the employer - 70% of the employee's wages, but not more than two minimum monthly wages, or 100% of the employee's wages, but not more than the minimum monthly wage, if the employer is included in the list of activities focused on the production of advanced technologies, knowledge-intensive services, the achievement of the objectives of the EU's Green Course and Social Dialogue approved by the order of the Minister of Economy and Innovation; c) 100% of the employee's wages, but not more than half of the minimum monthly wage, when a fixed-term or seasonal employment contract has been concluded with the employed person. for 3rd and 4th months - 50% of the employee's wages, but no more than €607 (gross); for 5th and 6th months - 30% of the employee's wages, but no more than €607 (gross). 	above impor • other admir aimed duties

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
ovementioned portation of goods; ner measures of an ministrative nature ned at simplifying tax ties.	 financial difficulties because of the COVID-19 outbreak. Guarantees for loans on a temporary basis (until December 31, 2020) when the borrower is engaged in real estate operations. Soft loans (needed to cover basic expenses) on a monthly basis, focused on
	SMEs operating in the most affected sectors, i.e., where activities are banned or where turnover has decreased by 60%. Business support from other
	funds
	 Loans by various other funds: Entrepreneurship Promotion Fund 2014-2020 financed by the European Social Fund (VSF2); Open Credit Fund 2; shared risk loans; crowdfunding (pooled loans) "Raspberry".
	Extended refinancing period of own funds (from three to six months). There is the possibility to refinance investments paid out from the borrower's own funds by means of guaranteed loan funds (both loans intended for the development of enterprises and for the maintenance of activities intended for loans). The investment must have been made not earlier than within the last six months prior to the receipt of the request for a guarantee.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
					or undeclared work, or more than once punished for violations of the employment procedure for foreigners, for violations of labor laws, or occupational safety and health regulation during the last year.	
					State subsidies to self – employed persons	
					Self-employed persons, whose self-employment has been registered for at least three months during the last year prior to the lockdown, and who were not deregistered before the said emergency and lockdown was announced and who are not employed and have no company in liquidation or bankruptcy, will be paid a lump sum of up to €257 per month for the period of lockdown plus two months after its termination.	
					Self-employed persons will also be able to postpone the payment of compulsory health insurance contributions which are due during the emergency and lockdown. The payments should be made within two years of the end of the emergency and lockdown.	
					Sick leave 77.58% of sick leave benefit is payable by the State Social Insurance Fund to persons who become ill with COVID-19 due to work that involves inevitable contact with infected people.	
Luxembourg	No state of crisis. <u>The state of crisis was lifted at</u> <u>midnight on June 24, 2020.</u> <u>Emergency measures adopted</u> <u>by the government by way of</u> <u>regulation ceased to have</u> <u>effect and were automatically</u> <u>repealed.</u> <u>Several laws have come into</u> <u>force since the end of state of</u> <u>crisis in order to extend</u> <u>beyond the crisis period</u>	Taking into account the evolution of COVID-19, the government implemented a gradual exit from confinement in phases while remaining cautious to avoid the onset of a second wave of the epidemic. Thus, the main de- confinement measures adopted by the government during the state of crisis have been extended by one month	Nightclubs remain closed, fairs and exhibitions remain prohibited except if they are in the open air.	No legislation or regulation has yet been passed in respect of suspension of payment obligations in Luxembourg. The approach taken by the Luxembourg government is to provide financial help to debtors rather than requiring payment suspensions for private loans. It should be noted that a bill of law tabled by several deputies	The purpose of the Law of 20 June 2020 derogating from the provisions of articles L. 234-51 and L. 234-53 of the Labor Code is to complete the existing provisions on leave for family reasons (<i>congé pour</i> <i>raison familiale</i>) by extending the scope of application to cases that are not directly due to a child's illness but are linked to public health	Companie who exert activity, a or a libera who exper problems coronavir cancellati advances municipal 1st and/o

Tax Rebates Selected other COVID- related legislation relevant for retail business	13-
anies and individuals 1) Construction sites and	
xercise a commercial recycling centers resumed y, an agricultural activity their activities from April 20	
beral profession, and 2020.	,
xperience liquidity ms as a result of the 2) The Law of 20 June 2020	0
avirus can request the providing for temporary	
llation of their quarterly procedural rules before judicial, administrative, milit	tary
ipal business tax for the and constitutional courts ca d/or 2nd quarter of 2020.	
state of crisis. It has deferre	

Country Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
certain exceptional measures adopted to contain the COVID- 19 epidemic. Due to the increasing number of new infections diagnosed every day since the end of the crisis state, a second wave of COVID-19 is feared. Many of these infections result from situations where physical distancing and barrier gestures are not respected, especially at private parties. By means of bill n° 7622 presented on July 2, 2020, to the Chamber of Deputies, the government wishes to reimpose more restrictive measures, including in the private space, so as not to compromise other economic and social activities that are currently still subject to restrictive measures.	 by several laws that will cease to have effect on July 25, 2020: The Law of 24 June 2020 introducing a series of measures concerning sports and cultural activities and establishments receiving the public, as part of the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic. The law includes, in particular, provisions relating to playgrounds, bars, cafés and consumer lounges, heat baths, as well as a ban on the holding of fairs and exhibitions. The Law of 24 June 2020 introducing a series of measures concerning individuals as part of the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic and amending the amended Law of 11 April 1983 regulating the marketing and advertising of medicines. The purpose of the law is to reimpose the measures taken with regard to individuals to continue the fight against COVID-19, including the limitation of freedom of assembly to more than 20 persons, the application of protective measures and the identification, monitoring and rapid removal of infected and potentially infected persons. Shops and high schools opened their doors in stages from May 11, 2020. Restaurants and cafes reopened from May 29, 2020. However, it should be noted that those businesses must close at midnight and observe strict sanitary measures to censure the safety of staff and clients. Thus, it is mandatory to wear masks for staff and clients who move around. It is required for clients to consume while seated at the table. Tables should be separated by at least 1.5 m (if not possible, 		aims to suspend the obligation to pay rent that is due or will become due under commercial or professional leases for the duration of the state of crisis. This bill of law aims to deprive the lessor of the right of termination with respect to non-payment of rent due or set to fall due during the period of the state of crisis, to establish the possibility for both parties to the lease contract to revise downwards the rent due during the state of crisis or the possibility for the lessor to waive the rent in question. To date, this bill of law is still under discussion by the Chamber of Deputies; however it is likely that it will not be adopted due to the lifting of the state of crisis. The Law of 20 June 2020 derogating from Article 3, paragraph 5, of the amended Law of 21 September 2006 on Residential Leases came into force since the end of state of crisis suspends rent increases for residential leases until the end of this year, but there is no provision for other leases (professional or commercial).	measures in order to limit the spread of infection. The law ensures the continuation of the derogations until July 15, 2020, in order to take into account the impact on as many specific situations faced by the targeted parents as possible. The purpose of the Law of 20 June 2020 introducing family support leave as part of the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic is to renew the family support leave created by the Grand-Ducal regulation of 3 April 2020 in order to help employees and self-employed workers who need to take care of their family members during the closure of a building for the disabiled and elderly adults. The objective is to prevent the persons concerned from using their recreational leave to take care of an adult with a disability or an elderly person who is heavily dependent and who lives at home. The law ceases to have effect five months after its coming into force, i.e. November, 25, 2020. The short-time work scheme (<i>chômage partiel</i>) can apply if there is a setback in activity under certain conditions and depending on the nature of the difficulties encountered. In order to continue to support companies and their employees affected by the COVID-19 crisis, exceptional measures relating to short-time work are extending until the end of this year and apply to all companies during this period. The government considers that certain sectors or economic branches have been more severely affected than others and continues to pay the compensation indemnity of 80% of salaries during periods of short-time working. Under certain conditions, the companies	Ins adv tax red adv 2 nd It is def The retu fron Ma 30, tha me rep cris ext Wit exe sho •

Tax Rebates

ad of cancelling tax nces, it is possible for ivers to request a tion of the amount of tax nces due for the 1st and/or uarter of 2020.

lso possible to request a ral of taxes that are due. deadline for submitting tax ns has been extended March 31 (individuals) or 31 (companies) to June 020. It should be noted hese exceptional tax ures were automatically aled at the end of the state and were not ded beyond that point. pt aid, the following ld be mentioned:

e Law of 3 April 2020 on e establishment of an aid heme for companies in mporary financial difficulty pplements the aid struments that the vernment can use to pport small and mediumzed enterprises that find emselves in temporary ancial difficulty following e repercussions of an foreseeable event of ational or international ope. The deadline for plying for assistance is ugust 15, 2020, and the adline for granting sistance is October 1, 20, within the limits of the edits provided for in the nual budget law.

ne purpose of the Law of June 2020 to set up a mporary aid scheme for If-employed workers in e context of the COVIDpandemic is to extend, a temporary basis, the nergency financial aid ferred to as the "certified nergency allowance" demnité d'urgence rtifiée) which was created Iring the state of crisis in vor of self-employed orkers in financial

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

certain procedural deadlines. The enforcement of evictions for residential and commercial leases is suspended for a period of one month from the coming into force of the law, i.e. until July 25, 2020. Foreclosures and forced sales are suspended for a period of two months from the coming into force of the law, i.e. until August 25, 2020.

3) Measures have been taken to allow the governing bodies of any company or legal entity to hold their meetings of shareholders and boards of regard to exceptional tax- directors without requiring the physical presence of their members. These exceptional measures were extended by the Law of 22 May 2020, extending the deadlines for filing and publication of annual accounts, consolidated accounts and related reports.

> Postponement of the holding of annual general meetings, despite any provision to the contrary in the articles of association, to:

- nine months after the end of their fiscal year; or - a period up to September 30, 2020.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID- related legislation relevant for retail business
		a Plexiglas barrier must be installed), with a maximum of 10 people per table, unless they are from the same family. Gatherings of more than 20 people within a distance of 2 m via pre-booked seats are allowed for religious and civil ceremonies, for cinemas, cultural halls and congress halls. The seats have to be allocated in advance, while leaving and entering the place must be done wearing a mask. Fitness rooms and swimming pools are allowed to reopen. The wellness area may only be used by a single person at a time, unless they are from the same family. Gatherings of more of than 20 people are no longer under any governmental restriction for the exercise of the freedom to protest and demonstrate, neither at funeral ceremonies outside, nor in the exercise of religious, cultural and sporting activities. It is mandatory to wear a mask when people not living under the same roof cannot maintain the distance of 2 m, in public transportation or in places that are open to the public, except for children under the age of 13 no longer need to wear a mask for outdoor activities.			concerned may proceed with the dismissals.	 difficulty. It takes the form of a one-time, lump-sum payment exempt from tax. The payment of this allowance shall be made within the limits foreseen in the annual budget law. The purpose of the Law of 20 June 2020 to set up a temporary aid scheme for commercial and construction companies in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic is to extend financial aid created during the state of crisis in favor of small businesses most affected by the consequences of the pandemic. The aids in question, which takes the form of a one-time, lumpsum payment exempt from tax, are as follows: the "certified emergency allowance" (indemnité d'urgence certifiée) of €5,000; the allowance in favor of micro-enterprises which had been closed or closed down since March 18, 2020, and which had not been authorized to restart their activities on April 24, 2020; the aid of €12,500 for small commercial and craft enterprises employing between 10 and 20 persons that had either been obliged to close down or cease their activities and had not been authorized to restart ther activities and had not been authorized to restart there obliged to close down or cease their activities and had not been authorized to restart there obliged to close down or cease their activities and had not been authorized to restart there obliged to close down or cease their activities and had not been authorized to restart there on April 24, 2020. 	
Netherlands	No state of emergency. The government has issued specific measures	Stores can be open as usual, but they have to observe the conditions set out in the 'responsible shopping' protocol set by the government (see column 4).	The authorities announced various phases to wind down the measures. During every phase, the authorities will closely monitor the effect of the wind down and the authorities warn that they may	Shopping The 'responsible shopping' protocol was published by the Dutch government. It applies to any form of retail, but specific industries may require specific measures.	The governmental support scheme ('NOW-scheme') has been extended for four months. Employers can apply at the Dutch Labor Office (<i>UWV</i>) for financial compensation of maximum	 As a special (temporary) measure, affected businesses can apply for a special deferral of payment for a wide range of taxes, including corporate income tax, 	Obligation to pay rent In general, Dutch law prov a mechanism that, based unforeseen circumstances party to an agreement ma claim in court that the lega effects of that agreement

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages	
		punishments include a penalty of €4,000 and/or mandatory closure. Almost all stores have opened again.	 Additionally, all establishments referred to below must ensure that every guest/visitor can keep min. 1.5m distance, and consumers must ensure they do not have any illness symptoms. The wind down will have the following phases: As of May 11, contact professions (hairdressers, beauty salons, masseurs) are allowed to start working again. As of June 1, restaurants and bars, may open for a maximum of 30 guests (reservations only, and after a few mandatory questions by the staff on whether the guests have any symptoms). More guests are allowed on a terrace or in a restaurant belonging to a hotel (as long as a minimum distance of 1.5 m can be maintained). As of July 1 (confirmed), restaurants and bars may scale up to 100 guests/visitors (with fixed seating) inside. More guests are allowed on an outside terrace. Events are also allowed again. Sport/fitness clubs and saunas may open (max. 100 guests). All events that require a permit are canceled until September 1, 2020. 	 Min. 1.5 m distance between everyone in the store; Max. 1 customer per 10 sq. m. floor space; Online orders will be delivered to the door, not inside; No samples; The rules must be visible at the door of the store. Financial compensation schemes Small entrepreneurs (self- employed without employees) may be eligible for a one time compensation of €4,000 to cover fixed expenses (such as rent). Small and medium enterprises may request a financial compensation of up to EUR 50,000 over 4 months if they suffer a loss of revenue with more than 30%. Businesses may profit from several other forms of loans under favorable conditions, sometimes (partially) guaranteed by the State. The program offered depends on the size of the business (in terms of employees/revenue) and the amount of the loan.	 period of four months (starting June 1, 2020). Compensation depends on the percentage of loss of turnover (at least 20%). If under the initial scheme an application has been made and again an application will be made under the extension, the loss of turnover should relate to the three month period immediately following the period referred to in the first application under the initial scheme. These wages are maximums and may not exceed € 9,538 per month per employee (maximum twice the maximum daily social security wages). UWV will pay an advance compensation of 80% of the requested amount. The definitive compensation will be determined afterwards. If employers apply for compensation they: must continue to pay 100% of the employees' salary; are required to confirm as part of their application that they will consult with unions if they want to apply for a dismissal permit to make more than 20 employees redundant; may not make a profit distribution to shareholders, may not pay bonuses to the board and executives/directors and may not repurchase its own shares over the year 2020, which obligation runs until the shareholders meeting in 2021 in which the yearly accounts for 2020 will be voted for. This only applies to companies and group of companies who receive a subsidy for which a statement of the accountant is required that requires accountant approval; 	insur- landle energi and c Dutch imme collect perio once defer receir mont for de revier more additi apply divide be dia share This i applie Octol temp defau paym be pa unde intere paym temp 0.019 comp a mu only o supp gove cond The o partic direct shoul of a o corpo of 9% reside is me list of purpo also n

Tax
Rebates

urance premium tax, dlord levy and certain ergy, environmental consumer taxes. The tch Tax Authorities will nediately stop the lection of tax for a riod of three months ce such a request for erral has been eived. After the three nth period the request deferral will be ewed. For a deferral of re than three months litional conditions ply, such as that no idends or bonuses can distributed or that own ares are (re)purchased. s postponement policy lies until at least tober 1, 2020. As a nporary measure, fault penalties for late ment do not have to paid. Interest for tax derpayments and rest for the late ment of tax will nporarily be reduced to 1%. Please note that npanies that belong to ultinational group can y obtain individual oport from the Dutch ernment if two nditions are fulfilled. e company, its ticipations and its ect shareholder(s) ould not be tax resident a country with a porate income tax rate 9% or less or be a tax ident of a country that nentioned on the EU of non-cooperative sdictions for tax poses. The company is o not allowed to make rest or royalty ments to a company ich is tax resident of a untry with a corporate ome tax rate of 9% or s or interest and royalty ments to a company

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

terminated in full or in part. The Supreme Court has ruled several times that courts should exercise caution in applying this possibility to change or terminate an agreement. For this reason, the threshold to effect a change is high. Currently, a number of court decisions have been published regarding the obligation to pay rent during the COVID-19 pandemic with various results depending on the specific circumstances of each case.

Various associations representing both landlords and tenants have come to an agreement calling upon the retail sector, in short, that landlords grant a short term pain-relief (a suspension of rental payments) for tenants (retailers) who see a decrease of turnover of at least 25% over April-May-June 2020. This means a suspension of payment over three months, with a minimum of 50%, but where necessary it could mean 75 or 100% suspension (if feasible for the landlord. considering proportionality in size and capacity). The agreement is endorsed by the Dutch Ministry of Economic Affairs. The agreement emphasizes that banks are extending arrangements in order to create temporary liquidity and the minister calls upon real estate funders to do the same.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
					obliged to encourage their employees to take additional training and retraining.	 that is tax resident of a country that is mentioned on the EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes. The foregoing does not apply in case of operational activities in low taxed countries. A company that does not meet these criteria can obtain support if the conditions are fulfilled within 12 months. The support is only granted under specific conditions. Taxpayers can request a reduction of tax pre-payments, if a taxpayer expects lower profit due to this crisis. This applies to preliminary tax assessments that have been imposed for personal income tax or corporate income tax. Taxpayers will be allowed to form a special coronareserve in their 2019 corporate income tax return for any (expected) loss in 2020. By doing so, effectively any tax losses from 2020 are already taken into account in 2019. The corona-reserve cannot be higher than the actual result for the year 2019. Taxpayers who incur losses can, under certain condit year for the provisionall year (provisional carry-back). 	
New Zealand	As at 11.59pm on Sunday 30 August 2020, New Zealand moved to Alert Level 2. Auckland has additional restrictions in place (being referred to as Level 2.5). This is to remain until at least Sunday 6 September 2020.	 At Alert Level 2 (and Level 2.5 for Auckland): All businesses may operate if they can do so safely. Groups of customers are to be kept 1 metre apart or 	At Alert Level 2 (and Level 2.5 for Auckland), businesses which are unable to operate safely cannot open. Generally, most businesses are able to operate with the aforementioned modifications.	Some leases provide for an abatement of rent and outgoings during the period of inaccessibility to the premises (until the tenant is once again able to access the premises to 'fully conduct' their business), but many do not. For those	The government has prepared a package of relief initiatives to assist employers and employees affected by the COVID-19 restrictions. In broad terms:	The COVID-19 Response (Taxation and Social Assistance Urgent Measures) Bill was passed on 27th March 2020, and enacted measures in relation to:	

Country F	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
limi dis ped adv req trar ope put are inc CO In A add gat ped to 5 Co for Zea scr arri ma iso fun are incl CO	tancing of 2 metres from ople you do not know is vised. Face coverings are quired to be worn on public nsport. Businesses can en to the public if they follow blic health guidelines and e required to keep records, cluding displaying the NZ DVID Tracer QR code. Auckland there are ditional restrictions – social there are 10	 2 metres for retail businesses. Retail businesses are not required to keep contact tracing records. All businesses must display an NZ COVID Tracer QR code for each business location, this came into effect at 11.59am Wednesday 19 August 2020. Face coverings are strongly encouraged for those with close contact to others. Number of shared surfaces to be reduced and regularly disinfected. 		leases which provide for an abatement of rent, as we move through the lockdown restrictions from Alert Level 4 to Alert Level 1, and then back to Level 3 and now, for Auckland Level 2.5 and the rest of the country Level 2, the level of abatement tenants are entitled to would likely have changed depending on the increased (or decreased as the case may be) extent they were able to conduct their business from the premises. The COVID-19 Response (Further Management Measures) Legislation Act 2020 was passed into law on 15 May 2020. The Act provides, amongst other things, measures to support commercial tenants and landlords who are struggling to pay rent or meet their mortgage obligations by extending timeframes for cancelling a lease or exercising a mortgagee sale. The legislation extended the remedial period for mortgagee sale notices from 20 working days to 40 working days during the 'COVID-19 period' which starts on 1 April 2020 and was initially scheduled to end 6 months after the date on which the Epidemic Preparedness (COVID-19) Notice 2020 expires or is revoked. That six month time frame was due to expire at 11.59pm 25 June 2020. However, an Epidemic Preparedness (COVID-19) Notice 2020 Renewal Notice 2020 has now been published which renews the Epidemic Preparedness (COVID-19) Notice until 11.59pm 24 September 2020 (unless an earlier date is stated for that purpose by the Prime Minister by notice in the <i>New Zealand Gazette</i>).	 Companies were eligible for the wage subsidy scheme if they could show that their business is (or will be) turning over at least 30% less revenue due to COVID-19. The wage subsidy scheme provided businesses with a lump sum payment equal to the value of 12 weeks' pay at a flat rate of \$585.80 per week (effectively the minimum wage) for each of their full time employees, regardless of whether the employees can work or not. There is no cap on the value of the sum offered. Companies who received the wage subsidy were obliged to pay all employees at least 80% of their ordinary wages for the 12 week period. In many cases, this involved the company 'topping up' the wage subsidy to reach 80%. If a company was unable to top up the wage subsidy to 80%, it must have at least passed on the value of the subsidy to its employees. Employers who received the wage subsidy to its employees. The Government has instituted a further Wage Subsidy initial application period has now expired. The Government has instituted a further Wage Subsidy Extension from 10 June 2020. To be eligible for the Extension, an employer must have had a revenue loss of at least 40% for a continuous 	 Reintroduction of depreciation on commercial (non- residential) buildings. Increase in the provisional tax threshold from \$2,500 to \$5,000. Up-front deduction of low value assets - threshold increase. Research & Development Tax Credit refundability. Use of Money Interest relief - Inland Revenue can remit interest on late payment if the customer's ability to make payment was significantly adversely affected by the COVID-19 outbreak. Amending Inland Revenue's ability to share information with other Government Departments. Social assistance measures targeted at individuals, including the removal of the work hours eligibility requirement from the in-work tax credit, and extending Working for Families tax credit entitlement for emergency benefit recipients to people on a temporary visa. For more information from the IRD click here and here. On 30 April 2020 the COVID- 19 Response (Taxation and Other Regulatory Urgent Measures) Bill was passed under urgency. The new measures introduced by the Government include: A temporary loss carry- back scheme. Changes to tax continuity rules. Business consultancy support. Greater flexibility for affected businesses affected to meet their tax obligations. 	

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
				The legislation also extended the timeframe (during the COVID-19 period) for a tenant to comply with a notice of intention to cancel the lease (for non-payment of rent) from 10 working days to 30 working days. This was intended to give more time for commercial tenants to pay any overdue rent before the landlord can cancel the lease. The Government has announced it would subsidise the cost of arbitrating rent abatement disputes, but this has not yet been passed into law. The Government also announced a Business Finance Support Scheme which provides short-term credit to small and medium- sized firms affected by the crisis. The scheme includes a limit of \$500,000 per loan and will apply to firms with a turnover of between NZD250,000 and NZD80 million per annum. The Government will carry 80% of the credit risk with the other 20% provided by the Bank.	 period of 30 days prior to applying for the Extension, compared to the closest period last year. This continuous period of revenue loss needs to be within the 40 days before application (but no earlier than 10 May 2020). The Extension will require the same agreement as to employer obligations and will cover a 8-week period from the date of application. The Extension will expire at 11.59pm on 1 September 2020. Companies may be eligible for the essential workers leave support subsidy (provided at the same rate as the wage subsidy, for a period of four weeks) for essential workers who cannot attend work due to Ministry of Heath Guidelines and who also cannot work from home. However, multiple Covid-19 support scheme payments cannot be received at the same time in respect of an employee. Following recent community outbreaks of Covid-19 in the Auckland region and its two- week period in Alert Level-3, the Government has extended the wage subsidy scheme in the form of the Resurgence Wage Subsidy. The same terms and pre-conditions apply as set out in the Wage Subsidy Extension above, however the relevant employer must have experienced a 40% Covid- related decline in revenue for a 14-day period between 12 August to 10 September 2020, compared to a similar period in 2019. The Resurgence Wage Subsidy will be open for application until 11.59pm, 3 September 2020. Now that the country has moved back to Alert Level 2, employers may need to 	 Mea com land Click her informati On 6 Aug 19 Respondent Manager Legislatic came intrest single bra administrest timeliness reporting legislation assisting New Zea effectivel recover f COVID-1 The Act I • Externation Limit finar reportion COVID-1 The Act I • Externation Limit finar reportion COVID-1 The Act I • Externation Limit finar reportion COVID-1

Tax
Rebates

leasures to support ommercial tenants and indlords.

nere for more ation.

August 2020 the COVIDesponse (Further gement Measures) lation Act (No 2) 2020 into force. The Act has a broad policy to make dments relating to histrative matters, such as hes for financial hing, and to taxation ation that are aimed at ing the Government and Zealanders to more ively manage and er from the impacts of D-19.

ct provides: xtensions to the time mits for the 2019/2020 nancial year annual eports by local authorities mended definitions nder the Income Tax Act 007

emission of interest on erminal tax for 2020-2021 ax year for provisional axpayers affected by OVID-19.

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
					consider the need to manage the position for employees who are available and ready to work but for which reduced demand, operating capacity or forced closure may affect the ability to utilise them. The starting point is that employees will be entitled to their normal pay unless they agree otherwise. Where by operation of the Government directive, employers cannot offer their employees work and those employees are not able to perform their roles because of Covid-related lockdowns, employees may not be entitled to be paid. We recommend caution is exercised and seeking advice considered before determining how to manage obligations or make changes in circumstances affected by Covid restrictions.	
Nicaragua	There is not any special status or measure officially issued by the government.	 All the retail units are open, private measures are taken by the retail sector: The establishment of special hours of care for the elderly, pregnant women, and those with special needs. Limitation of their capacity. Delivery and pick up services. Upon entering the establishment, the carts, shoes and customers' hands are disinfected. All workers and customers must wear protective masks at all times. Physical distancing measures are to be maintained. There is no maximum number of customers allowed in a retail store, as long as they can be kept 2 meters apart at all times. 	Some establishments by a private business decision have closed their public areas and just offer the delivery and pick up services.	N/A	N/A	N/A

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	N/A

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-1 related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented			relevant for retail business
		 Customers are to be kept at least 1 meter apart when dining. Businesses should maintain hygiene measures, including hand washing and regularly 					
Panama	 National Emergency declared through Cabinet Resolution No. 11 of 13 March 2020. General Lockdown Gender- based restricted circulation for 1 hour, according to last ID #, for purposes of purchasing food and medication. Women can circulate Monday, Wednesday, Friday; Men can circulate Tuesday and Thursday. Saturday and Sunday full lockdown. Special permits required for circulation outside of time and day limitations. Closing of business establishments with exceptions. Food supply and production chain, including wholesale and retail supermarkets, local food retail stores Pharmacies Restaurants with Food delivery (not open to public). 	 The retail stores exempted from the lockdown are: Wholesale and retail supermarkets, local food retail stores. Pharmacies and health supply-related stores. Gas stations. Telecommunications Hardware stores Restaurants only providing take out or delivery services. Laundry/Drycleaners 	All those not exempted by the lockdown decrees.	N/A Note: a draft law proposing a 90-day moratorium for commercial and residential leases is under debate.	Labor contracts can be suspended through an expedited on-line filing process (currently extended until late May). No obligation by employer to pay salary during this period. Individuals with suspended contracts qualify for financial aid programs to be implemented by the Government.	 Tax report filing and payment terms have been generally extended. 120-day extension on payment of taxes of any nature Extension up to 30 May 2020 for the filing of income tax statement for companies and individuals, the estimate can be filed using a no less than 70% estimate income tax from that of 2019 SME exempted from paying income tax this year Tax amnesty program implemented on 2019 has been extended until June 30, 2020 (85% deduction on interest and surcharges), and tax payment agreements extended until December 31, 2020 (provided 25% of the owed taxes is paid). 	N/A
Poland	 "Epidemic" state with curfew Pedestrians shall keep a 1.5 meter distance (except for families with small children, the disabled and their guardians, people who live together or have mouth and nose covered). If the said 1.5 meter distance cannot be kept then covering mouth and nose is required. Covering mouth and nose is also required, among others, in public transport, shops, banks, cinemas and theaters, public offices, churches, massage salons, restaurants – but only 	Stores can be open and limits of customers per sqm were cancelled. However, customers have to cover mouth and nose and disinfect hands or wear gloves. In shopping centers of more than 2,000 sqm of sales area, as of May 4, 2020, retail stores can generally be open. However, all of the abovementioned restrictions apply plus there are additional ones, including that: • A special sanitary regime applies, which means that, among others, shopping centers need to: (i) secure	Generally all units can be open, except for discos and night clubs.	 "Anti-crisis shield" bill was adopted, based on which, among others: Until June 30, 2020 the landlord could not terminate a lease or a rent amount under the lease, except if the tenant violated the provisions on permitted use or the building in which the premises are located has to be demolished or renovated, If a lease for premises was concluded before the "anti-crisis shield" bill entered into force and the term of such lease expired before June 	 The "anti-crisis shield" bill provides that in certain circumstances (decrease in turnover by 15% or 25%, depending on the reference period) the employers affected by COVID-19 can apply for three months' wage subsidies of up to: 50% of the minimum wage – with respect to employees under "economic stoppage" (i.e. those who are not able to work for reasons beyond their control); 40% of the average monthly wage – with respect to other employees. 	 Polish "anti-crisis shield" packages enacted so far provide for, among other things: The postponement until May 31, 2020, of the deadlines for (i) financial statements for the year 2019; and (ii) the submission of the annual CIT returns for 2019 and payment of output CIT (by July 31, 2020, for taxpayers subject to general exemption or those carrying on activity of a mainly public benefit). The possible one-off deduction of up to PLN 5 million of the loss suffered in 	

	Status – any special status een introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
public o General meeting than 150 prohibite 17, 2020 entertain than 150 permitte participa than 1 p There a number	Illy, gatherings in public, gs and events for more 0 persons are ed. Starting from July 0, open-air artistic and inment events for more 0 participants will be ed but the number of ants has to be no more person per 5 sqm. are restrictions on the of passengers in ransportation.	 gloves or products for hand disinfection for customers and (ii) disinfect the cash desk at least once per hour; Shopping stands cannot operate unless they meet even stricter sanitary restrictions e.g. there is a plastic screen between the cash desk and customers; Changing rooms shall be closed or cleaned after each use; Doors, escalators and other elements of common infrastructure shall be disinfected at least twice per day and the infrastructure that is touched by customers e.g. door handles and handrails at least once per hour. Restaurants can be open as of May 18, 2020, subject to sanitary restrictions, including that: Minimum 2 meters distance between the tables needs to be kept unless there are plastic screens between the tables needs to be kept unless there are plastic screens between the tables shall be 20% lower than "standard" and it is recommended that the guests do not sit face to face; Tables need to be disinfected after each client, and common areas (except for floors) need to disinfected at the table. Hotel restaurants can be open and as of May 30, 2020, can operate on the same terms as other restaurants. 		 30, 2020, the tenant had an option to extend the term until June 30, 2020 (this option does not apply in the case of certain tenant's breaches, including certain payment defaults as described in the bill but only if such payment defaults occurred before the "anticrisis shield" bill entered into force), During the period of prohibition of certain activities in shopping centers of more than 2,000 sqm of sales area (currently no longer in place), the mutual rights and obligations of the affected tenants and landlords expired (which in particular means that no rents were payable during that period). After the said prohibition plus six months. The above provisions are unclear and their interpretation and application in practice should be monitored. 	Also, the employers may apply other anti-crisis solutions such as e.g. reduction of the working time by up to 20%. Also, employers may be released from social security contributions for the period of March-May 2020. Employers having no more than nine employees may be fully released from the social security contributions and the employers having no more than 49 employees may be partially released (50%) from the social security contributions. Additionally, statutory severance payments that are paid during the pandemic by employers who experience a decrease in turnover are capped at 10 times the minimum statutory wage i.e. PLN 26,000.	 a tax year (which started in 2019 or 2020, and has not yet ended) from income achieved in the previous tax year, provided that the taxpayer's income in the current year is at least 50% lower than the income revealed in the previous tax year. A taxpayer who has suffered negative economic effects in a given month due to COVID-19, and whose revenue in that month is at least 50% lower than the revenue achieved in the corresponding month in the previous tax year, can: be exempted from any obligation to apply bad debt relief in income taxes (PIT, CIT); postpone to July 20, 2020, the date for payment of the minimum commercial properties tax for the period from March to May 2020. Creditors whose business has been affected by COVID-19 may take advantage of relief for bad debts (PIT and CIT) within a shorter period after their accounts receivable become overdue. Tax capital groups suffering negative economic effects in 2020 due to COVID-19 survive even if they fail to meet the 2% profitability threshold and/or if they record state tax arrears (which, under standard rules, would principally preclude the tax (CIT) consolidation of the profits and losses of tax capital group members) in a tax year started prior to January 1, 2020, and ended after December 31, 2019, or started after Decemb	

Tax Se Rebates	Employment Packages	Leases Have special laws related	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Status – Has any special status	Country
	i donugoo	to COVID-19 been	Closed	Open	been introduced?	
 Possible deductions of donations from income achieved in the period from January 1 to September 30, 2020, for purposes related to combating the COVID-19 epidemic, specified in separate regulations. The postponement until January 1, 2021, of the retail sales tax planned to enter into force as of July 1, 2020, (currently suspended due to pending proceedings before the Court of Justice of the EU). Social security contribution waivers, as well as redemption of public loans provided to microenterprises, are explicitly exempted from income tax. It is explicitly provided that individual tax reliefs (tax waivers, tax deferrals and tax rescheduling into instalments) can be provided under the Commission's COVID-19 State Aid Temporary Framework, up to €800,000, rather than (as used to be the case) merely as de minimis aid of up to £200,000. The deadline for submitting 		to COVID-19 been implemented	Closed	Open Hairdressers and beauty parlour are also open as of May 18, 2020, subject to sanitary restrictions e.g.: • 2 meters distance between the chairs needs to be kept; • Chairs, tools and other surfaces which can be touched by the customers need to be disinfected after each customer; • Staff needs to wear masks and gloves; • Customers shall book their appointments in advance.	been introduced?	

Has any special status Open How special laws related been implemented Packages Robates related registration laws in the special unit of CVD/D1's been implemented Implemented Implemented Implemented Implemented Implemented implemented Implemented Implemented Implemen	Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	Тах	Selected other COVID-19-
An examption form tax on revenue; from buildings (minimum tax) has been introduced for the period the period of the period of the revenue; VAT destantion to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period to the period to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period to the period to the period of the revenue; TAT destantion to the period of the r		Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed		Packages	Rebates	
 sanctions due to the obligation to pay into a bank account disclosed on the whitelist; In the case of a residency certificate whose validity period of 12 months expires during the state of epidemic 							 revenues from buildings (minimum tax) has been introduced for the period from 1 March 2020 to 31 December 2020. The postponement of the new JPK_VAT declarations submission deadline – until 1 October 2020. Contractual penalties and damages resulting from defects or delays, arisen in connection with the pandemic, can be included in tax-deductible costs. Starting from July 1, 2020: (i) a new matrix of VAT rates has come into force with entirely new lists of goods and services taxed according to reduced rates; (ii) in the case of a chain transaction where goods are moved to another EU member state, the dispatch or transport of the goods is, as a rule, assigned solely to the supply made to the intermediary (an entity organizing the transport), and this supply may be taxed at 0% rate (or be exempt); (iii) settlement of tax due on the import of goods in a VAT declaration will be possible regardless of whether the goods have been subject to EU Customs Code simplifications; (iv) under particular circumstances, the law allows to avoid risks and sanctions due to the obligation to pay into a bank account disclosed on the whitelist; In the case of a residency certificate whose validity period of 12 months expires during the state of epidemic emergency/epidemic, the tax remitter may use the 	business
							emergency/epidemic, the tax	

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates been lifted. In addition, a	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
						certificate issued for 2019 will be considered valid if the tax remitter holds a taxpayer's statement on the validity of the data contained therein.	
Romania	 State of alert Currently in place until September 16, 2020, but it is likely to be prolonged. State of emergency lifted on May 15, 2020. Masks are mandatory inside public places, within public transportation and within offices. In certain counties, masks are mandatory also outside (e.g. in crowded places such as bus stations, public markets etc.). Some flights from certain countries affected by COVID- 19 still restricted. 	In general, all the retail units are open. In principle the retail units have resumed their activity, while maintaining the protection measures imposed by law (e.g. masks, disinfectants).	In general, all the retail units are open.	 During the state of emergency, tenants classified as SMEs were entitled to request the postponement of payment of rent/utilities if certain conditions were met, namely:: the tenant qualifies as a small- or medium-sized enterprise (SME); its business was interrupted (in full or in part) as a consequence of the decisions made by the authorities during the state of emergency; the tenant holds an emergency certificate; and the leased premises are used by the tenant for its main / secondary headquarters. A new law has been approved by the Romanian parliament, suggesting that all tenants (not only SMEs) may get postponement of payment of rent if they met specific prerequisites. The new law seems to target monthly rents lower than RON 10,000 (approximately €2,000) per location. 	If the business allows, telework is still encouraged. No bans on office centers to date. Partial contribution by the state (i.e., the state will contribute from the unemployment insurance budget an amount up to 41.5% of the average gross salary set out under the social insurance budget for 2020) is valid for three months starting from June 1.	The income from self- employment, intellectual property rights, agriculture, rents, capital gains and other forms of income will receive bonuses of up to 10% if the tax on income is paid by the relevant taxpayers by June 30, 2020. The first payment term of the property tax for 2020 was postponed from March 31, 2020, to June 30, 2020.	Masks are required in public places, public transportation and within offices. In certain counties, masks are mandatory also outside (e.g. in crowded places such as bus stations, public markets etc.).
Russia	No special regime has been introduced at the federal level, but all regional authorities have introduced a state of high alert with different restrictive measures. Generally, restrictions are being gradually relaxed. However, under the President's Order of May 11,	Regions may impose different measures depending on the epidemiological situation. In Moscow , all retail units (both food- and non-food retail) may operate from June 1, 2020. All stores that may operate under the law must comply	Regions may impose specific measures depending on the epidemiological situation. In Moscow, all retail units are open from June 1, 2020. In St. Petersburg, shopping centers, as well as shopping facilities that are not directly mentioned remain closed.	At the federal level: All tenants are entitled to request rent reduction for the time the leased property could not be used due to the state of high alert. Tenants operating in the industries on the federal list of those most affected by the	Government wage subsidies Entities operating in the industries on the federal list of those most affected by the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as socially oriented nonprofit organizations, may take loans to pay employees' salaries. The loan amount is RUB 12,130 multiplied by the	Social insurance fees for employees For small and medium-sized enterprises, the social insurance fees will be reduced from 30% to 15% of the employee's salary for an indefinite amount of time.	From March 27, international regular and charter air traffic is cancelled (except for cargo, mail, sanitary and humanitarian purposes). From March 30, all border- crossing points on the Russian border are temporarily closed.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	 2020, regional authorities may decide which organizations may remain open and impose restrictions on the movement of people and vehicles based on the local epidemiologic situation. Moscow's mayor has started gradually cancelling restrictive measures in three stages. From June 9, 2020, all movement restrictions both for pedestrians and vehicles, including digital passes, have been lifted, beauty salons, vet clinics and HR agencies will be open to the public. From June 16, 2020, open terraces of restaurants and cafes, libraries, dentist's offices, as well as offices occupied by companies operating in real estate, leasing, law, financial leasing, accounting, management consulting, advertising, market research, and technical inventory of real estate will be open to the public. From June 23, 2020, swimming pools, sports clubs, fitness centers, as well as restaurants, cafes and bars will be open. From July 13, 2020, all previously imposed restrictions are lifted, except, <i>inter alia</i>, using gloves and face masks in public and carrying out measures prescribed by Moscow authorities. All organizations that may operate have to comply with sanitary requirements imposed by the authorities. In St. Petersburg, some restrictions also were 	with the requirements imposed by the Decree of the Mayor of Moscow of March 5, 2020 No. 12-UM and federal authorities pertaining to sanitary precautions. In St. Petersburg the following retail units are open: retail facilities selling essential goods, organizations providing takeaway catering services and services on terraces and in summer arcades, pharmacy institutions, mobile phone stores, units selling periodicals, objects selling vehicles, gas stations, objects selling tobacco products, seeds and fertilizers, retail facilities with a separate external entrance, hairdressers and beauty salons, repair services, rental, bicycles, car sharing services, swimming pools and fitness centers (except those located in shopping centers).		 COVID-19 outbreak are entitled, in addition to rent reduction, to claim deferral of 100% of rent during the state of high alert. After the end of the state of high alert and until October 1, 2020, 50% of the rent shall be deferred. The deferred rent shall be paid after January 1, 2021 until January 1, 2023. The federal list of industries includes transportation services, recreational services, sport and tourism activities, the hospitality business, catering, education, conference organizing, consumer services, non-food retail, and mass media. Additionally, small-and medium scale entities operating in the industries most affected by the COVID-19 outbreak may demand rent reduction for one year or unilaterally terminate the lease agreement with no penalties, if they fail to reach agreement with the landlord on the rent reduction. At the regional level, additional measures may be adopted. Several regions, including Moscow and St. Petersburg, have exempted tenants operating in specific industries (including trade) from paying rent for government-owned property for the period during which their activity was prohibited. In Moscow, landlords, who lease premises for the purposes of trade, catering or consumer services, and who reduce the rent for the tenant by at least 50% for the period when the tenants' activity was prohibited, will receive support regarding land tax, property fax, rent payments for the land 	number of employees, at a 2% interest rate. According to the Russian government, if the entity retained at least 90% of the employees, the government will pay the loan in full (interest included). If at least 80% of employees were retained, the government will pay 50% of the loan amount (interest included). Sick leave pay Sick leave pay will be calculated on the basis of the monthly minimal wage instead of the current formula based on the employee's length of work and current salary. Unemployment benefits Benefits will be set to match the monthly minimal wage Regional measures In Moscow and Moscow Region, all who are declared unemployed according to the established procedure will receive additional compensation (RUB 19,500 in Moscow Region) from April 1 to September 30, 2020.	Postpo payment For small enterprint affected defined tax payn will be p months Region Moscow advance tax, land the 1 st of certain tourism St. Pete small- a enterprint specific hotels, of advance tax and For som dates fir persona tax, sim and oth Some ta extende The coll the mor account July 1, 2 exceptic From A 3, 2020 institute bankrup In St. P rate on special In addit support

Tax Rebates

onement of tax

hall- and medium-sized rises of industries ad by the outbreak (to be d by the government) all yments excluding VAT postponed for six s.

nal measures

w has postponed ce payments of property nd tax and trade fee for quarter of 2020 for industries (catering, n etc.).

tersburg has exempted and medium-sized rises operating in c industries (such as catering etc.) from ce payments for property d land tax.

me taxes, the payment from 3 to 6 months for hal income tax, income nplified taxation system hers.

tax returns are

led.

bllection measures and pratorium on blocking hts were suspended until 2020 (there are some tions).

April 3, 2020 to October 0, a moratorium was ed on initiating uptcy cases.

Petersburg, zero interest nincome tax is set for l investment companies. ition, a number of tax rt measures have been ed to small and mediumenterprises that keep verage wages at least um.

Selected other COVID-19related legislation relevant for retail business

By the resolution of the Russian Government of June 6, 2020 No. 1511-r, border crossing restrictions are partially lifted. Foreigners may enter Russia for medical treatment or for visiting relatives who are in need of care. Russian citizens may leave Russia for medical treatment, for visiting relatives, or for working and studying abroad.

In addition, the Higher Court of Russia ruled that a lack of funds caused by the closure of business operations due to restrictive measures may constitute a *force majeure* event (which could serve as a ground for an exemption from penalties) for a failure to fulfill payment obligations.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	removed. Self-isolation for citizens over 65 has become a recommendation rather than mandatory. Wearing face masks and gloves is advised outdoors, although they remain mandatory in stores and vehicles.			 plot (if leased from the government) for the respective period. Similar support measures with respect to property tax were enacted in Moscow Region. In St. Petersburg, the following additional measures are available for tenants leasing regional property and providing services in accordance with the approved list, including hotel, catering, tourism, retail and other services: rent deferral for the period from March 13, 2020, till October 1, 2020. Payment of rent for the specified period should be made from January 1, 2021, to January 1, 2023. From March 13, 2020, until the end of the emergency or high preparedness regime, there is a deferral of rent, and until October 1, 2020 deferral of payment of 50% of the rent. Also small and medium-sized enterprises that are tenants of city property and carry out activities in certain areas, for example, catering, hotel business, retail trade in nonfood products, etc., are exempted from paying rent from April 1, 2020 to June 30, 2020. Actions to evict small- and medium-sized businesses whose lease agreements expired, but which continue to pay rent, are suspended until December 31, 2020. 		
Singapore	All workplaces except those providing essential services and those able to operate remotely have been suspended from 7 April to 1 June 2020 . During this period, businesses that are not classified as essential services must suspend all in-person activities and activities at their business location.	 Only retail units that provide essential services are permitted to remain open during the control period. For retail businesses, these would include: Healthcare providers and essential supporting services, e.g. clinics, pharmacies, provision of medical items, personal care items. Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) 	All other businesses except those that provide essential services will be closed. Online operations / e- commerce are not affected and may continue.	Legislation has been passed to protect individuals and businesses that are unable to meet contractual obligations because of the Covid-19 pandemic. Under the legislation, landlords would not be allowed to terminate the leases of tenants or repossess premises even if rental is not paid. This will apply for at least a period of 6 months from commencement of the legislation and to all	 The Government is helping employers by co-paying wages of employees who are Singaporeans or Singapore Permanent Residents: For April and May 2020, 75% of the first \$4,600 of monthly wages will be co- paid. From June 2020 to Dec 2020, the co-payment amount will range from 25% to 75% (up to the first \$\$4,600) of monthly 	• • Prop

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
For porate Tax: For the year of assessment 2020, a corporate tax rebate of 25% of tax payable, capped at \$15,000, will be granted. Income tax for financial year 2019 profits has been deferred from April 2020 to July 2020.	 Singapore has issued safe distancing regulations to ensure that persons in public maintain a safe distance. In the retail sector, this has translated into: Implement contact tracing through the use of an app to facilitate collection of visitor information. Ensuring that all staff, customers and delivery personnel must have

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Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19-
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been	Fackages	Repates	related legislation relevant for retail
		Open	Closed	implemented			business
		establishments with		leases entered into before 25	wages, depending on	Property tax rebate of up	their masks on within the
		MOH-registered in-house		March 2020.	industry sector.	to 100%.	premises.
		TCM practitioners, but			For employees who are	To ensure that the	Encouraging the use of
		only with effect from 12 May 2020.			shareholders and directors of the company,	property tax rebates are passed onto the tenants,	self-checkouts, cashless or contactless payment.
		 Supermarkets, 			the government's job	there is legislation to	 Temperature screening
		convenience stores that			support scheme is	require property owners	at entrances of malls /
		are not located in parks,			extended to these	to pass on the rebate to	stores.
		grocery retailers, wholesale markets, wet			individuals (only applicable to companies	their tenants in the form of monetary payment or a	 Providing hand sanitizers to frontline staff.
		markets.			registered on or before	reduction in rentals.	Removing product testers
		• F&B outlets, e.g.			20 April 2020, and wages		and samples.
		restaurants, fast food (for takeaway and delivery			of these individuals with assessable income of	Cash Flow Support / Loans:	Frequently disinfect
		orders only), except			\$100,000 or less).	Programme for	common spaces and high-touch surfaces.
		beverage stores. Cakes				temporary bridging loans	Limiting the number of
		and confectionary, packaged snacks and			For foreign employees, employers can enjoy waivers	of up to \$5 million.	shoppers per store / mall
		desserts for takeaway			and rebates of levies for April	 Programme for working capital loans to small / 	(not more than 1 person per 16 sqm of usable
		and delivery, but only			and May 2020.	middle enterprises of up	space)
		with effect from 12 May 2020.			For unemployed persons or	to \$1 million.	• Dispersing of groups.
		 Hairdressing and barber 			persons who have lost	 Programme for trade loans of up to \$10m with 	Queue management and appaging out the guousing
		services, for provision of			employment due to COVID-19,	Government risk-share of	spacing out the queueing of shoppers (>1 m), e.g.
		basic haircut services			it is possible to apply for a cash grant of \$800 per month	up to 90%.	through floor markers at
		only (within 60 minutes), but only with effect from			for 3 months.		queueing positions.
		12 May 2020.					For F&B operators, this has
		Retail laundry services,			For self-employed persons, it		additionally translated into:
		but only with effect from 12 May 2020.			is possible to apply for 3 quarterly cash payouts of		Implementing pre-
		 Optician services and 			\$3,000 each in May, July, and		ordering and payment solutions to minimize
		sale of optical products,			October 2020.		physical clustering.
		but strictly by appointment only.					Demarcating a waiting
		 Pet food and supplies 					area for customers and delivery personnel to pick
		stores, but only with					up their food.
		effect from 12 May 2020.					Designate and clearly
		 Plumbers, electricians, gas pipe repairers and 					demarcate a dining area
		locksmiths for emergency					for staff only and stagger staff meal times; Staff
		household services only.					should dine alone and
		 Vehicle recovery and repair services for 					quickly.
		emergency vehicles					Additionally, Singapore has
		services only.					issued regulations to:
		 Hardware stores for sale of building and 					
		of building and maintenance-related					 Require employers to implement telecommuting
		equipment and tools only.					for their employees;
		Repair of consumer					Require employers to
		electronics (including mobile phone repair					implement safe
		shops) and household					distancing measures within the workplace for
		appliances.					essential service
		 Veterinary services for the provision of 					providers.
		emergency, non-elective					
		<u> </u>					

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
		 veterinary services, including hospitalization. Banking and insurance services. 					Require occupiers and event organisers to take steps to facilitate contact tracing.
Slovakia	Extraordinary state (mimoriadna situácia) in effect (which gives more powers to state authorities in taking the necessary measures to prevent and mitigate a threat to public health due to COVID- 19).	Retail stores and operations providing services are open irrespective of their area, including stores and operations providing services in shopping malls.	N/A	 Measures in force as of April 25, 2020: If the lessee is in delay with the payment of the rent or service charges payable from April 1, 2020, to June 30, 2020, and this is due to circumstances originating in the spread of COVID-19, the lessor cannot terminate the lease until December 31, 2020; this reason for the delay must be sufficiently proved by the lessee. Measures in force as of June 17, 2020: provision of a rent contribution by the state to the lessees which closed (had to close) their establishments during the pandemic, if the lessor and the lessee agree on rent reduction for such a time; the amount of the rent contribution shall equal the amount of the rent reduction; if a 50 percent rent reduction for such a time; the state; if less than a 50 percent of the rent will be paid by the state; if less than a 50 percent of the rent reduction (including no reduction) is agreed i. the same amount will be paid by the state (no state contribution if no rent reduction is agreed); ii. the remaining amount (discounted rent decreased by the state contribution) will be left to be paid by the lessee in equal installments spread over no more than 48 months (e.g. 40 	 55% of the gross wage of employees in quarantine or employees taking care of their children will be paid by the state Social Insurance Company. Measures in force as of April 4, 2020: if an enterprise is closed or the employees' activity is reduced as a result of the pandemic, the employees are entitled to wage compensation of at least 80%, which should not be lower than the minimal wage; the employer has under certain conditions the right to order employees to work from home. The employee has also a right to work from home. The employee has also a right to work from home, provided that the nature of the work permits and that there are no serious operational reasons; new provisions in the area of social security include an extension of the unemployment support period, nursing care payments that include persons caring for children personally during the pandemic, and the Slovak government has the authority to adjust the conditions of unemployment benefits payments; postponement of certain obligations in the area of health and safety at work (e.g. participation in recovery stays, collective events, performance of preventive medical examinations, completion of relevant trainings). 	 Measures in force as of April 4, 2020: delay of income tax deadlines for filing tax returns, declarations, annual accounts for employees, notifications of non-monetary income tax of health care providers and motor vehicle tax in specific cases; delay of statutory deadlines with respect to financial statements, annual reports and auditors' reports and their recording in the register of accounts; basic legal framework for provision of financial assistance to micro, small and medium-sized enterprises – the assistance may be provided in the form of: a guarantee for a bank loan, a payment of interest on a bank loan, a payment of since and the intermediaries of the Export-Import Bank of the Slovak Republic and the Slovak Republic and the Slovak Republic and the slovak Guarantee and Development Bank; set-off of the loss of previous years as of 2014 (if not set-off so far) against tax base; the application of the measures is limited to the period from March 12, 2020, until the end of the month in which the state of emergency is withdrawn by the Slovak government. 	 The opened stores must adhere to the following hygienic measures for both employees and customers: allow entering the store only with face masks (or other suitable coverage of nose and mouth); at entrance to the store provide disinfection of hands or one-time gloves; ensure at least 2 meters distance in queues; number of customers in stores must not be more than one customer for 10 sqm of selling area of the store or a distance of 2 meters will be observed between customers; put on all entrances to the store a notice of the above requirements; perform frequent ventilation of the premises and regularly disinfect contact surfaces and relevant devices, tools and aids; and ensure that floors are washed every day. Additional strict hygienic measures apply to certain specific types of establishments, taxi services, wellness and fitness centers, libraries etc.) Public consumption of food and drinks in outdoor and indoor areas of establishments (like terraces) is also permitted under strict hygienic measures (e.g., disinfection of sanitary facilities every hour, obligation to ensure that

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented			relevant for retail business
				percent rent reduction is agreed; state contribution is 40 percent of the rent; remaining 20 percent of the rent is paid by the lessee in the instalments); ii. during the payment of these installments, the lessor cannot unilaterally increase the rent, if the right of the lessor to unilaterally increase the rent was not agreed before February 1, 2020.		 Measures in force as of April 6, 2020 -delay of payment of social/health insurance levies if turnover decreased by more than 40% in March 2020. Measures approved by the Slovak parliament on April 22, 2020: new provision that taxpayers are allowed to deduct the tax loss ("odpočet daňovej straty") reported for the tax years 2015 to 2018 (the taxpayer has the possibility to apply the tax losses up to the total amount of €1,000,000). 	 aerosol generating devices are not used, etc.). Measures in force as of April 9 2020, regarding postponement of loan installments: debtor (small employer = small or medium-sized enterprise employing fewer than 250 persons with annual turnover not exceeding €50 million and/or annual balance sheet total not exceeding €43 million) may apply to have the instalments postponed once and for a maximum for up to nine months (nine months applies for banks; for other creditors three + three months are applicable); the application must be filed with the creditor during the pandemic crisis; postponement includes (i) payment of principal and interest or (iii) payment of principal and interest or (iii) payment of loan payable in one payment. As of July 1, 2020, mass events of up to 1,000 people are permitted. Events with an exclusively sitting audience are permitted to have more than 1,000 people, as long as the organizer is able to secure and comply with certain conditions (e.g. the occupancy of the capacity of the seating area may not exceed 50%). A large number of smaller measures were approved by the Slovak National Council on July 9, 2020 in order to improve the business environment and reduce administrative burdens, such as:

Country F	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
							 raising the threshold for mandatory financial audits, simplification of energy audits, cancellation or reduction of various fines, regulation of the amount of administrative fees, abolishment of several notification obligations of entrepreneurs etc.
Roy Spa 14, Loc De- The est pro fror (Ph the to a dep ma gov reg ecc ind rev The pro on Pal	ate of emergency yal Decree issued by the anish government on March , 2020. ckdown until 7 June, 2020. -escalation process e Spanish government has tablished a four- phase ogram for the de-escalation m the COVID- 19 lockdown hases 0, 1, 2 and 3) within e following months. e entry into or the reversion any of these stages shall pend on the evaluation ide by the Spanish vernment jointly with the gions, considering relevant bornic, social and health licators, which shall be vised every two weeks. erefore, the de-escalation boess could vary depending the region. rt of the Spanish territory nains under Phase 1 ⁵ , ereas other regions and uncipalities are currently der Phase 2 ⁶ .	Phase 1: Shops for the sale of food, drinks or hygiene or "basic need" products, pharmacies, medical establishments, opticians, and establishments for orthopedic products, press and stationery supplies, gas stations, tobacconists, hairdressers (provided that they carry out their activity at the clients' domiciles), technology and telecommunications equipment, pet food, and dry cleaners or laundries may remain open (the "Initially Permitted Activities"),provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled and their exhibition and sales' surface area is up to 400 sqm Retail establishments and commercial premises, including those located within a shopping centre or retail park, whose activity was suspended as a result of the declaration of the state of emergency have been allowed to reopen provided that: (i) the establishments have an exhibition and sales' surface equal or lower than 400 sqm ⁷ ; and; and (ii) certain hygiene and safety measures are	All other retail units are closed	The Spanish government has approved a moratorium on the payment of rent in favor of certain tenants of non- residential premises (due to financial incapacity), provided that several requirements are met. These measures are aimed at the reduction of operational costs for self- employed individuals (<i>autónomos</i>) and SMEs (<i>PYMES</i>). The government differentiates between: (i) commercial leases entered into with a "major landlord" (gran tenedor), i.e., an individual or company owner of more than 10 urban real estate assets (exclusive of parking lots and storage rooms), or of more than 1,500 square meters of urban built area; and (ii) commercial leases entered into with a "minor landlord" (i.e. everybody else). 1. In the case of a "major landlord", the tenant is entitled to request before May 22, 2020, a moratorium on rent payments during the state of emergency, which may be extended on a monthly basis up to a maximum period of	The procedures to make temporary lay-offs (<i>Expediente</i> <i>de Regulación Temporal de</i> <i>Empleo, or ERTE</i>) have been relaxed to make them more flexible and faster. These can be applied due to force <i>majeure</i> or objective grounds (e.g. economic, technical, organizational and/or productive reasons). These procedures could be extended up to June 30; this is, even if the lockdown and emergency state has ceased. Some other measures have been adopted for employees, including the right to reduce the working time and salaries, and home- based work. The unemployment benefits will be maintained during the extension of the ERTE up to 30 June. The exemption on social security contributions for the ERTE based on <i>force majeure</i> will also be extended, but the amount will be reduced depending on the company's workforce.	No specific tax rebates on the retail or real estate sector have been approved. In general terms, the obligations to file and pay tax returns remain unchanged except for certain SMEs and self-employed individuals. For instance, under specific conditions, these taxpayers (e.g. SMEs and self-employed individuals) can request the deferral of the payment of taxes. Additionally, tax procedures have been suspended under certain conditions. For further information, please see our specific note <u>here</u> .	N/A

⁵ Territories under Phase 1_ (i) Andalusia (Granada and Málaga); (ii) Castilla and León (Ávila, Burgos, León, Palencia, Salamanca, Segovia, Soria, Valladolid and Zamora); (iii) Castilla-La Mancha (Toledo, Albacete and Ciudad Real); (iv) Catalonia (Girona, Lleida, Catalunya Central and Barcelona); (v) Valencia; (vi) Murcia (Totana); and (vii) Madrid.

⁶ Territories under Phase 2_ (i) Andalusia (Almería, Córdoba, Cádiz, Huelva, Jaén and Sevilla); (ii) Aragón; (iii) Asturias; (iv) Balearic Islands; (v) Canary Islands (Tenerife, Gran Canaria, Lanzarote, Fuerteventura, La Palma, La Gomera, El Hierro and La Graciosa); (vi) Cantabria; (vii) Castilla-La Mancha (Guadalajara and Cuenca); (viii) Catalonia (Camp de Tarragona, Alt Pirineu i Aran, and Terres de l'Ebre); (ix) Extremadura; (x) Galicia; (xi) Murcia (except for Totana); (xii) Navarra; (xiii) Basque Country; (xiv) La Rioja; (xv) Ceuta; and (xvi) Melilla.

⁷ Establishments with a surface area exceeding 400 sqm. The new regulations foresee the possibility for establishments with a surface area exceeding 400 sqm to delimit the reopened surface area to 400 sqm. Those establishments located within a shopping centre or retail park need to count with an independent and direct access from the outside of the shopping centre or retail park.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
		 fulfilled in order to protect employees and clients (i.e. amongst others, a 30% reduction in the total capacity of the premises, guarantee of physical distance, provision of preferential opening hours for people over 65 years, fulfilment of specific prevention measures as legally stipulated, etc.). Car dealers, vehicle inspection stations, garden centers and plant nurseries may reopen through the implementation of appointment systems, irrespective of their surface area. Certain hygiene and safety measures must be fulfilled. State-owned public gaming concessionaires may reopen, provided that they are not located in a shopping center or in a retail park. Certain hygiene and safety measures must be fulfilled. Restaurant activity is allowed through delivery services. The collection of orders by clients in the establishments is also permitted. Consumption inside the establishments is still forbidden, although it is now allowed in outdoor terraces for only 50% of its capacity and provided that physical distance and hygiene measures are guaranteed. Maximum occupancy of customers per table is 10 people. Hotels and tourist lodges may reopen as well, with several restrictions (i.e. restaurant and cafeteria services will not be rendered in common areas; gyms, pools, SPAs, clubs, etc. are closed) and provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled. 		four months, as from the end of the state of emergency. The rent payments will be postponed, divided up and allocated to the rent payments following the moratorium, with no interest or penalties, over a term of two years. This is the right of a tenant that "would automatically apply" (in the absence of a previous and different amicable agreement with the landlord). During the moratorium, no guarantees are enforceable against the tenant (i.e., the moratorium will also affect the enforcement of bank guarantees, corporate guarantees, deposits or other measures against the tenants.) 2. In the case of a "minor landlord", the tenant will be entitled to request before May 22, 2020, an "extraordinary postponement of rent payments" in the absence of a different, previous and amicable agreement between landlord and tenant. Exclusively in this scenario, the parties will be entitled to use the legal rent deposit (the two-month rent amount deposited with the authorities upon signing of the lease) against unpaid rents. If the legal rent deposit is totally or partially used, the tenant must replace the amount of the legal rent deposit within one year or within the remaining term of the lease agreement, if this term is less than one year.	The suspension of the procedural deadlines is removed. For further information, please click <u>here</u> .

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages
		Initially Permitted Activities, provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled, may remain opened. Retail establishments and commercial premises (despite their surface area) have been allowed to reopen to the public provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled in order to protect employees and clients (i.e. amongst others, reduction in a 40% of the total capacity of the premises, guarantee of physical distance, provision of preferential opening hours for people over 65 years, fulfilment of specific prevention measures as legally stipulated, etc.). Reopening of shopping centers and retail parks is allowed provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled (i.e. amongst others, reduction in a 30% of the total capacity in the common areas, reduction in a 40% of the total capacity of each of the commercial premises, prohibition to the customers to stay in the common areas (except if this is due to restaurant activities or for mere transfer between the commercial premises), closure of recreational areas, fulfilment of specific prevention measures as legally stipulated, etc.). Restaurant activity is allowed through delivery services. The collection of orders by clients in the establishments is also permitted. Consumption inside the establishments is now allowed ⁸ , provided that the total capacity does not exceed 40% ⁹ and certain conditions are fulfilled. Consumption in outdoor terraces is allowed too in the same terms and conditions as in Phase 1.			

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

 ⁸ Excluded establishments_ Discos and clubs are excluded.
 ⁹ Capacity_ The regions will be entitled to set different percentages, taking into consideration the limits foreseen in the applicable regulations.

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
		Hotels and tourist lodges' common areas may reopen, with a maximum total capacity of 1/3, except for the catering areas which shall operate under the terms and conditions set forth for restaurant activity, and provided that certain hygiene and safety measures are fulfilled.					
Turkey	 Limited curfew Limited curfew for people over 65 and people with chronic diseases (allowed to be outdoors only between 10.00 – 20.00). People below the age of 18 may be outdoors, provided that their parents accompany them. Intercity travel bans applicable to 15 cities including the largest cities (Istanbul, Ankara, Izmir) were lifted on June 1. Government tends to declare curfews effective during the weekends in the 15 cities, including the largest cities (Istanbul, Ankara, Izmir). There are certain exceptions intended to allow for the continuation of "essential activities". With that said, the government did not declare a curfew on the weekend of June 6-7, for the first time in over 2.5 months. All international flights are still suspended but domestic flights take place. 	Even though there is no ban envisaged for retail units other than the ones stipulated on the column to the right, most of the retail units were closed on a voluntary basis. Since June 1, many retail stores adopted the measures of the "new normal" and have commenced commercial activities.	Theaters, movie theaters, show centers, wedding venues will reopen on July 1. Leisure facilities remain closed.	The Temporary Article 2 of the Law No. 7226 indicates that "the inability to pay rent for workplaces accrued from 1/3/2020 until 30/6/2020 will not be a ground for termination of the lease agreement and eviction of the leased premises." Pursuant to Article 1 of the Law No. 7244, the collection of fees to be paid in accordance with the (i) contract regarding immovable property registered with the Treasury, (ii) unjust occupancy fee, (iii) fees to be collected from the immovable leased by the General Directorate of Forestry in accordance with the State Procurement Law, (iv) consideration fee arisen due to the sale or lease of immovable properties under the ownership and disposal of metropolitan municipalities, municipalities and special provincial administrations, shall be postponed for three months without any default interest and interest.	Social security payments for April, May and June are postponed for six months for businesses in the following sectors: retail, shopping malls, iron and steel, automotive, logistics-transportation, cinema-theater, accommodation, food and beverage, textile and garment, and event organization.	No announcement specific on tax rebates has been made. Tax declaration deadlines were extended. Certain taxpayers are deemed to be affected by <i>force majeure</i> for the period of April 1, 2020, to June 30, 2020: (<i>i</i>) taxpayers with income tax liability in terms of commercial, agricultural and professional earnings, (<i>ii</i>) all taxpayers directly affected by COVID-19 and operating in the real estate and construction sectors (e.g. retail trade, shopping centers, logistics, transportation, cinema and theater, accommodation, food and beverage services, organization, health services, construction and more) (<i>iii</i>) taxpayers operating in the sectors in which workplaces are temporarily suspended due to the measures taken by the Ministry of Domestic Affairs.	The loan payments of the enterprises whose cash flow is adversely affected due to the COVID-19 measures will be postponed for at least three months and additional financial support will be provided to these enterprises if need be, through public banks (details of the financial support depend on various factors, such as the turnover of the enterprise, the commercial sector in which the enterprise conducts its business <i>etc.</i>). Pursuant to Article 12 of the Law No. 7244, until September 30. 2020, only 25 percent of the net profit for the year 2019 can be decided to be distributed by capital companies; the previous year's profits and free reserves cannot be subjected to distribution, and the general assembly cannot authorize the board of directors to distribute advance dividends. The president is authorized to extend or shorten the period specified in this paragraph for three months.
UAE	Restrictions on travel into Abu Dhabi Emirate from other Emirates, unless proof is provided of a negative COVID- 19 test. Ministerial Resolution No. (281) of 2020 Regulating Remote Work in Private Establishments During the Period of Application of	Different reopening plans apply across the Emirates. Malls, food shops, supermarkets, pharmacies and petrol stations are open. Additional health and safety measures apply (e.g. 2-meter social distancing, customer capacity limits).	Different reopening plans apply across the Emirates. Certain leisure facilities and cinemas in Abu Dhabi remain closed, though phased reopening is anticipated soon.	Numerous stimulus packages announced. The key reliefs for leaseholders in Abu Dhabi and Dubai include: <i>Abu Dhabi</i> Government of Abu Dhabi – Ghadan 21 Abu Dhabi Economic Stimulus Package • Rebates of up to 20% on	Ministerial Resolution No. (279) of 2020 on Employment Stability in the Private Sector During the Period of Application of Precautionary Measures to Curb the Spread of Novel Coronavirus (the Employment Stability Resolution) was issued on 26 March 2020.	Dubai Customs will refund 1% of customs duty imposed on imported goods sold locally in the UAE markets which are subject to customs duty at a rate of 5% and which were processed between 15 March 2020 and 30 June 2020.	 UAE Central Bank – Targeted Economic Support Scheme AED50 billion from Central Bank funds through collateralised loans at zero cost to all banks operating in the UAE. AED50 billion funds freed from banks' capital buffers.

Country	Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment
	Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages
	 Precautionary Measures to Curb the Spread of Novel Coronavirus (the Remote Work Resolution) was issued on 29 March 2020. The Remote Work Resolution requires all private establishments (save for those excluded sectors stated below) to minimise the number of workers physically present at their premises to the minimum necessary for business processes, subject to a maximum cap of 30% of the total number of workers. Establishments are also required to minimise the number of customers visiting to 30% of the seating capacity and need to consider other controls, including maintaining safe distances and continuous disinfection of devices and facilities. These requirements do not apply to businesses which operate in the sectors of infrastructure projects, catering, telecommunications, power, health, education, banking, food processing, hospitality, heath supplies manufacturing or cleaning companies. The Remote Work Resolution imposes additional specific requirements which apply across all industries (many of which are of particular relevance for employers with employees who live in labor accommodation), including: Provide screening points at entrances and take temperatures and check symptoms twice per day. Suspected cases are prohibited from going to work or entering labor accommodation and must be referred to the relevant health authorities. Provide a method for transporting workers to and from the workplace, 	Further requirements apply to shopping malls (e.g. temperature or thermal imaging checks at entrances). Restaurants can reopen for eat-in custom. Take away and home delivery has continued. Additional health and safety measures apply (e.g. social distancing requirements, table service only). Leisure, gymnasiums, fitness clubs and cinemas in Dubai commenced reopening from 27 May 2020. Salons and barbers (hair and nail) by appointment only. Additional health and safety measures apply (e.g. social distancing, customer capacity limits and deep-cleaning requirements).		 rent for restaurant, tourism and entertainment sectors. No individual or commercial real estate registration fees until the end of 2020. No Tawtheeq fees for commercial and industrial activities (only) until the end of 2020. Industrial land leasing fees reduced by 25% for new contracts. Abu Dhabi Global Market (ADGM) Rent and service charge payments deferred for 2020 for office leases at ADGM Square (signed with AlSowah Square Properties). Abu Dhabi Judicial Department Rent evictions suspended for two months (March and April). Aldar Monthly payment plans for residential rents until the end of 2020. Dubai Government Reduction of municipality fees on sales at hotels from 7 percent to 3.5 percent Dubai Free Zones Council Postponement of rent payments by a period of up to 6 months. Facilitating instalments for rental payments. Participating free zones include Dubai Silicon Oasis Authority, Jebel Ali Free Zone, Dubai Vorld Trade Centre, Dubai International Financial 	The Employment Stability Resolution provides that affected employers shall progressively take the following five steps with the consent of the relevant employee (steps 3, 4 and 5 requiring employee consent): 1. implement remote working; 2. grant paid leave; 3. grant unpaid leave; 4. temporary salary reduction; and 5. permanent salary reduction. A key change introduced by the Employment Stability Resolution is the creation of a "Virtual Labour Market" concept. The Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratisation will operate the "Virtual Labour Market" as an electronic and smart system and will issue temporary work permits for those employees who temporally transfer their employment to another employer. The DIFC published Presidential Directive No. 4 of 2020 which is effective from 21 April 2020 until 31 July 2020 (the DIFC COVID-19 Directive) and which provides, among other things, that DIFC employers are entilled to lawfully impose certain specific measures without employee consent (including unpaid leave and reduced remuneration). However, in the event an employee takes sick leave, having contracted COVID-19 or having been placed in quarantine, then they are entitled to full pay and the leave is not counted as part of their sick leave entitlement.

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
	 business To facilitate temporary relief (for a period of up to 6 months) from payment of principal and interest on outstanding loans for all affected private sector companies and retail customers. Cap for contactless transactions increased from AED 300 to AED 500 (until further notice).

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been	Employment Packages
	 provided that capacity of vehicles does not exceed 25% of vehicle seating and safe distancing measures are maintained. Ban on gatherings and ceasing all cultural, sporting and social activities at labor accommodations. Minimize the number of workers at accommodation canteens during mealtimes and maintain safe distancing of at least two meters. Report any workers with coronavirus symptoms or suspected cases. However, the position is different in Dubai. Under the directives of His Highness Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid AI Maktoum, Vice President and Prime Minister of the UAE and Ruler of Dubai, the Supreme Committee of Crisis and Disaster Management in Dubai, headed by His Highness Sheikh Mansour bin Mohammed bin Rashid AI Maktoum, announced that shopping malls and the private sector can operate at 100 per cent capacity starting 3 June 2020. The Committee said private sector employees in Dubai suffering from respiratory conditions and those with compromised immunity are advised to continue working remotely from home. There remains a requirement to strictly follow precautionary measures, including wearing face masks, maintaining a minimum distance of two metres from others, using hand sanitisers and regularly washing hands with soap and water for 20 seconds. 			 implemented Centre (DIFC), Dubai Development Authority, Dubai South, Meydan City Corporation, and Dubai Multi Commodities Centre. Dubai Land Department Rent evictions suspended for two months (March and April). Dubai Airport Freezone (DAFZ) 3 months' rent free for retail leases. Postponement of rent for up to 3 months for other commercial leases. These reliefs apply where DAFZ is the landlord. Dubai Healthcare City (DHC) 3 months' rent free for food and beverage leases. Postponement of rent for up to 3 months for other commercial leases. Postponement of rent for up to 3 months for other commercial leases. These reliefs apply where DHC is the landlord. Dubai Multi Commodities Centre (DMCC) Waiver of rent for 2 months for businesses impacted by mandatory closure requirements. Waiver of outdoor area rents for 3 months for JLT retailers with existing contracts. Postponement of rent for 3 months for flexi desk and DMCC Business Centre tenants. Waiver of office sharing permit fees. These reliefs apply from 1 April 2020 until 30 June 2020 (unless stated otherwise) and (for leasing matters) where DMCC is the landlord. DP World (including JAFZA, National Industries Park and Dubai Auto Zone) Postponement of rent payments for 2 months. 	

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
				 Facilitating instalments for rental payments. Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) 3 months' rent free for retail leases (base rent). Postponement of rent for 3 months on a 6-month payment plan for other commercial leases. No refunds of rent payments made prior to 1 April 2020. These reliefs apply from 1 April 2020 until 30 June 2020 (unless stated otherwise) and (for leasing matters) where DIFC Investments Ltd is the landlord. Dubai Silicon Oasis (DSO) Rent free period for retail businesses impacted by mandatory closure requirements. Postponement of rent for up to 3 months for flexi desk and business center tenants. These reliefs apply where DSO is the landlord. Nakheel Rent holiday for retail and hospitality businesses operating within the Nakheel Malls portfolio, (taking effect when the malls reopen). Rent holiday for small retail businesses operating within the Nakheel Malls portfolio, (taking effect when the malls reopen). Rent holiday for small retail businesses operating within thatheel's master communities. 		
UK	No state of emergency Government Guidance announced on 11 May 2020	 supermarkets and other food shops; pharmacies and chemists; dental services, opticians, 	The UK Government has ordered the closure of all retail businesses that sell non- essential goods. From 1 June	Landlords are prevented by law from evicting tenants for non-payment of rent under	1. Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (the "CJRS")	No rebate announce

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Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business
ates have been nced yet.	The UK Parliament has enacted The Coronavirus Act 2020 which grants the Government emergency

Country Status –	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases	Employment	Tax	Selected other COVID-19-
Has any special status been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages	Rebates	related legislation relevant for retail business
 remains in place with respect to people going to work. I.e. All workers who cannot work from home should travel to work if their workplace is open. As soon as practicable, workplaces should be set up to meet the new COVID-19 secure guidelines. In particular, workplaces should, where possible, ensure employees can maintain a two- metre distance from others, and wash their hands regularly. At all times, workers should follow the guidance on self- isolation if they or anyone in their household shows coronavirus symptoms. There is specific guidance in relation to work carried out in people's homes – for example by tradespeople carrying out repairs and maintenance, cleaners, or those providing paid-for childcare in a child's home. From Monday 1 June people are able to (observing social distancing guidelines at all time): spend time outdoors – for example sitting and enjoying the fresh air, picnicking, or sunbathing meet up to six people outside (strictly observing social distancing) in gardens and other private spaces and people are stil not allowed in other people's homes except to access the garden; exercise outdoors as often as you wish - following social distancing guidelines use outdoor sports courts or facilities, such as a tennis or basketball court, or golf course – with members of your household, or one other person while staying 2 metres apart 	 audiology services, chiropody, chiropractors, osteopaths and other medical or health services (including physiotherapy and podiatry services), and services relating to mental health; petrol stations; bicycle shops; homeware, building supplies and hardware stores, including where those stores supply equipment for hire; agricultural supply shops; convenience stores, corner shops and newsagents; off-licences and licensed shops selling alcohol, including those within breweries; storage and distribution facilities including delivery drop off points where they are on the premises of any of the above businesses; garden centres and plant nurseries; veterinary surgeries and pet shops; agricultural supplies shops; laundrettes and dry cleaners; post offices; taxi or vehicle hire businesses' car repair and MOT services; car parks; banks, building societies, short-term loan providers, currency exchange offices, businesses for the transmission of money, and businesses which cash cheques; public toilets; shopping centres may stay open but only units of the types listed above may trade. 	 2020 a phased reopening is expected. Hairdressers, barbers, beauty and nail salons, including piercing and tattoo parlours are to remain closed. All retail, other than those exempt (see previous column), must close their premises to members of the public. However, staff may be present to make deliveries or provide services in response to orders such as those through telephone, online, or mail. Click and collect services can also operate, though customers must not enter premises listed in the left-hand column. Online retail remains open provided that businesses can ensure they keep online operations running safely and adhere to government social distancing measures. The UK government has issued guidance for the save reopening of retail shops. which will include changes in in how stores look and operate. The government recommends a one-way system for customers hand cleaning points and maximum numbers for customers allowed to enter the store based on size, as well as mandatory two-metre social distancing. 	emergency COVID-19 legislation. Also industry voluntary rent free periods.	The CJRS is intended to avoid redundancies and protect jobs. HMRC will reimburse employers for 80% of the usual monthly wage costs, up to £2,500 a month plus the associated Employer National Insurance Contributions and minimum automatic enrolment employer pension contributions on that wage. This gives a maximum cap of £2,804 of possible grant that can be applied for per employee per month. Under the CJRS employers can claim for obligatory "regular payments". This includes past overtime, fees and commission payments that the employer is obliged to pay. Employers may not claim for discretionary bonuses and tips. Employers can also claim for enhanced maternity, adoption, paternity and shared parental pay under the CJRS (subject to the normal scheme requirements application to ordinary wage costs). The employees, workers and officeholders (paid via PAYE) must be on their employer's payroll on or after 29 February 2020 and have been "furloughed". Furloughed workers must carry out no work for their employer. Typically employers need to obtain consent to make changes to terms and conditions of employment, although the latest Treasury Direction has removed the need for agreement to be in writing. A furloughed employee can take part in volunteer work or training, as long as they do not provide services to, or generate revenue for (or on behalf of), their employer. The CJRS will operate from 1 March to 31 July 2020 in its current form. However, the	The due date for VAT payments has been deferred for 3 months. This applies to UK VAT registered businesses that have a VAT payment due between 20 March 2020 and 30 June 2020. A 12-month business rates holiday applies for all retail, hospitality, nurseries and leisure businesses in England; and grant funding of £25,000 is available for retail, hospitality and leisure businesses with property with a rateable value between £15,000 and £51,000.	powers to handle the coronavirus pandemic. The Coronavirus (Scotland) Act 2020 has also been passed by the Scottish Parliament to build on the emergency powers introduced by the UK Government's legislation. The Health Protection (Coronavirus, Business Closure) (England) Regulations 2020 came into force on 21 March 2020 which sets out businesses which must remain closed. The Government has enacted various grant and loan schemes available to certain businesses to assist with cash flow issues.

Has any special status		Which retail units are		Employment
been introduced?	Open	Closed	Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Packages
 been introduced? go to a garden centre People are not able to: visit friends and family in their homes; exercise in an indoor sports court, gym or leisure centre, or go swimming in a public pool; use an outdoor gym or playground; visit a private or ticketed attraction; gather in a group of more than two (excluding members of your own household), except for a few specific exceptions set out in law (for work, funerals, house moves, supporting the vulnerable, in emergencies and to fulfil legal obligations) Step 2 of UK Government Roadmap to lift restrictions are to commence 1 June 2020. The current planning assumption for England is that the second step may include as many of the following measures as possible: (i) A phased return for early years settings and schools; (ii) Opening non-essential retail; (iii) Permitting cultural and sporting events to take place behind closed-doors; and (iv) Re-opening more local public transport in urban areas, subject to strict measures. With respect to Social and family contact, the Government's intention is to change regulations safely to: (i) allow people to expand their household group to include one other household in the same exclusive group and (ii) enable people to gather in a subset or group and (ii) 	Open Providers of essential goods continue to operate critical online operations.	Closed		government have now extended the CJRS until October 2020, with the intention that from August onwards there will be greater flexibility in the way that the scheme operates. The details of the revised CJRS are still unclear, but we do know that employers will have to contribute to employees' furlough wages from 1 August and that they will be able to furlough employees part-time (which is not allowed under the current scheme). 2. The Self-Employment Income Support Scheme ("the Scheme") The Scheme will provide grants called "SEISS payments" to self-employed individuals and freelancers. This payment will represent 80% of their average monthly trading profits calculated over the three tax years up to 2018/19. The amount recoverable under the Scheme will be capped at £2,500 per month. The maximum total payment that an individual applicant can receive is £7,500. HMRC will pay this in a single instalment covering three months. The Scheme will be available to those whose trading profits were less than £50,000 in 2019. More than half of the individual's income must have come from self-employment. The individual claiming must have submitted a self- assessment tax return on or before 23 April 2020 for a "relevant tax year" (being 2016/17, 2017/18 and 2018/19), must have been trading in tax years 2018/19
slightly larger groups to better				and 2019/20, and must also be intending to trade in 2020/21.

Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation relevant for retail business

Country	Status – Has any special status been introduced?	Which retail units are Open	Which retail units are Closed	Leases Have special laws related to COVID-19 been implemented	Employment Packages	
	 being introduced in Step 2 but they are measures being considered and reviewed by the UK Government. With respect to childcare, schools and universities the following announcements have been made: From 1 June: nurseries and other early years settings and reception, year one and year six in primary schools are able to open; From 15 June: secondary schools will begin to provide some face-to-face contact time for years 10 and 12; Other school years and universities are closed and only remain open for children of critical workers and vulnerable children where they can. 				Individuals who pay themselves a salary and dividends through their own company are not eligible but, if they operate a PAYE scheme, they will be eligible for the CJRS. Individuals can apply for this payment online and HMRC have stated that it will make the payment by early June if it approves a claim. 3. Other consequent developments In response to the developments relating to the CJRS, the Scheme and the Covid-19 developments more widely, the UK government has also announced various updates to rules and regulations relating to sick pay, holiday accrual, gender pay gap reporting and IR35. The government focus is now on returning employees to work in a safe way. In line with this, the government has published guidance on how employers can safely enable employees to return to work. The Presidents of the Employment Tribunals have also made a number of changes to the tribunal and appeal systems to deal with the challenges brought about by COVID-19.	
Ukraine	State of emergency and limited curfew Emergency situation until 24 April. Limited curfew (work from home to extent possible, leave home for basic needs) which is not strictly enforced.	 The following businesses(without restriction on area) can be opened subject to compliance with individual protection and sanitary/ epidemiologic requirements: Stores selling: food, fuel, hygiene products, medicines, medical products, veterinary products, animal feed, pesticides and 	Gatherings involving more than 10 individuals are prohibited. Shopping, entertaining, fitness, sport (including outdoor sport facilities if so decided by municipalities), cultural, religious, household services venues are closed. No specific requirement to close hotels, but these are	Quarantine may be considered as force majeure. No specific laws on lease or benefits for tenants, except for release from land lease payments in March and April for municipal and state lands used for business activities.	Upon employee consent, for entire period of quarantine an employee may be granted unpaid vacation or agree to work from home. No state aid to employers.	Release fi land tax in

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e from property tax and x in March and April.	Use of public transport is prohibited save for employees of permitted business and other minor exceptions.

Country	Status – Has any special status	Which retail units are	Which retail units are	Leases Have special laws related	Employment Packages	Tax Rebates	Selected other COVID-19- related legislation
	been introduced?	Open	Closed	to COVID-19 been implemented	. uonugoo		relevant for retail business
		 agrochemicals, seeds and planting material, communication appliances; Cafes, bars, restaurants etc. if selling take away food; Banks, insurance companies, medical and veterinary services, gas stations, transport service and repair stations, computer repair services, household appliances/items repair services, postal services. 	mostly closed for lack of clients.				
USA	A national State of Emergency, beginning March 1, 2020, was declared on March 13, 2020 related to the COVID-19 pandemic. All 50 states also declared states of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Stay-at-home orders were issued by local and state governments as a measure to prevent the spread of the virus. As of May 20, 2020, all states but Illinois and New Jersey have begun reducing the stay- at-home measures. Although President Trump has unveiled <u>Guidelines</u> for "Opening Up America Again," reopening in the US is being done at the state-level. Please see the <u>US COVID-19 50-</u> <u>State Tracker</u> for state-specific and additional local information.	States generally determine which businesses are allowed to remain open during the COVID-19 pandemic. Although US businesses generally were reopening under restrictions, because of spikes in COVID-19 cases across the country, many states are either slowing down reopening plans or even putting restrictions back in place. Please see the <u>US COVID-19</u> <u>50-State Tracker</u> for state- specific and additional local information.	States generally determine which business must remain closed during the COVID-19 pandemic. Please see the <u>US COVID-19</u> <u>50-State Tracker</u> for state- specific and additional local information.	To date, there is no special rent abatement relief on a federal or state level for commercial tenants who have been negatively impacted by COVID-19. Some states, however, have implemented a moratorium on loan payments, evictions and/or foreclosures. Please see the <u>US COVID-19</u> <u>50-State Tracker</u> for state- specific and additional local information.	On March 18, 2020, President Trump signed into law the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), which provided additional flexibility for state unemployment insurance agencies and additional administrative funding to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law on March 27. It expands states' ability to provide unemployment insurance for many workers impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, including for workers who are not ordinarily eligible for unemployment benefits. For additional information, please see <u>The CARES Act:</u> <u>Retirement and Other Employee Benefit Plan Changes.</u>	The CARES Act includes several tax provisions to address the economic hardships caused by the spread of the coronavirus. One such targeted provision is a refundable payroll tax credit to encourage companies adversely impacted by measures taken to stop the spread of the coronavirus to keep their employees on their payroll, even if revenues have ceased or dropped precipitously. For additional information, please see <u>COVID-19 tax</u> relief: Employee retention tax credit and the <u>COVID-19</u> <u>Global Tax Tracker</u> .	 On Friday, March 27, 2020, the CARES Act, a US \$2.2 trillion stimulus package, was passed. It establishes multiple different loan and financial assistance programs for a variety of businesses, including the Small Business Associations' ("SBA") Paycheck Protection Program loans (for small businesses with less than 500 employees), the Economic Injury Disaster Loans (for small businesses with less than 500 employees, sole proprietors, independent contractors and nonprofits), and the Mid-Sized Business loan program. For more information on the CARES Act, please see CARES Act Signed: US\$350 Billion for Small Business to Flow. On April 24, 2020, President Trump signed into law the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act. Significantly, the Act provides additional funding for the SBA's Paycheck Protection Program. The Paycheck Protection Program.

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	designed to provide a direct incentive for small businesses to keep their workers on the payroll. SBA will forgive loans if all employees are kept on the payroll for eight weeks and the money is used for payroll, rent, mortgage interest or utilities.
	The Economic Injury Disaster Loan Program will provide up to \$10,000 of economic relief to businesses that are currently experiencing temporary difficulties.
	Please see the <u>US COVID-19</u> <u>50-State Tracker</u> for state- specific and additional local information.